

COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PO BOX 167 HAMMONTON, NJ 08330

# **Certificate of Mold Analysis**

Prepared for: COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL

Phone Number:

Fax Number:

Project Name: PULC MIDDLE SCHOOL CLEARANCE

Test Location:

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Report Number: 1365566

Received Date: September 18, 2020

Report Date: September 18, 2020

Diana Sauri, Laboratory Director or other approved signatory

Currently there are no Federal regulations for evaluating potential health effects of fungal contamination and remediation. This information is subject to change as more information regarding fungal contaminants available. For more information visit http://www.epa.gov/mold www.nyc.gov/html/doh/html/epi/mold.shtml. This document was designed to follow currently known industry guidelines for the interpretation of microbial sampling, analysis, and remediation. Since interpretation of mold analysis reports is a scientific work in progress, it may as such be changed at any time without notice. The client is solely responsible for the use or interpretation. PRO-LAB/SSPTM Inc. makes no express or implied warranties as to health of a property from only the samples sent to their laboratory for analysis. The Client is hereby notified that due to the subjective nature of fungal analysis and the mold growth process, laboratory samples can and do change over time relative to the originally sampled material. PRO-LAB/SSPTM Inc. reserves the right to properly dispose of all samples after the testing of such samples are sufficiently completed or after a 7 day period, whichever is greater.



Lab ID # 163230

For more information please contact PRO-LAB at (954) 384-4446 or email info@prolabinc.com



Prepared for: COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL Test Address: PULC MIDDLE SCHOOL CLEARANCE

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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination		6110 Ai	6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			
LOCATION	AMBIENT		A101			B103			A107				
COC / LINE #		1365566 - 1			1365566 - 2			1365566 - 3			1365566 - 4		
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	OL	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L			PRO-10 - 75.00L			
SERIAL NUMBER		049998T			050027T			079855T		069905T			
COLLECTION DATE	;	Sep 17, 202	0	Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020			
ANALYSIS DATE	:	Sep 18, 202	0	Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			
CONCLUSION		CONTROL		NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			
IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	
Cladosporium	20	270	50										
Other Ascospores	8	110	20	4	53	25	4	53	25	8	110	51	
Other Basidiospores	12	160	30	4	53	25	4	53	25	4	53	25	
Penicillium/Aspergillus				8	110	51	8	110	51	4	53	25	
TOTAL SPORES	40	540	100	16	216	100	16	216	100	16	216	100	
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53		
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light		Light			Light			Light				
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS													

Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the incide sample(s)

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ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: Chaetomium, Fusarium, Memnoniella, Stachybotrys, Scopulariopsis, Ulocladium.

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UNUSUAL means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/flurid identified in the analyzed sample.

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Prepared for: COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL Test Address: PULC MIDDLE SCHOOL CLEARANCE

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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination		6110 Ai	6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			r Direct Exa	mination		
LOCATION	B101			A102			A103			C106			
COC / LINE #		1365566 - 5	5		1365566 - 6			1365566 - 7			1365566 - 8		
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	OL	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	OL	PI	PRO-10 - 75.00L			PRO-10 - 75.00L		
SERIAL NUMBER		079894T			050018T			079898T		059955T			
COLLECTION DATE	;	Sep 17, 202	0	Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020			
ANALYSIS DATE	:	Sep 18, 202	0	Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED		NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED				
IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	
Cladosporium													
Other Ascospores	8	110	40	12	160	43	4	53	33				
Other Basidiospores	4	53	19	4	53	14	4	53	33				
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	40	12	160	43	4	53	33	8	110	100	
TOTAL SPORES	20	273	100	28	373	100	12	159	100	8	110	100	
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53		
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light		Light			Light			Light				
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS													

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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination		6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination				
LOCATION	C108		A202			A208			COACH'S OFFICE				
COC / LINE #		1365566 - 9	)		1365566 - 10			1365566 - 11			1365566 - 12		
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	OL	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	OL	PRO-10 - 75.00L			PRO-10 - 75.00L			
SERIAL NUMBER		059957T			059999T			049982T		049992T			
COLLECTION DATE	;	Sep 17, 202	0	Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020			
ANALYSIS DATE	:	Sep 18, 202	0	Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED		NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED				
IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	
Cladosporium													
Other Ascospores	8	110	50	4	53	19	12	160	50	4	53	33	
Other Basidiospores				8	110	40	4	53	16				
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	50	8	110	40	8	110	34	8	110	67	
TOTAL SPORES	16	220	100	20	273	100	24	323	100	12	163	100	
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53		
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light		Light			Light			Light				
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS													

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ANALYSIS METHOD	C110 Air Direct Examination		6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			
ANALTSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination		or to Air Direct Examination									
LOCATION		B204		A203		C107		B210				
COC / LINE #		1365566 - 1	3		1365566 - 14		1365566 - 15			1365566 - 16		
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	00L	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	OL	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	0L	PRO-10 - 75.00L		
SERIAL NUMBER		050050T			059969T			079897T		059984T		
COLLECTION DATE	9	Sep 17, 202	0	Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020			Sep 17, 2020		
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 18, 2020		Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			Sep 18, 2020			
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED		NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			
IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total
Cladosporium												
Other Ascospores	4	53	33	4	53	16	8	110	67	4	53	33
Other Basidiospores				12	160	50						
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	67	8	110	34	4	53	33	8	110	67
TOTAL SPORES	12	163	100	24	323	100	12	163	100	12	163	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light		Light			Light			Light			
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												

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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination		INTENTIONALLY BLANK			INTENTIONALLY BLANK			INTENTIONALLY BLANK			
LOCATION	B209											
COC / LINE #	,	1365566 - 1	7									
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PF	RO-10 - 75.0	0L									
SERIAL NUMBER		059946T										
COLLECTION DATE	Ş	Sep 17, 202	0									
ANALYSIS DATE	Ş	Sep 18, 202	0									
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED											
IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m <sup>3</sup>	Percent of Total
Cladosporium												
Other Ascospores	4	53	25									
Other Basidiospores	4	53	25									
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	51									
TOTAL SPORES	16	216	100									
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT	4	53										
BACKGROUND DEBRIS		Light										
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												

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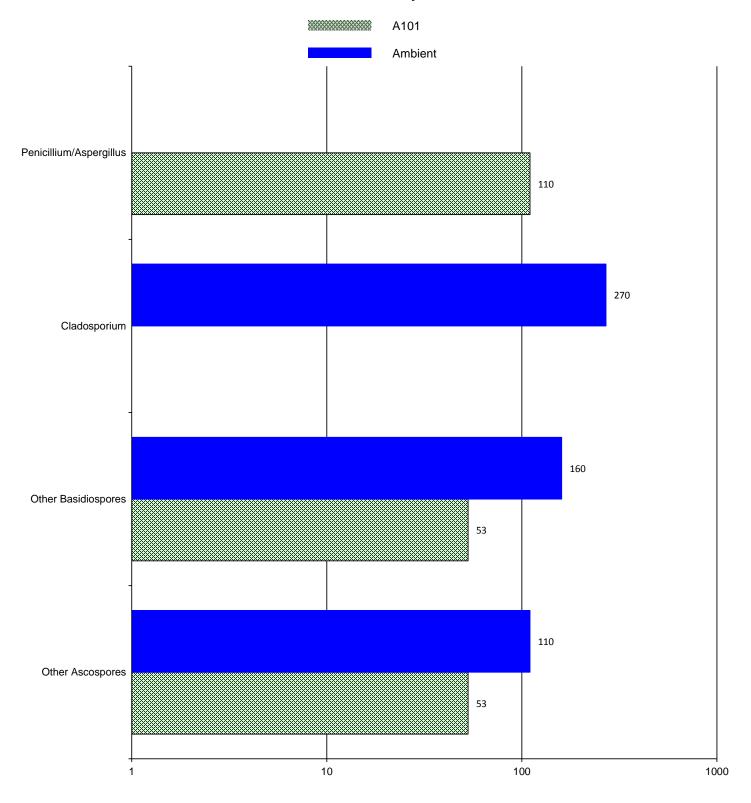
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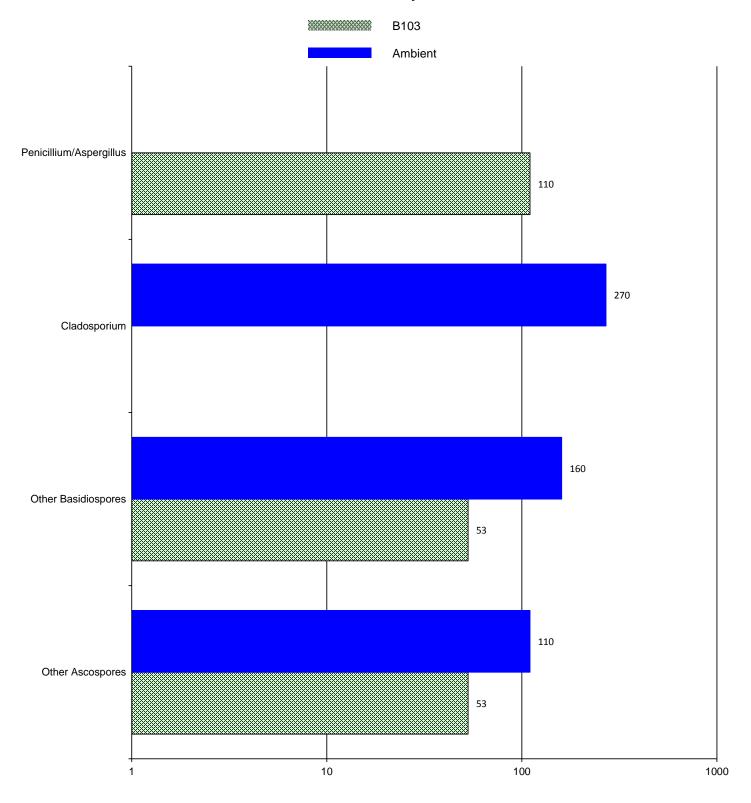


Spores per cubic meter







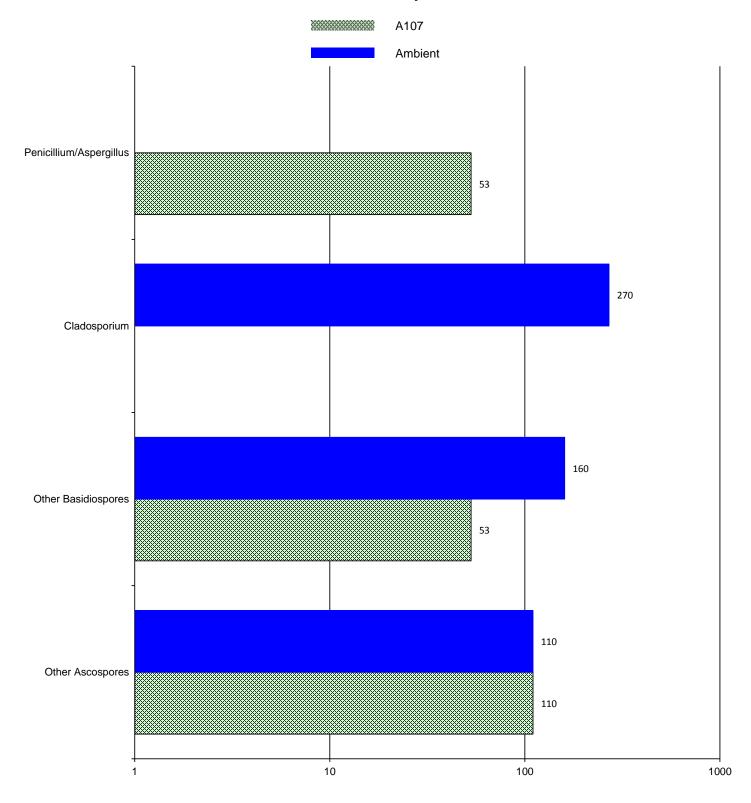


Spores per cubic meter







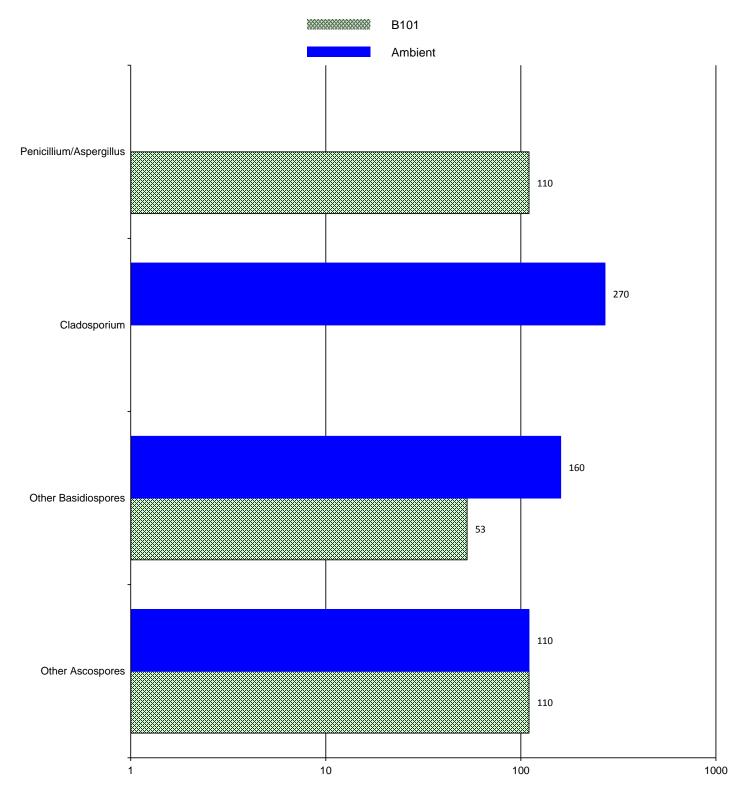


Spores per cubic meter







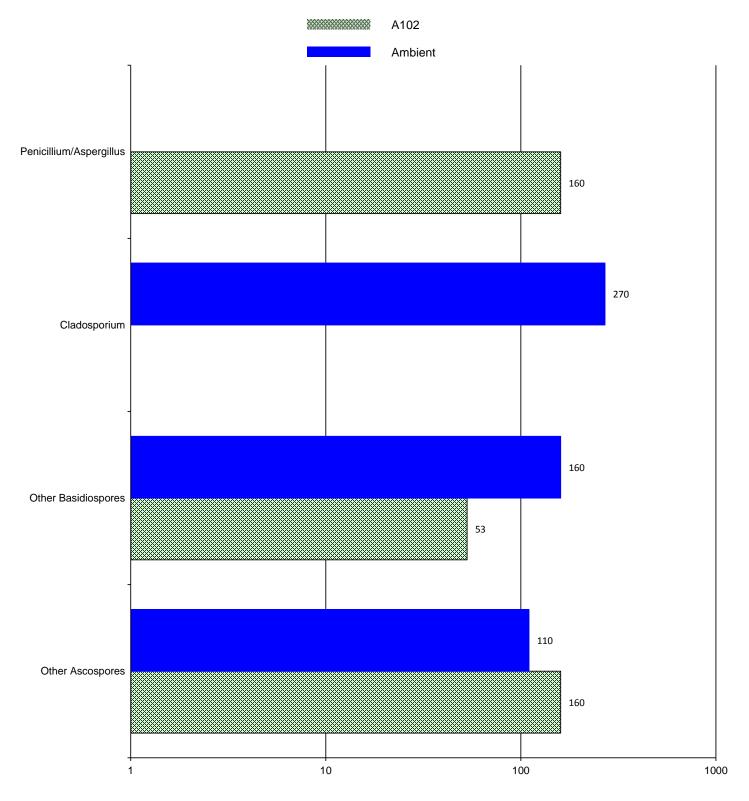


Spores per cubic meter







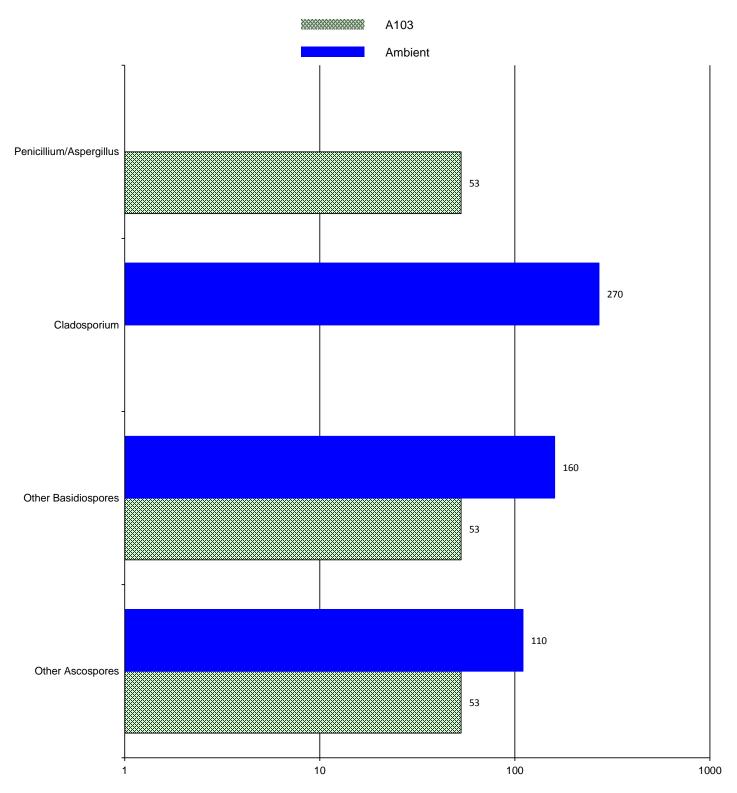


Spores per cubic meter







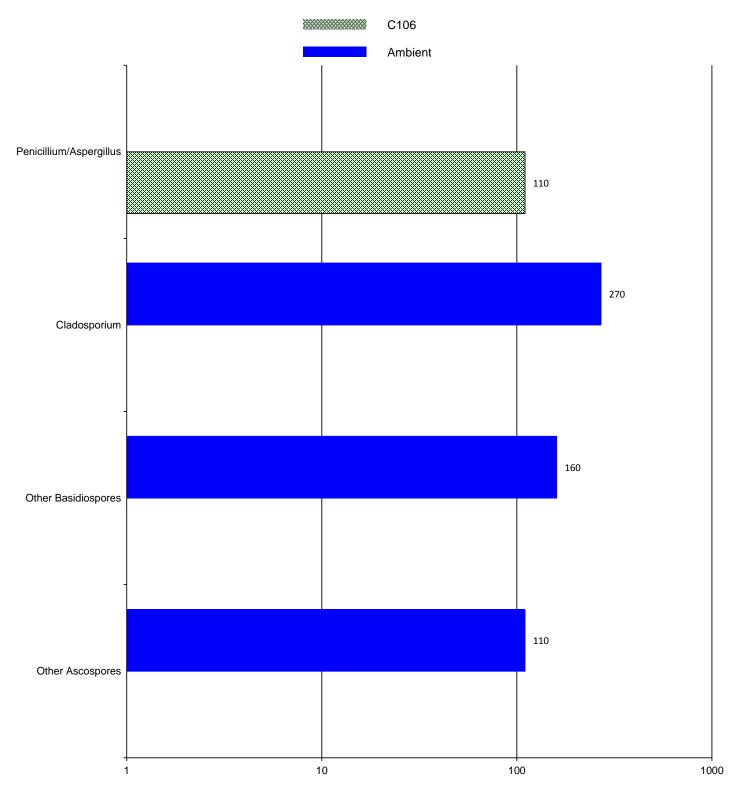


Spores per cubic meter







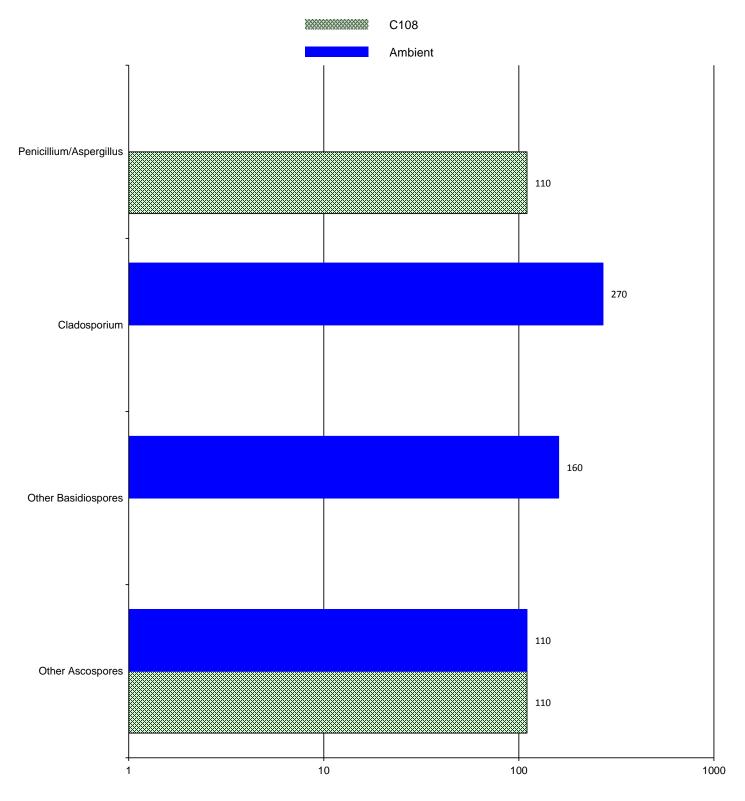


Spores per cubic meter







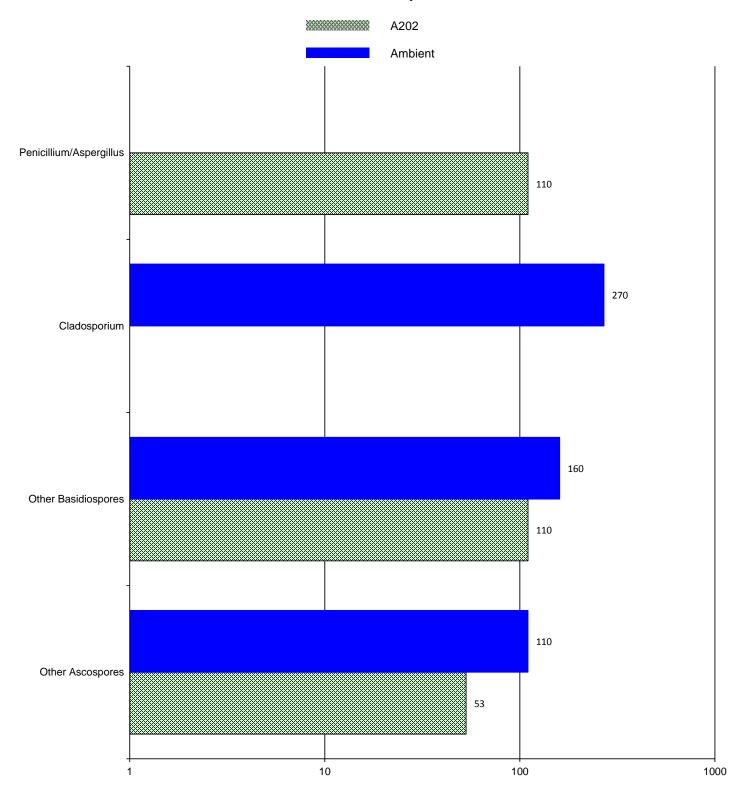


Spores per cubic meter







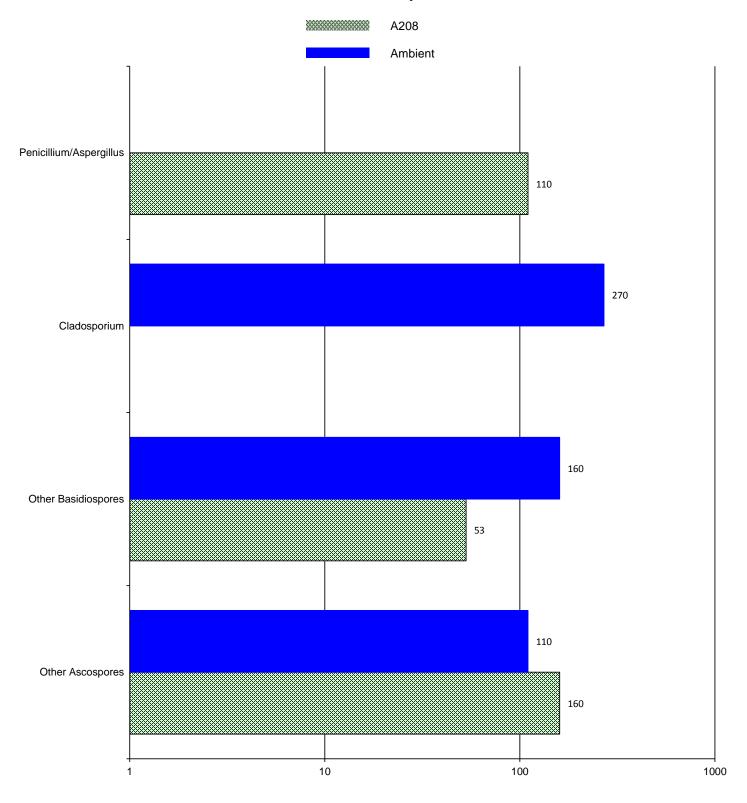


Spores per cubic meter







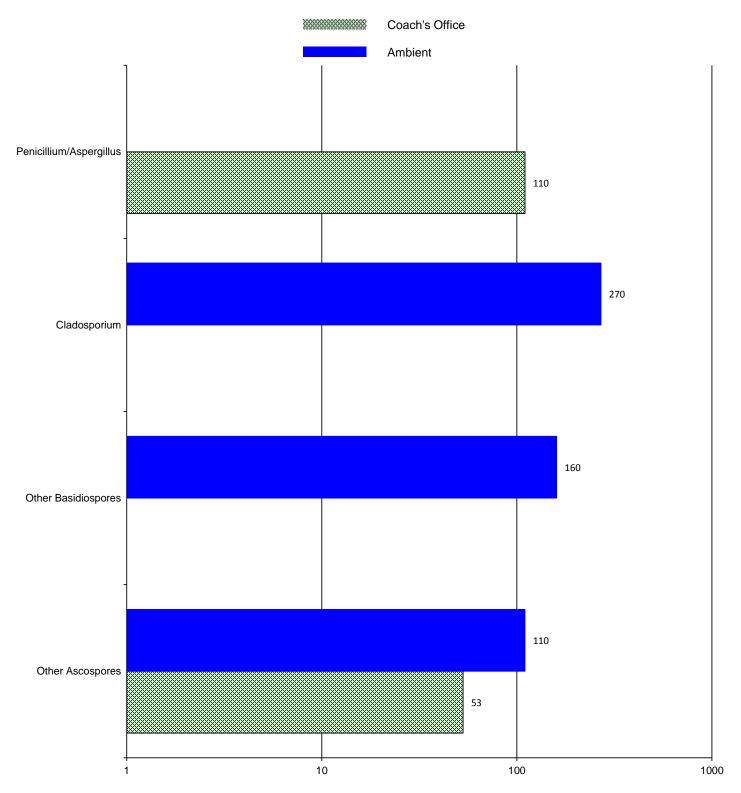


Spores per cubic meter







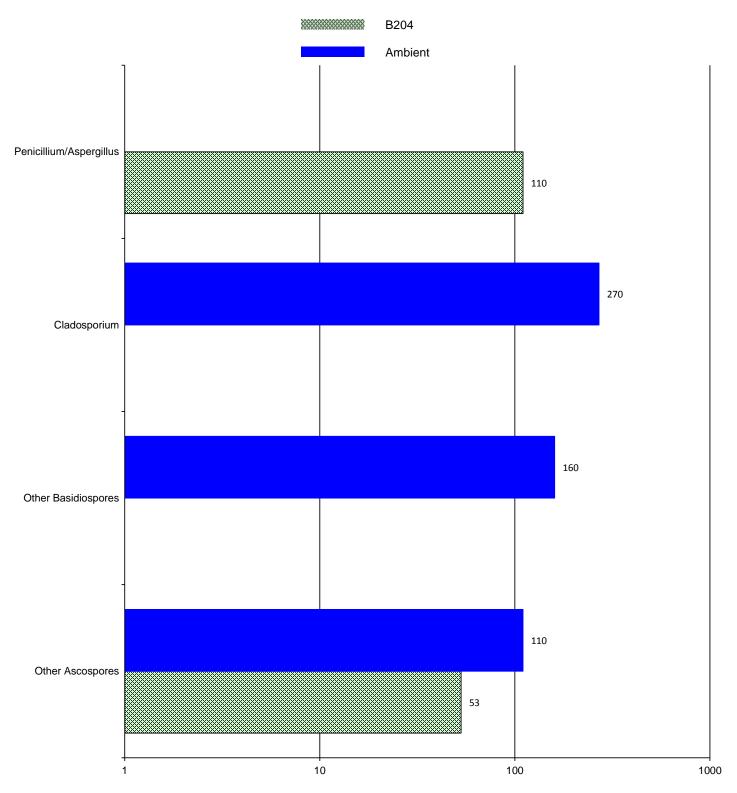


Spores per cubic meter







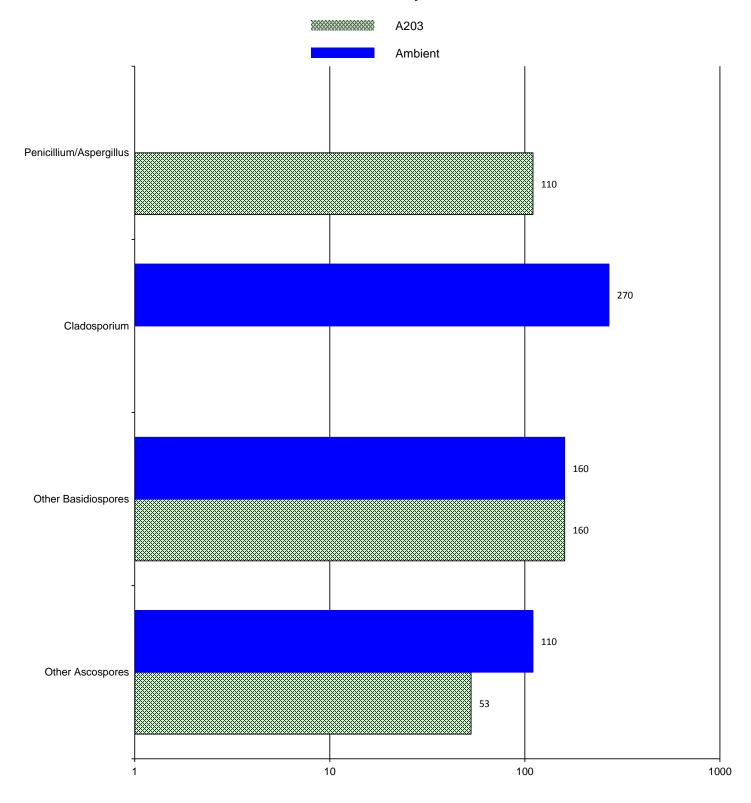


Spores per cubic meter







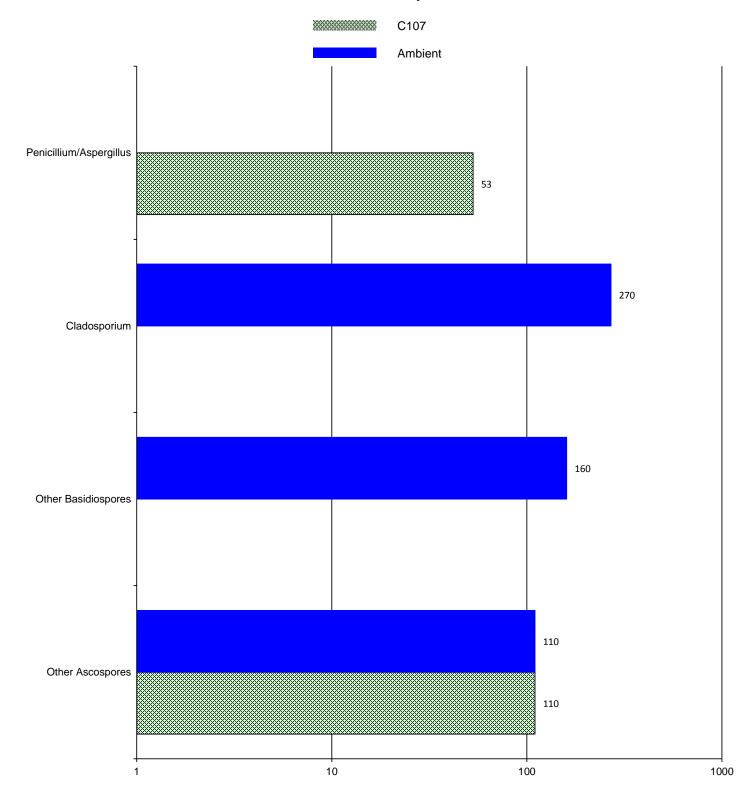


Spores per cubic meter







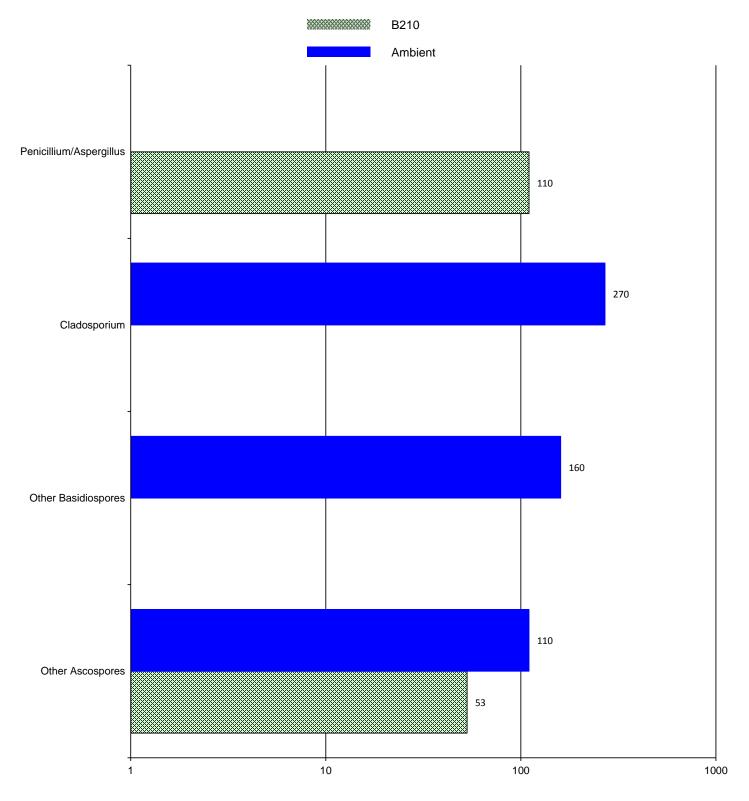


Spores per cubic meter







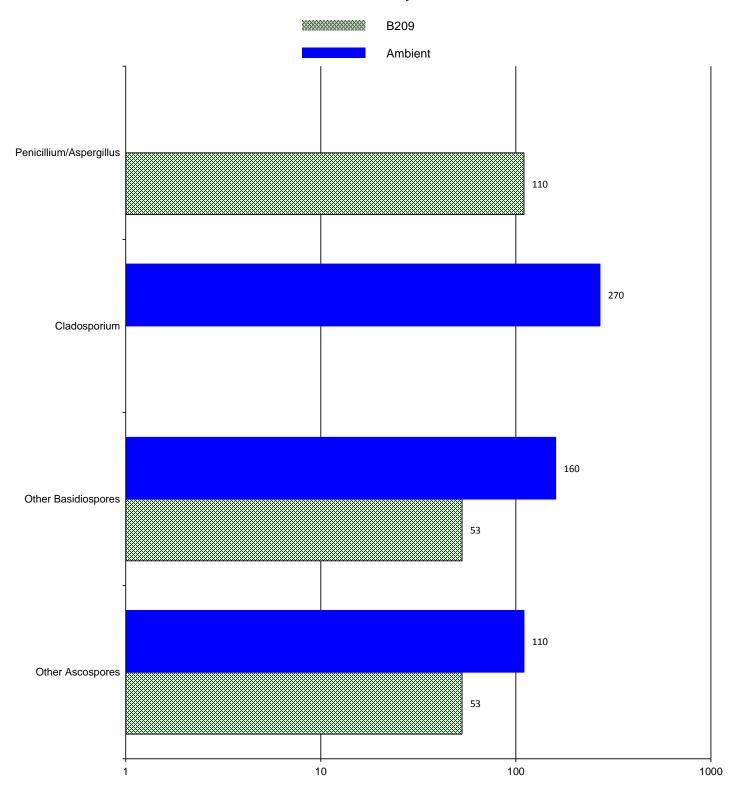


Spores per cubic meter









Spores per cubic meter



Identification	Outdoor Habitat	Indoor Habitat	Possible Allergic Potential  Not an opinion or interpretation	Comments
Cladosporium	The most common spore type reported in the air worldwide. Found on dead and dying plant litter, and soil.	Commonly found on wood and wallboard. Commonly grows on window sills, textiles and foods.	Type I (hay fever and asthma), Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis) allergies.	A very common and important allergen source both outdoors and indoors.
Ascospores	Common everywhere. Constitutes a large part of the airspora outside. Can reach very high numbers in the air outside during the spring and summer. Can increase in numbers during and after rainfalls.	Very few of this group grow inside. The notable exception is Chaetomium, Ascotricha and Peziza.	Little known for most of this group of fungi. Dependent on the type (see Chaetomium and Ascotricha).	
Basidiospores	Commonly found everywhere, especially in the late summer and fall. These spores are from Mushrooms.	Mushrooms are not normally found growing indoors, but can grow on wet lumber, especially in crawlspaces. Sometimes mushrooms can be seen growing in flower pots indoors.	Some allergenicity reported. Type I (hay fever, asthma) and Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis).	Among the group of Mushrooms (Basidiomycetes) are dry rot fungi Serpula and Poria that are particularly destructive to buildings.
Penicillium/Aspergillus	Common everywhere. Normally found in the air in small amounts in outdoor air. Grows on nearly everything.	Wetted wallboard, wood, food, leather, etc. Able to grow on many substrates indoors.	Type I (hay fever and asthma) allergies and Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis) allergies.	This is a combination group of Penicillium and Aspergillus and is used when only the spores are seen. The spores are so similar that they cannot be reliably separated into their respective genera.