

COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL
PO BOX 167
HAMMONTON, NJ 08330

Certificate of Mold Analysis

Prepared for: COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL
Phone Number:
Fax Number:
Project Name: PLEASANTVILLE HS
Test Location: 701 MILL RD
PLEASANTVILLE, NJ 08232
Report Number: 1367137
Received Date: September 23, 2020
Report Date: September 23, 2020



Diana Sauri, Laboratory Director or other approved signatory

Currently there are no Federal regulations for evaluating potential health effects of fungal contamination and remediation. This information is subject to change as more information regarding fungal contaminants becomes available. For more information visit <http://www.epa.gov/mold> or www.nyc.gov/html/doh/html/epi/mold.shtml. This document was designed to follow currently known industry guidelines for the interpretation of microbial sampling, analysis, and remediation. Since interpretation of mold analysis reports is a scientific work in progress, it may as such be changed at any time without notice. The client is solely responsible for the use or interpretation. PRO-LAB/SSPTM Inc. makes no express or implied warranties as to health of a property from only the samples sent to their laboratory for analysis. The Client is hereby notified that due to the subjective nature of fungal analysis and the mold growth process, laboratory samples can and do change over time relative to the originally sampled material. PRO-LAB/SSPTM Inc. reserves the right to properly dispose of all samples after the testing of such samples are sufficiently completed or after a 7 day period, whichever is greater.



For more information please contact PRO-LAB at (954) 384-4446 or email info@prolabinc.com

Prepared for : COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL

Test Address : PLEASANTVILLE HS
701 MILL RD
PLEASANTVILLE, NJ 08232

ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	AMBIENT	A101	A102	A103
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 1	1367137 - 2	1367137 - 3	1367137 - 4
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	232657T	212761T	232658T	232665T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	CONTROL	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	4	53	25	8	110	34	8	110	50	12	160	50
Other Basidiospores	12	160	75	4	53	16				4	53	16
Penicillium/Aspergillus				12	160	50	8	110	50	8	110	34
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	16	213	100	24	323	100	16	220	100	24	323	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light	Light	Light	Light
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS				
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Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

* Minimum Detection Limit. Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. NA = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

NOT ELEVATED means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

NORMAL means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.

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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	A104	A105B CHILDCARE	A106	A107
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 5	1367137 - 6	1367137 - 7	1367137 - 8
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	222711T	242614T	242613T	222718T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores				8	110	67	4	53	33			
Other Basidiospores										8	110	100
Penicillium/Aspergillus	12	160	100	4	53	33	8	110	67			
Smuts, myxomycetes												
TOTAL SPORES	12	160	100	12	163	100	12	163	100	8	110	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light			Light			Light			Light		
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												

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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	A108	A109	A110	A112
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 9	1367137 - 10	1367137 - 11	1367137 - 12
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	232662T	222708T	222716T	212764T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	12	160	50	4	53	33	8	110	41	8	110	51
Other Basidiospores	4	53	16							4	53	25
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	34	8	110	67	12	160	59	4	53	25
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	24	323	100	12	163	100	20	270	100	16	216	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light			Light			Light			Light		
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												
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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	A204	B101	B103	B105
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 13	1367137 - 14	1367137 - 15	1367137 - 16
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	242606T	232661T	232656T	242610T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	12	160	50	4	53	25	4	53	25	8	110	50
Other Basidiospores							4	53	25			
Penicillium/Aspergillus	12	160	50	12	160	75	8	110	51	8	110	50
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	24	320	100	16	213	100	16	216	100	16	220	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light	Light	Light	Light
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS				
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Test Address : PLEASANTVILLE HS
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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	B107	B111	B202	C101
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 17	1367137 - 18	1367137 - 19	1367137 - 20
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	222712T	242617T	222707T	232667T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	8	110	41	4	53	50				4	53	19
Other Basidiospores										8	110	40
Penicillium/Aspergillus	12	160	59	4	53	50	8	110	100	8	110	40
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	20	270	100	8	106	100	8	110	100	20	273	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light			Light			Light			Light		
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												
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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination			6110 Air Direct Examination		
LOCATION	C102			C105			C109			C112		
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 21			1367137 - 22			1367137 - 23			1367137 - 24		
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L			PRO-10 - 75.00L			PRO-10 - 75.00L			PRO-10 - 75.00L		
SERIAL NUMBER	212763T			222713T			212756T			232660T		
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020			Sep 21, 2020			Sep 21, 2020			Sep 21, 2020		
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020			Sep 23, 2020			Sep 23, 2020			Sep 23, 2020		
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED			NOT ELEVATED		
IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	8	110	41	8	110	51	4	53	16	8	110	50
Other Basidiospores				4	53	25						
Penicillium/Aspergillus	12	160	59	4	53	25	20	270	84	8	110	50
Smuts, myxomycetes												
TOTAL SPORES	20	270	100	16	216	100	24	323	100	16	220	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light			Light			Light			Light		
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												

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ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	C204	C208	C209	C211
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 25	1367137 - 26	1367137 - 27	1367137 - 28
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	232659T	222714T	212758T	222715T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	4	53	33	4	53	25	4	53	33	12	160	75
Other Basidiospores	8	110	67	4	53	25				4	53	25
Penicillium/Aspergillus				8	110	51	8	110	67			
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	12	163	100	16	216	100	12	163	100	16	213	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light	Light	Light	Light
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS				
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Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

* Minimum Detection Limit. Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. NA = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

NOT ELEVATED means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

NORMAL means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.

Prepared for : COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL

Test Address : PLEASANTVILLE HS
701 MILL RD
PLEASANTVILLE, NJ 08232

ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	D101	D102	STUDENT SERVICES-A	STUDENT SERVICES-B
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 29	1367137 - 30	1367137 - 31	1367137 - 32
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	222710T	222709T	212768T	232664T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	8	110	50	12	160	59	4	53	20	8	110	40
Other Basidiospores				8	110	41	12	160	60	4	53	19
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	50							8	110	40
Smuts, myxomycetes							4	53	20			
TOTAL SPORES	16	220	100	20	270	100	20	266	100	20	273	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light			Light			Light			Light		
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												

Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

* Minimum Detection Limit. Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. NA = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

NOT ELEVATED means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

NORMAL means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.

Prepared for : COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL

Test Address : PLEASANTVILLE HS
701 MILL RD
PLEASANTVILLE, NJ 08232

ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	STUDENT SERVICES-C	STUDENT SERVICES-D	STUDENT SERVICES-E	STUDENT SERVICES-F
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 33	1367137 - 34	1367137 - 35	1367137 - 36
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	212762T	232666T	232663T	222717T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	8	110	50	12	160	50	8	110	40	8	110	50
Other Basidiospores				4	53	16	4	53	19			
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	50	8	110	34	8	110	40	8	110	50
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	16	220	100	24	323	100	20	273	100	16	220	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light	Light	Light	Light
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS				
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Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

* Minimum Detection Limit. Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. NA = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

NOT ELEVATED means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

NORMAL means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.

Prepared for : COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL

Test Address : PLEASANTVILLE HS
701 MILL RD
PLEASANTVILLE, NJ 08232

ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	JROTC BREAK RM	JROTC OFFICE	TV STUDIO	LIBRARY
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 37	1367137 - 38	1367137 - 39	1367137 - 40
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	212759T	242611T	242615T	222706T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	8	110	40	4	53	33	8	110	50	4	53	25
Other Basidiospores	4	53	19									
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	40	8	110	67	8	110	50	12	160	75
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	20	273	100	12	163	100	16	220	100	16	213	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light	Light	Light	Light
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS				
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Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

* Minimum Detection Limit. Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. NA = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

NOT ELEVATED means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

NORMAL means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.

Prepared for : COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL

Test Address : PLEASANTVILLE HS
701 MILL RD
PLEASANTVILLE, NJ 08232

ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination
LOCATION	DANCE STUDIO	2ND FL FACULTY RM	AUDITORIUM MIDDLE	STAGE
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 41	1367137 - 42	1367137 - 43	1367137 - 44
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L
SERIAL NUMBER	212757T	242608T	242612T	212765T
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	8	110	50	8	110	40	8	110	51	8	110	40
Other Basidiospores				4	53	19	4	53	25	4	53	19
Penicillium/Aspergillus	8	110	50	8	110	40	4	53	25	8	110	40
Smuts, myxomycetes												

TOTAL SPORES	16	220	100	20	273	100	16	216	100	20	273	100
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53		4	53	

BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light	Light	Light	Light
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OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS				
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Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

* Minimum Detection Limit. Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. NA = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

NOT ELEVATED means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

NORMAL means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.

Prepared for : COASTAL ENVIRONMENTAL

Test Address : PLEASANTVILLE HS
701 MILL RD
PLEASANTVILLE, NJ 08232

ANALYSIS METHOD	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	6110 Air Direct Examination	INTENTIONALLY BLANK
LOCATION	NURSE	MUSIC	MAIN OFFICE	
COC / LINE #	1367137 - 45	1367137 - 46	1367137 - 47	
SAMPLE TYPE & VOLUME	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	PRO-10 - 75.00L	
SERIAL NUMBER	212767T	242609T	212766T	
COLLECTION DATE	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	Sep 21, 2020	
ANALYSIS DATE	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	Sep 23, 2020	
CONCLUSION	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	NOT ELEVATED	

IDENTIFICATION	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total	Raw Count	Spores per m ³	Percent of Total
Other Ascospores	8	110	51	4	53	33	8	110	51			
Other Basidiospores	4	53	25				4	53	25			
Penicillium/Aspergillus	4	53	25	8	110	67	4	53	25			
Smuts, myxomycetes												
TOTAL SPORES	16	216	100	12	163	100	16	216	100			
MINIMUM DETECTION LIMIT*	4	53		4	53		4	53				
BACKGROUND DEBRIS	Light			Light			Light					
OBSERVATIONS & COMMENTS												

Background debris qualitatively estimates the amount of particles that are not pollen or spores and directly affects the accuracy of the spore counts. The categories of Light, Moderate, Heavy and Too Heavy for Accurate Count, are used to indicate the amount of deposited debris. Light (None to up to 25% obstruction); Medium (26% to up to 75% obstruction); Heavy (76% to up to 90% obstruction); Too Heavy (Greater than 90% obstruction). Increasing amounts of debris will obscure small spores and can prevent spores from impacting onto the slide. The actual number of spores present in the sample is likely higher than reported if the debris estimate is 'Heavy' or 'Too Heavy for Accurate Count'. All calculations are rounded to two significant figures and therefore, the total percentage of spore numbers may not equal 100%. The effect of the results relate only to the items tested. The methods used in this analysis have been validated and is fit for the intended use. R "version" indicated after the lab ID# indicates a sample with amended data.

* **Minimum Detection Limit.** Based on the volume of air sampled, this is the lowest number of spores that can be detected and is an estimate of the lowest concentration of spores that can be read in the sample. **NA** = Not Applicable.

Spores that were observed from the samples submitted are listed on this report. If a spore is not listed on this report it was not observed in the samples submitted.

Interpretation Guidelines: A determination is added to the report to help users interpret the mold analysis results. A mold report is only one aspect of an indoor air quality investigation. The most important aspect of mold growth in a living space is the availability of water. Without a source of water, mold generally will not become a problem in buildings. These determinations are in no way meant to imply any health outcomes or financial decisions based solely on this report. For questions relating to medical conditions you should consult an occupational or environmental health physician or professional.

CONTROL is a baseline sample showing what the spore count and diversity is at the time of sampling. The control sample(s) is usually collected outside of the structure being tested and used to determine if this sample(s) is similar in diversity and abundance to the inside sample(s).

ELEVATED means that the amount and/or diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample(s), and other samples in our database, are higher than expected. This can indicate that fungi have grown because of a water leak or water intrusion. Fungi that are considered to be indicators of water damage include, but are not limited to: *Chaetomium*, *Fusarium*, *Memnoniella*, *Stachybotrys*, *Scopulariopsis*, *Ulocladium*.

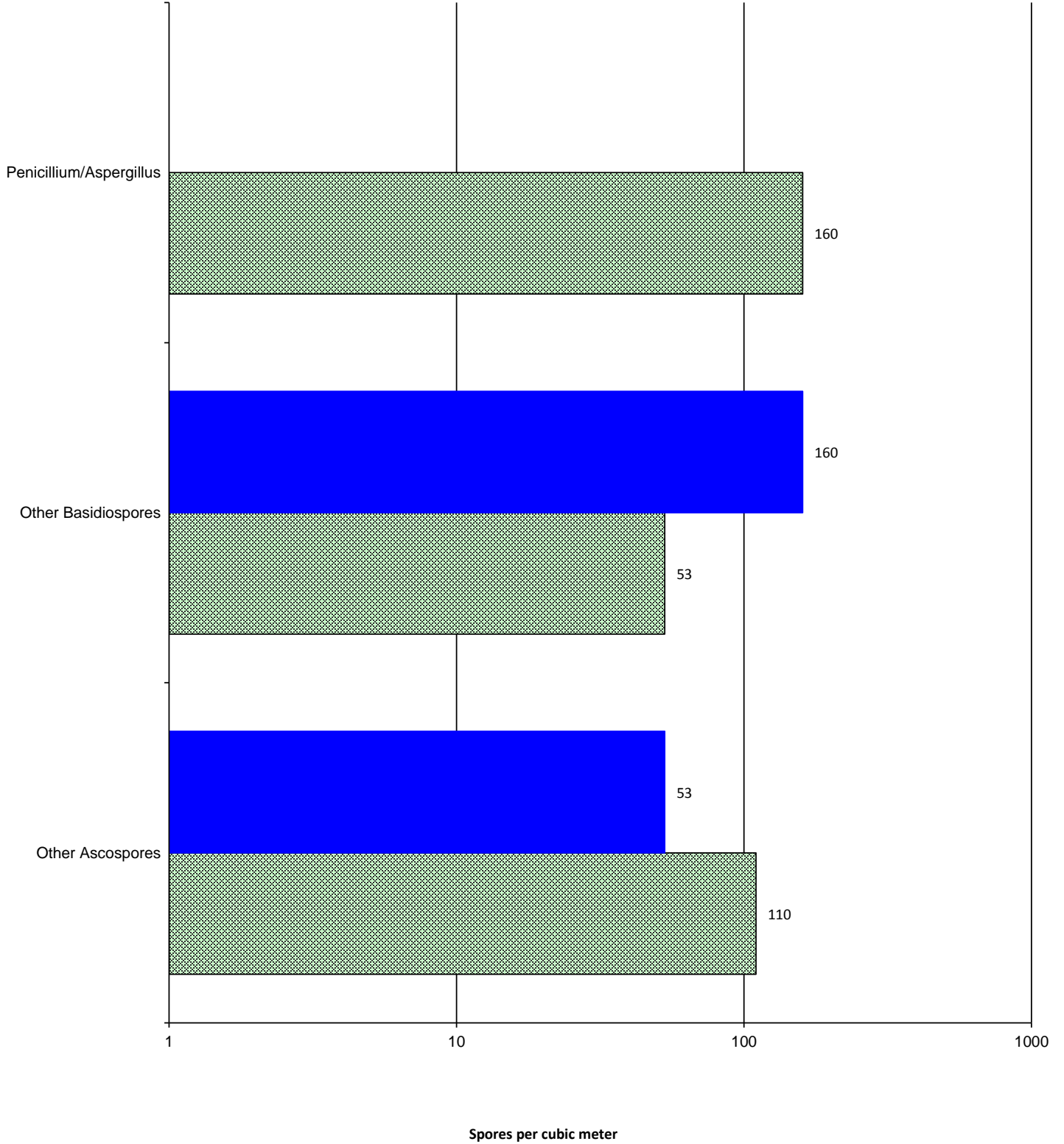
NOT ELEVATED means that the amount and/or the diversity of spores, as compared to the control sample and other samples in our database, are lower than expected and may indicate no problematic fungal growth. **UNUSUAL** means that the presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. An abundance of spores are present, and/or growth structures including hyphae and/or fruiting bodies are present and associated with one or more of the types of mold/fungi identified in the analyzed sample.

NORMAL means that no presence of current or former growth was observed in the analyzed sample. If spores are recorded they are normally what is in the air and have settled on the surface(s) tested.



Chain of Custody # 1367137

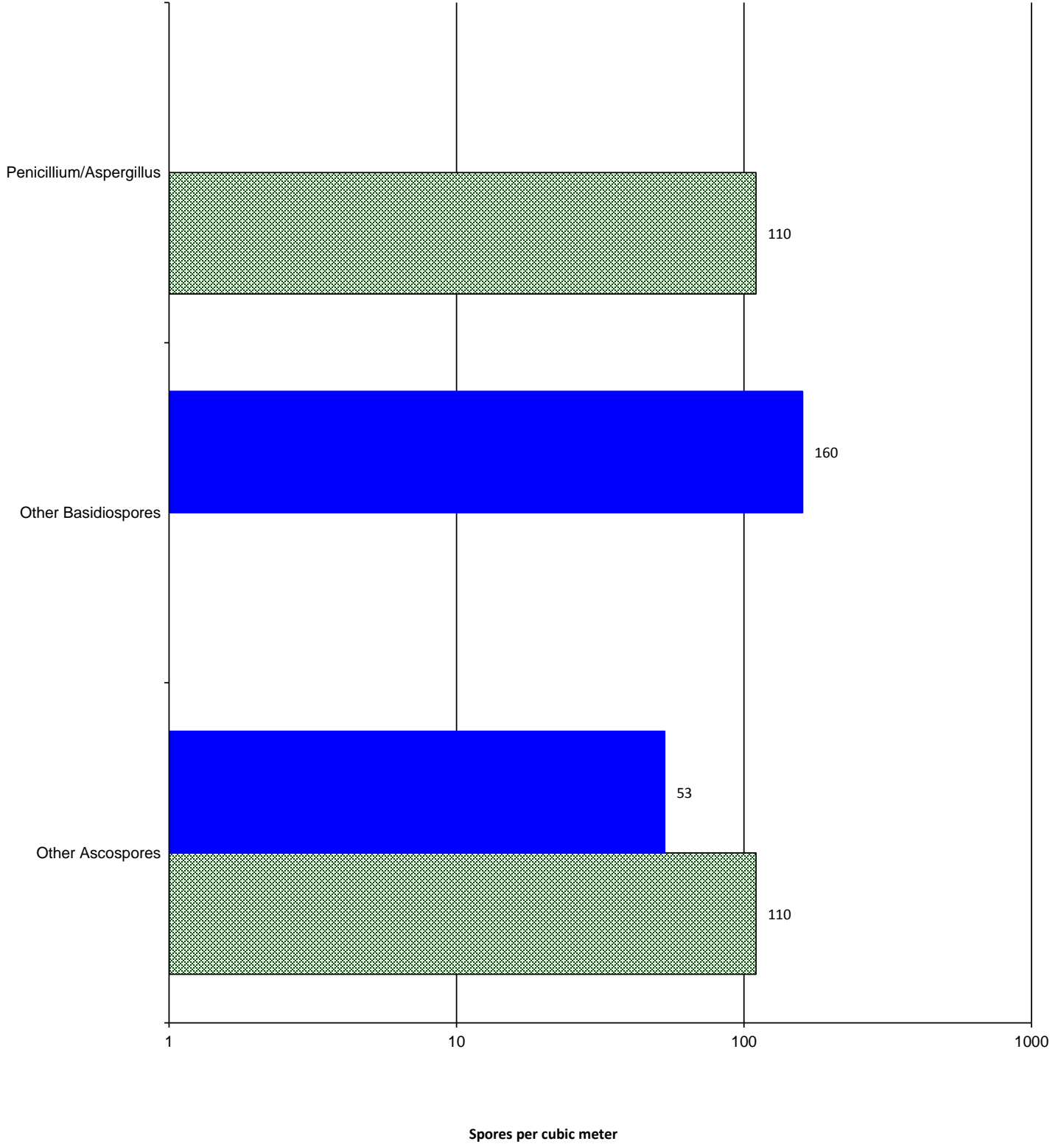
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Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

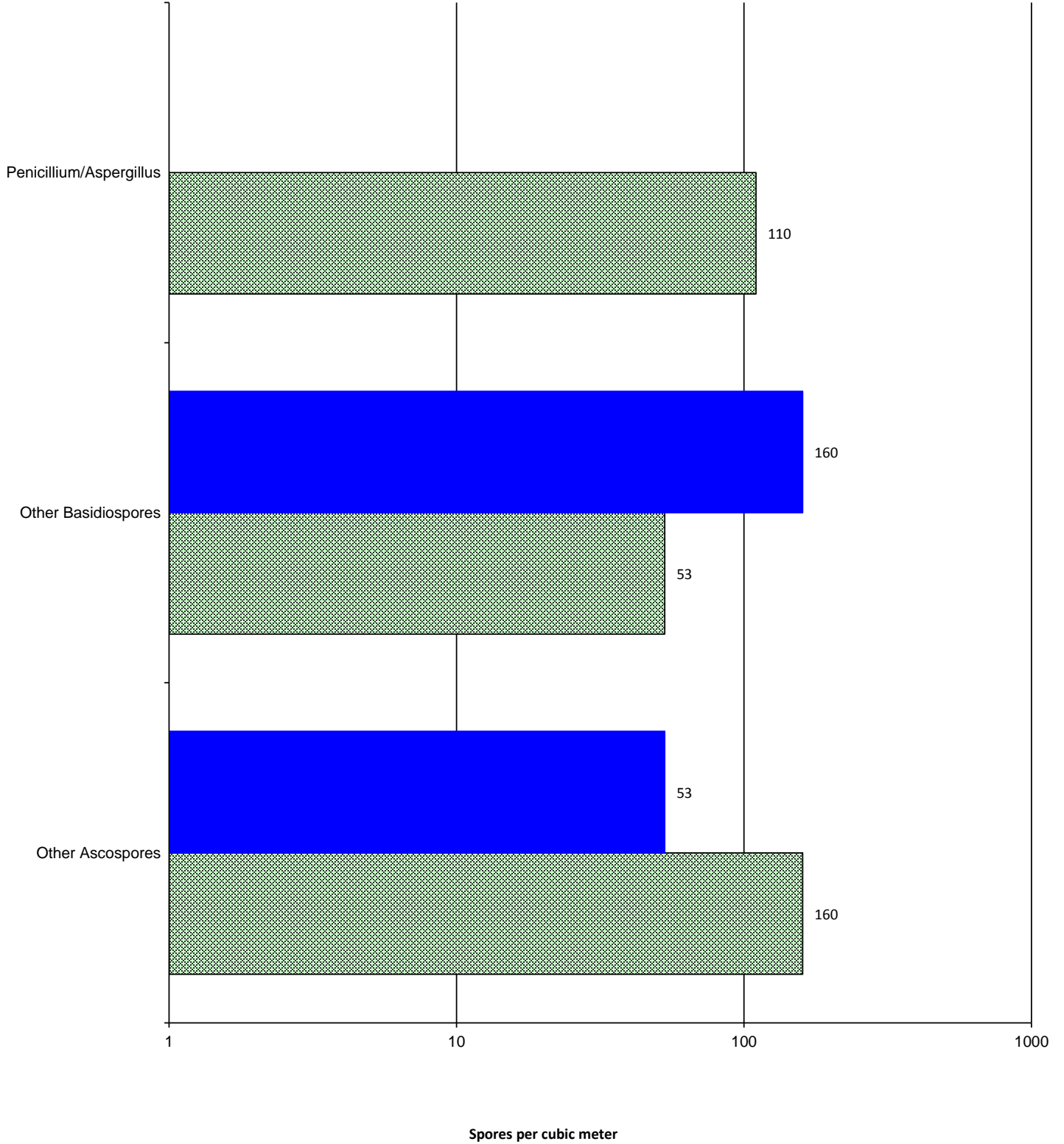
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

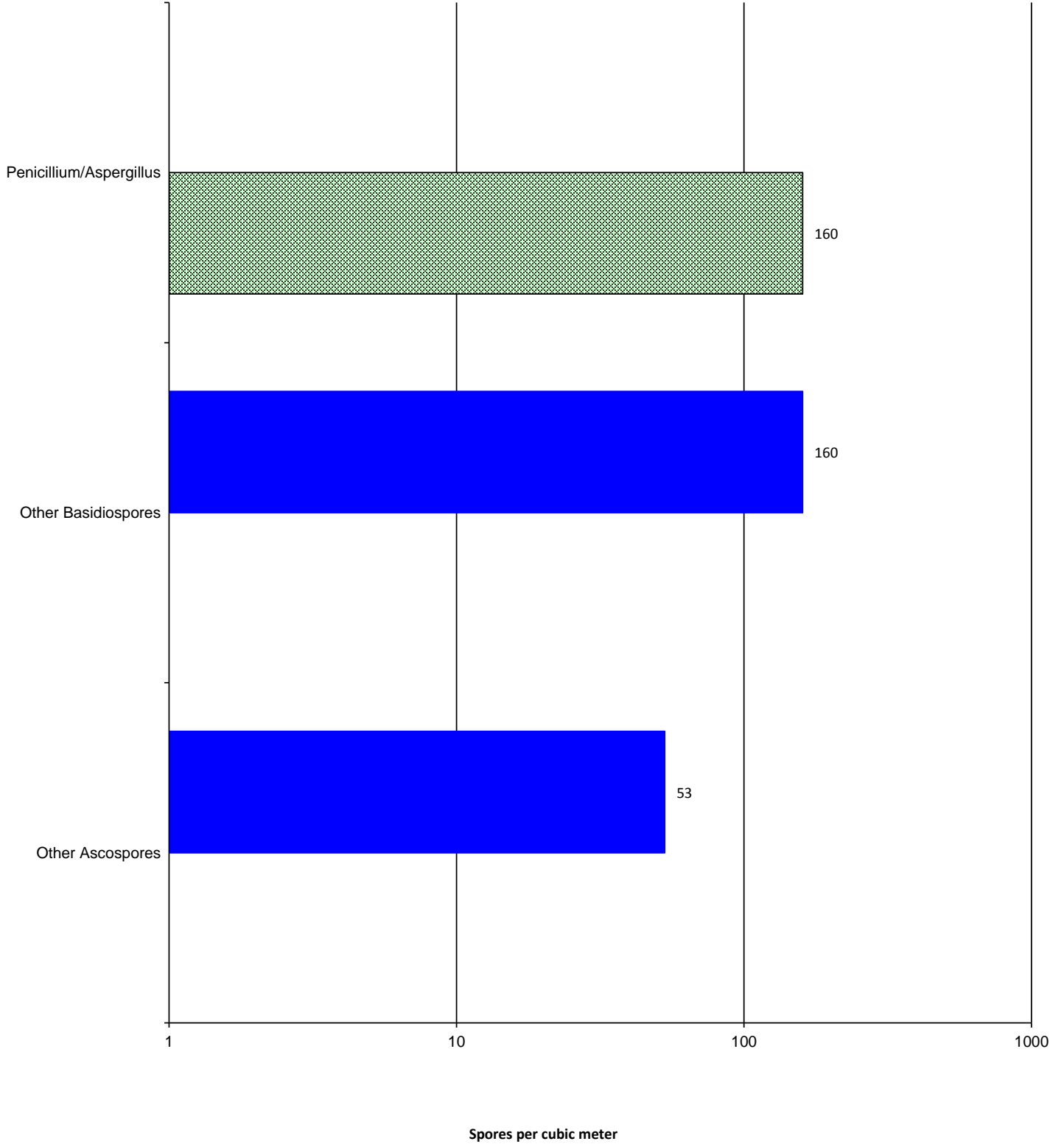
A103
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

A104
Ambient

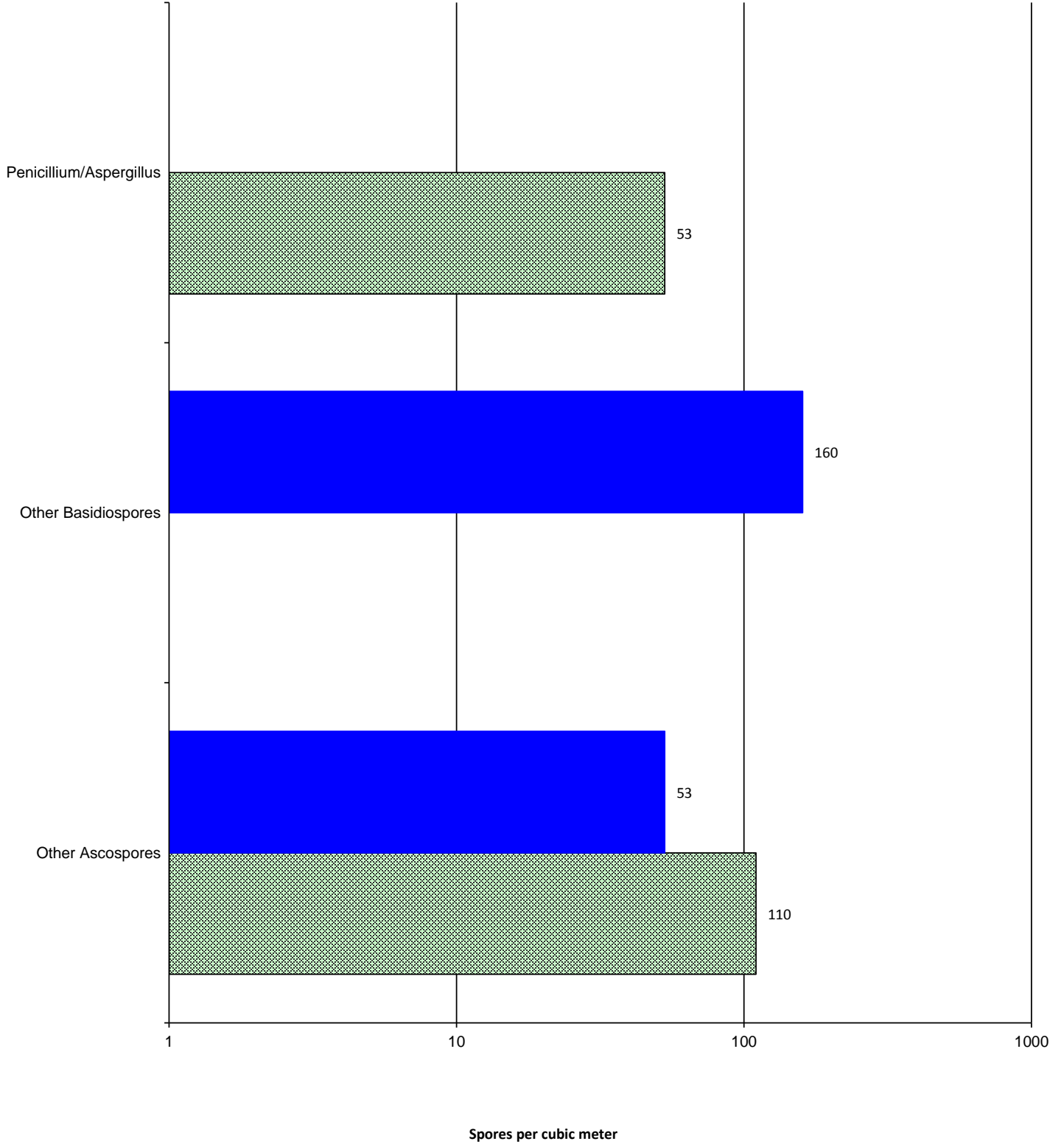




Chain of Custody # 1367137

 A105b Childcare

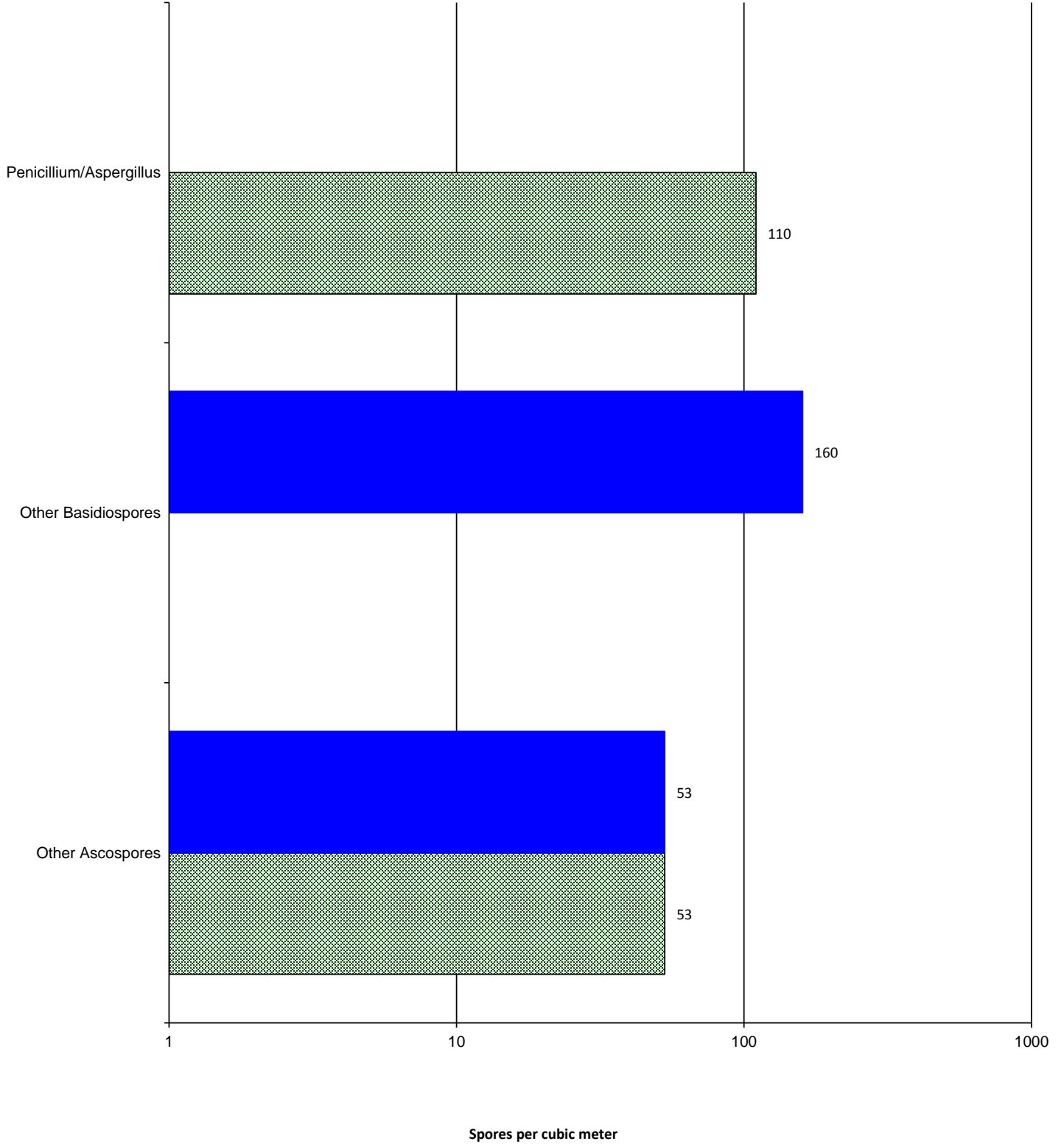
 Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

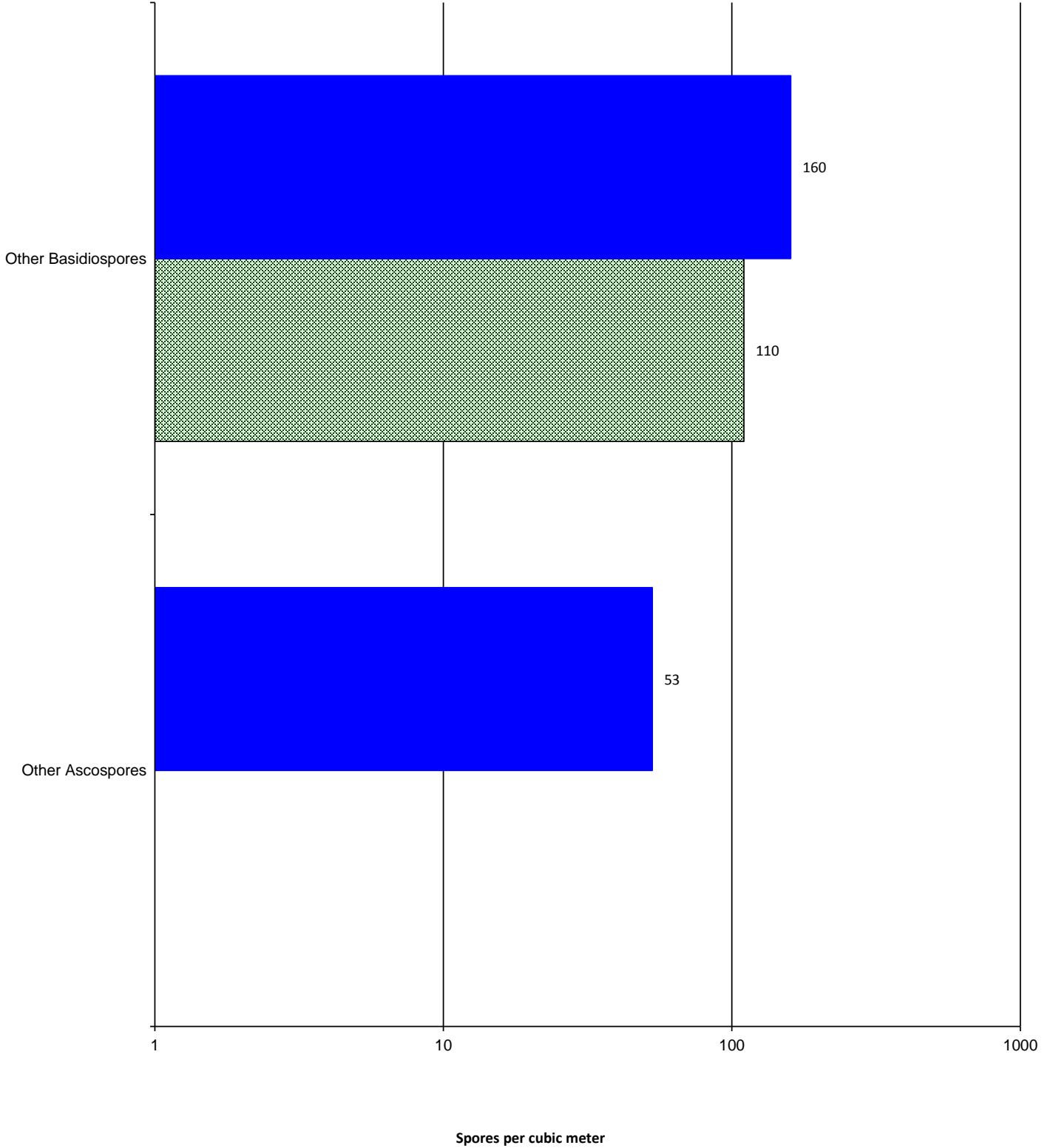
A106
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

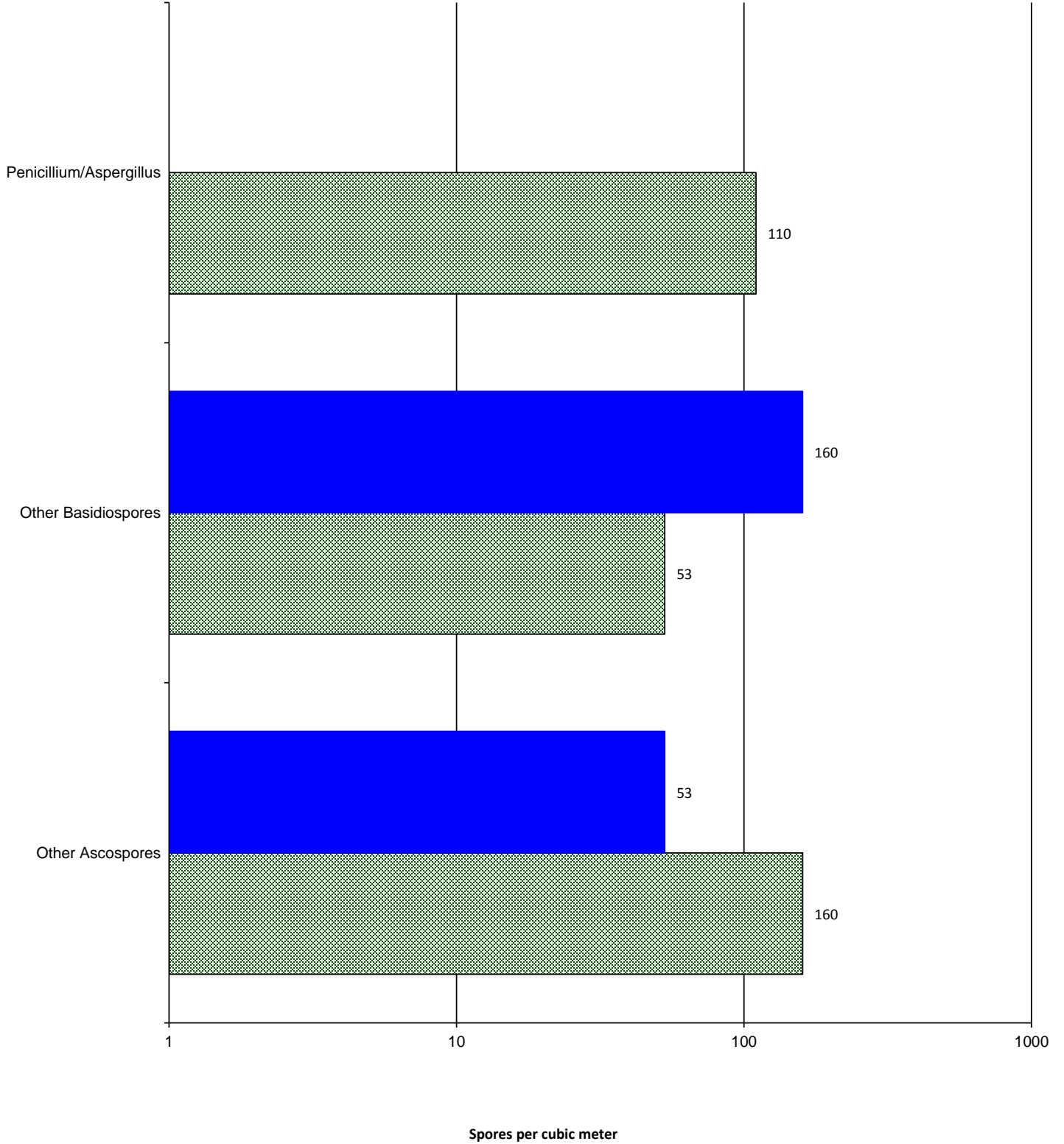
A107
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

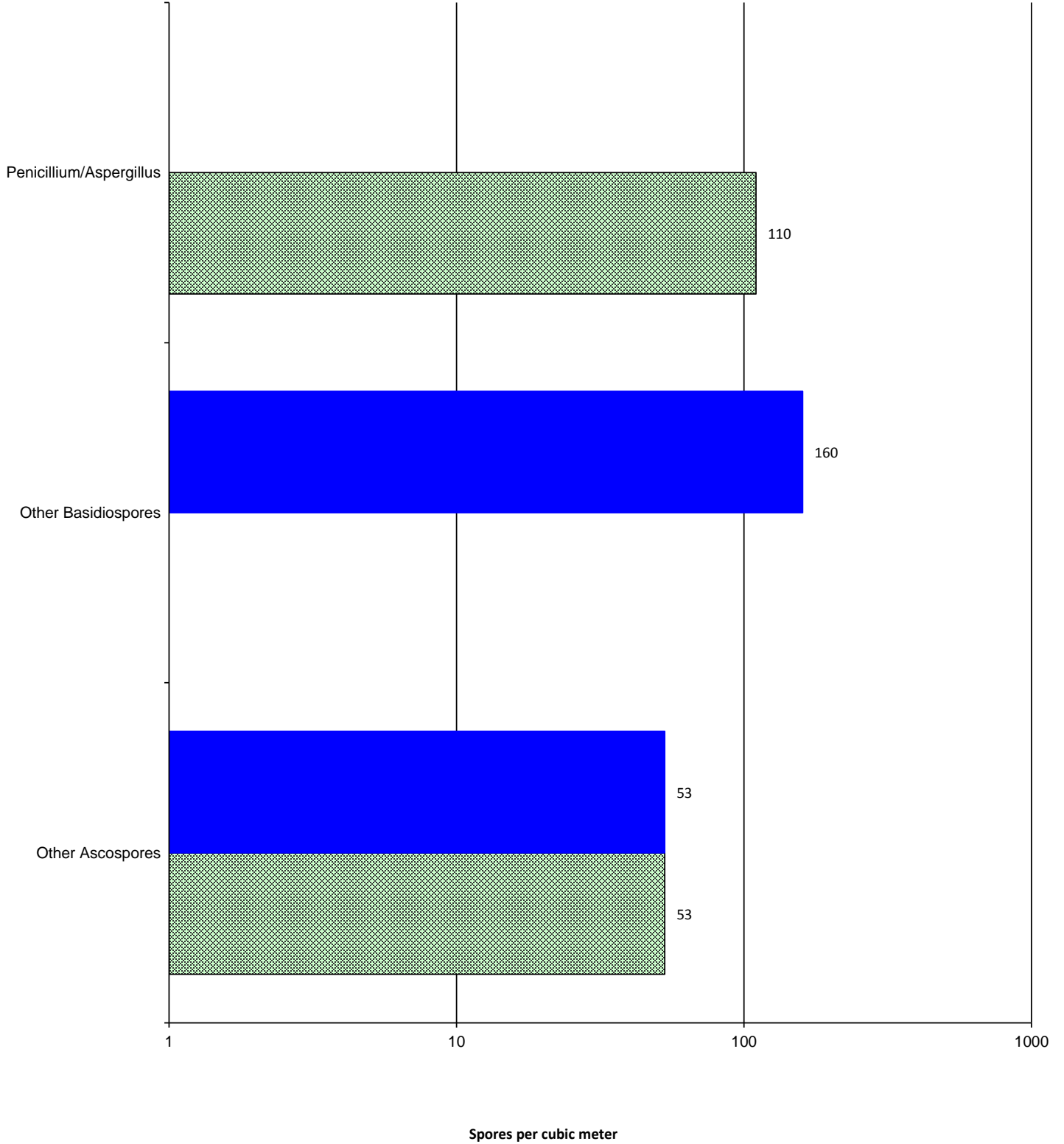
A108
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

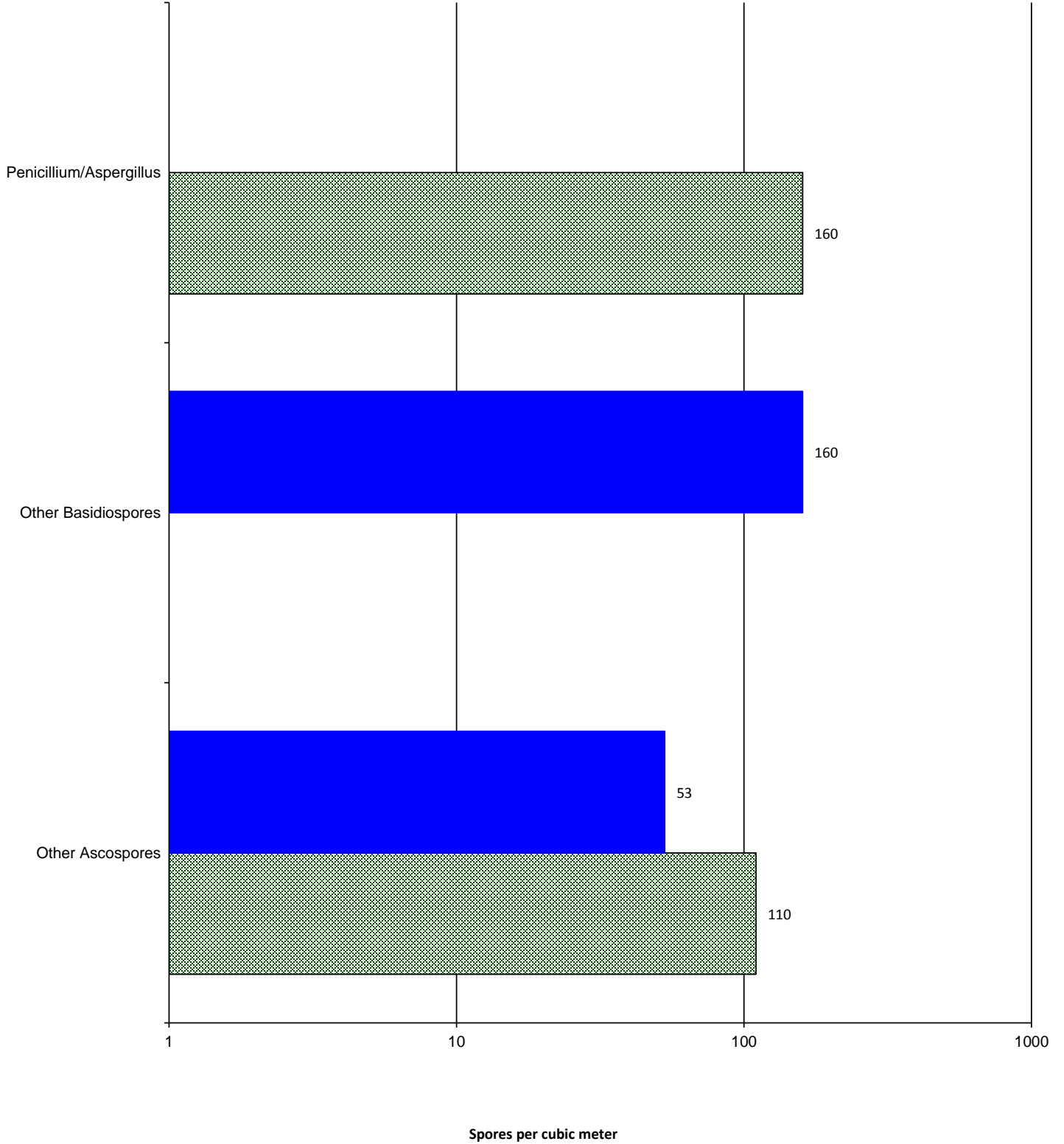
A109
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

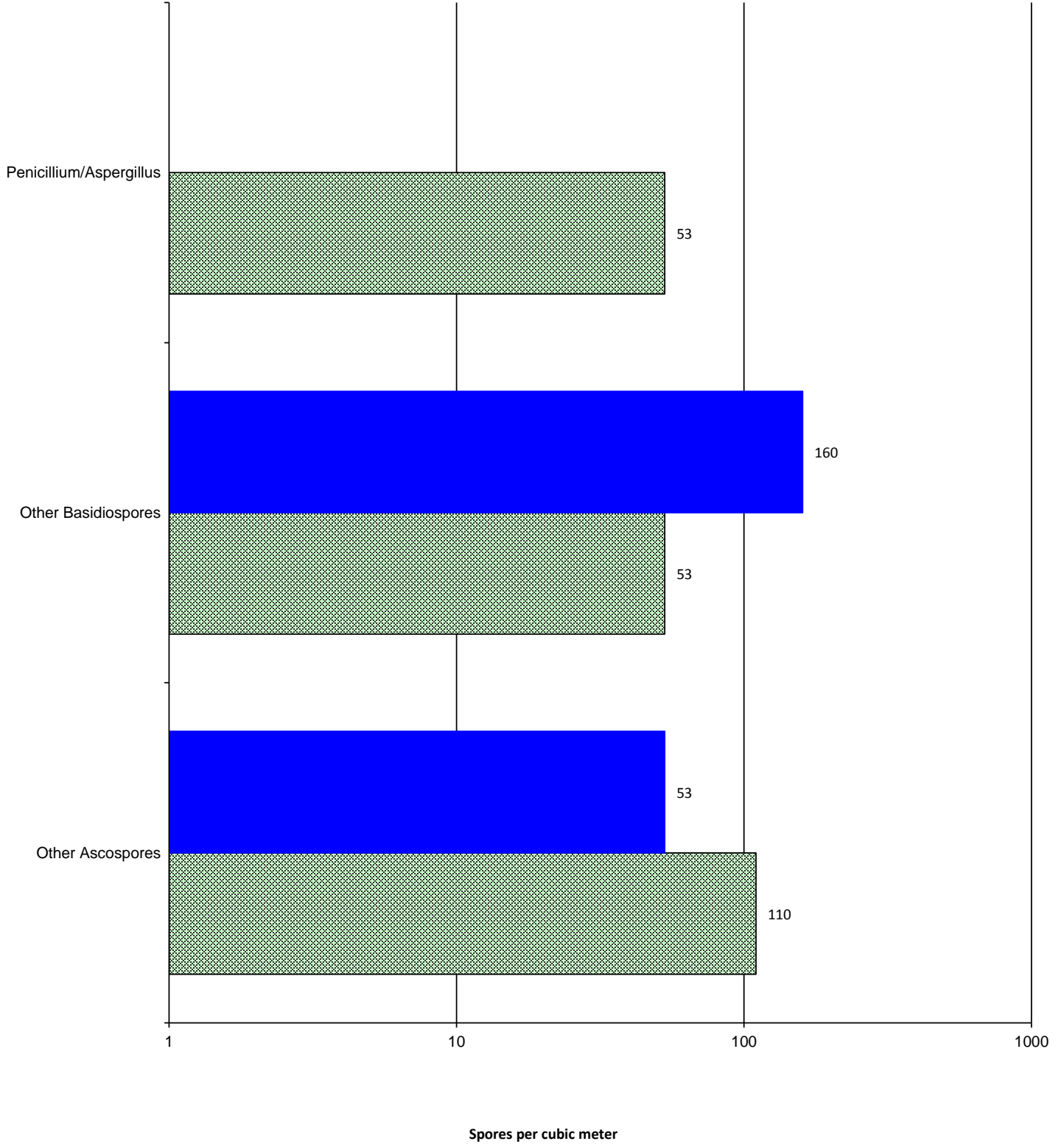
A110
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

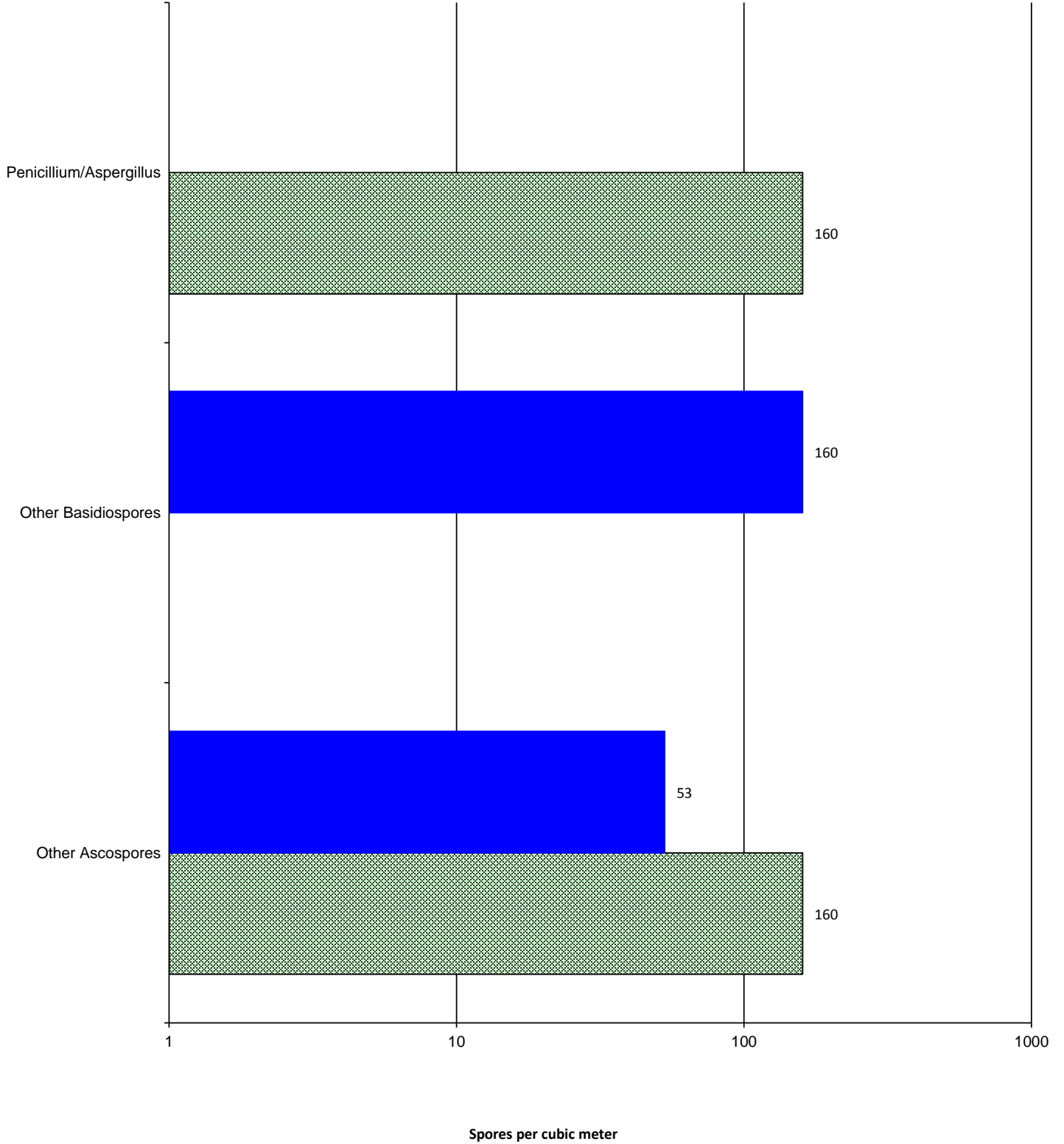
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

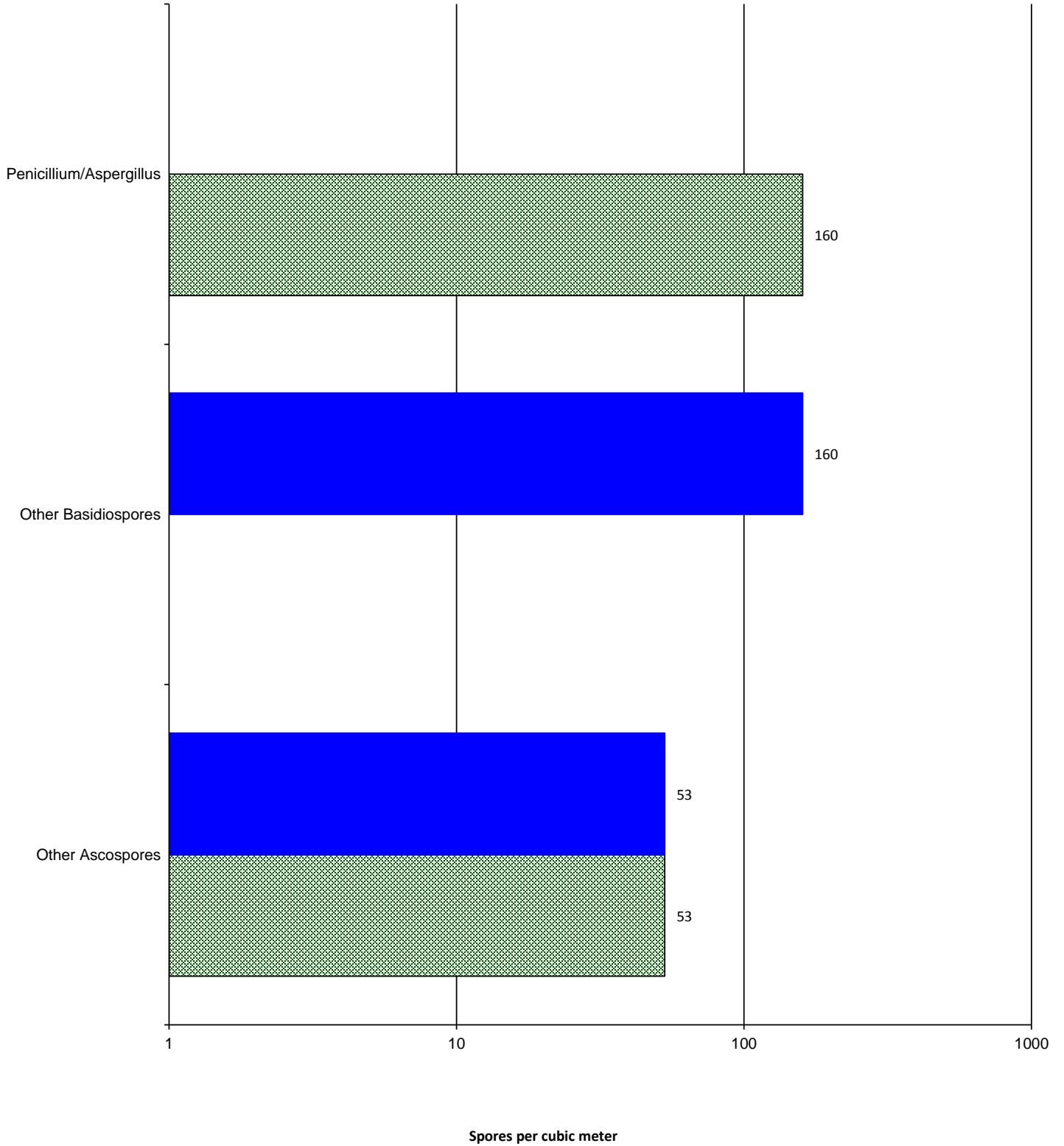
A204
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

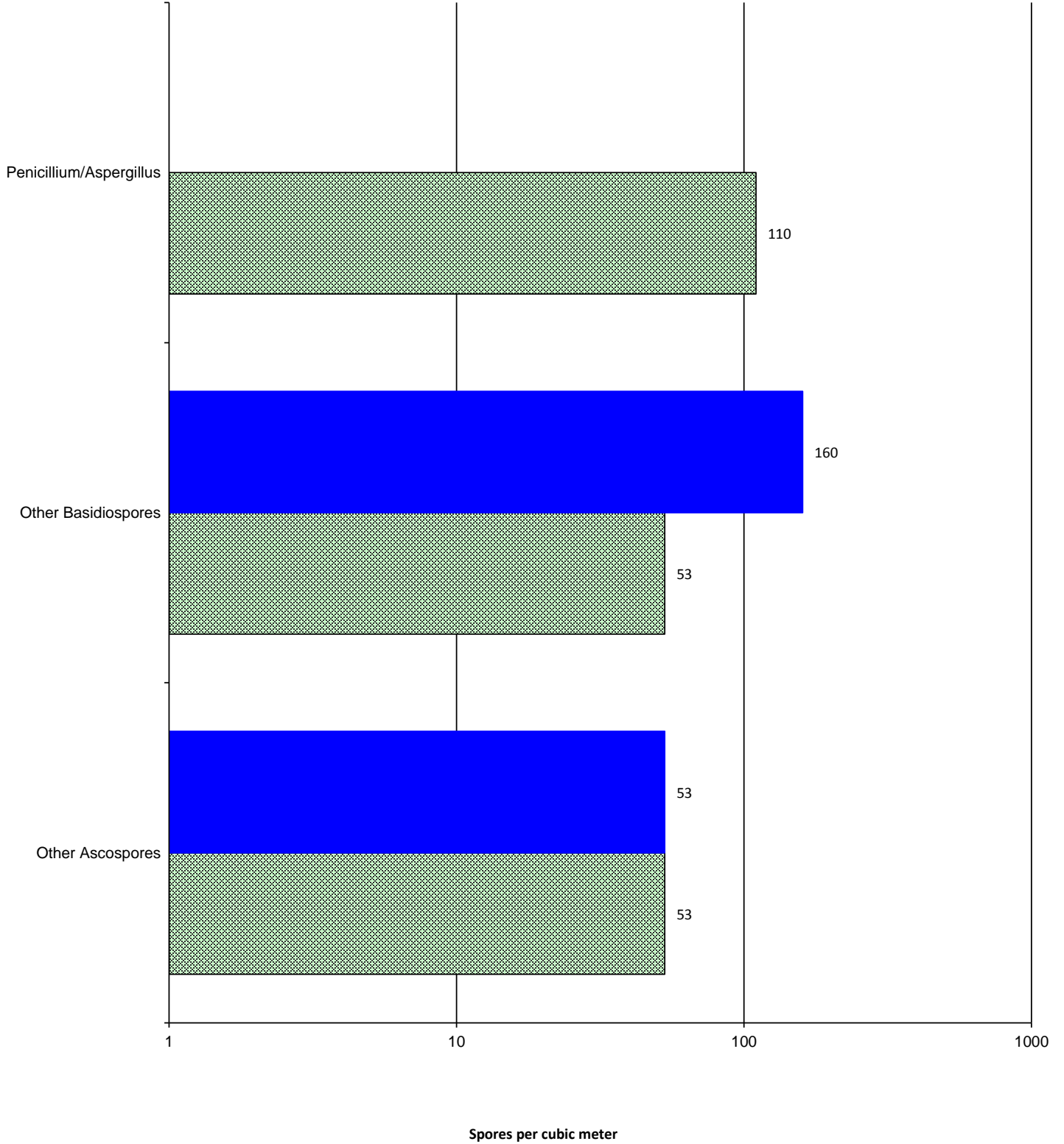
 B101
 Ambient







Chain of Custody # 1367137

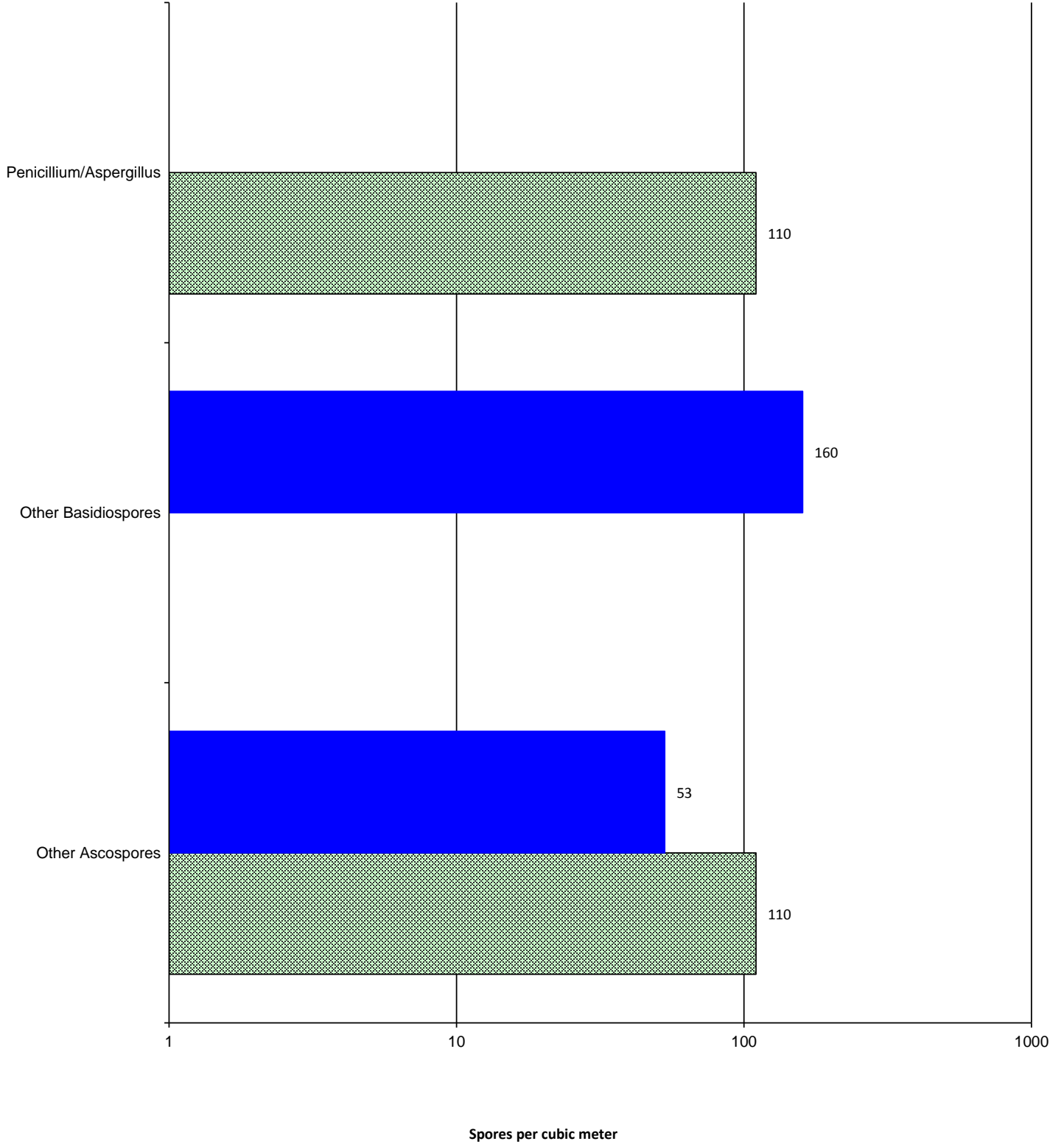
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

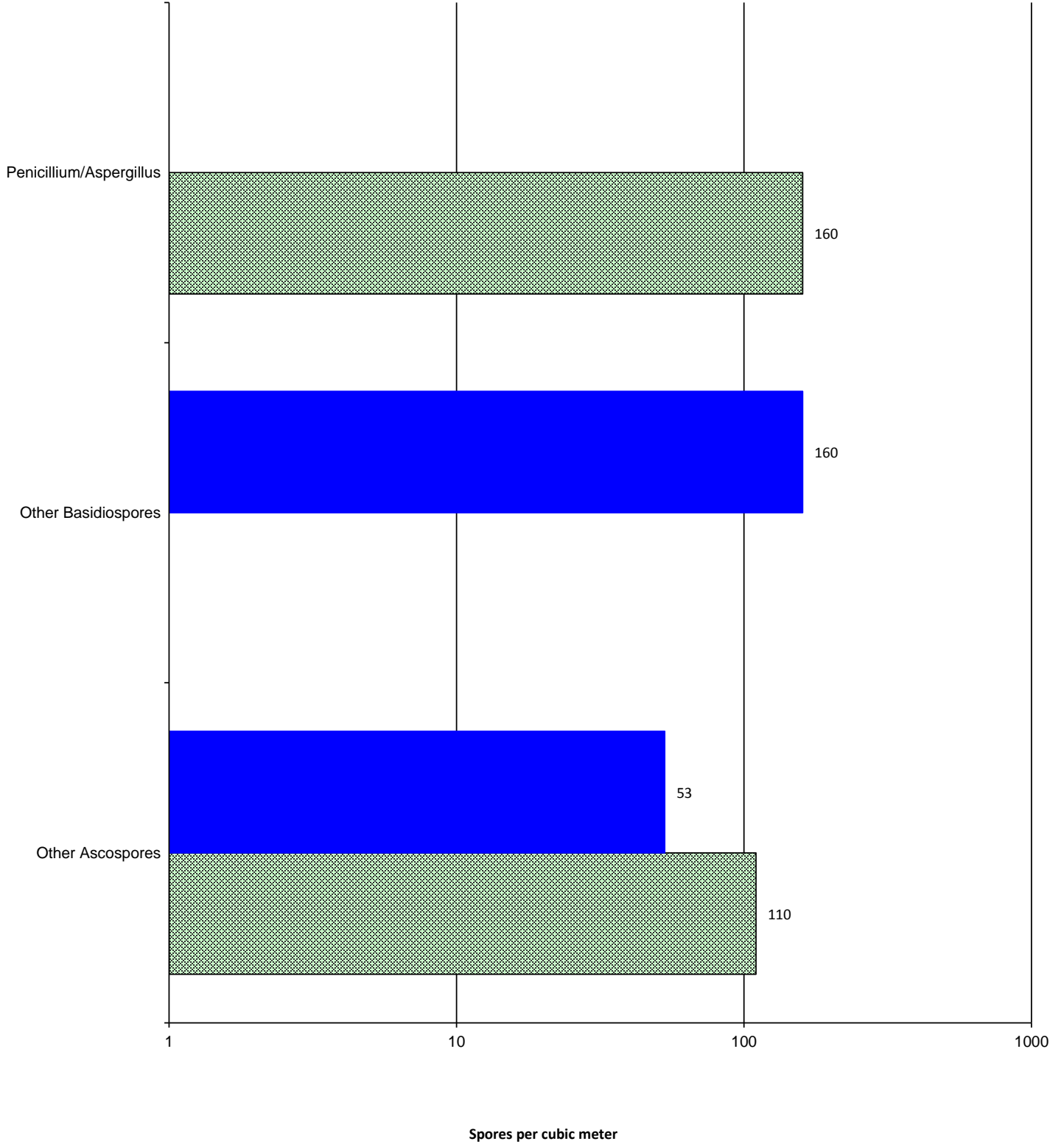
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

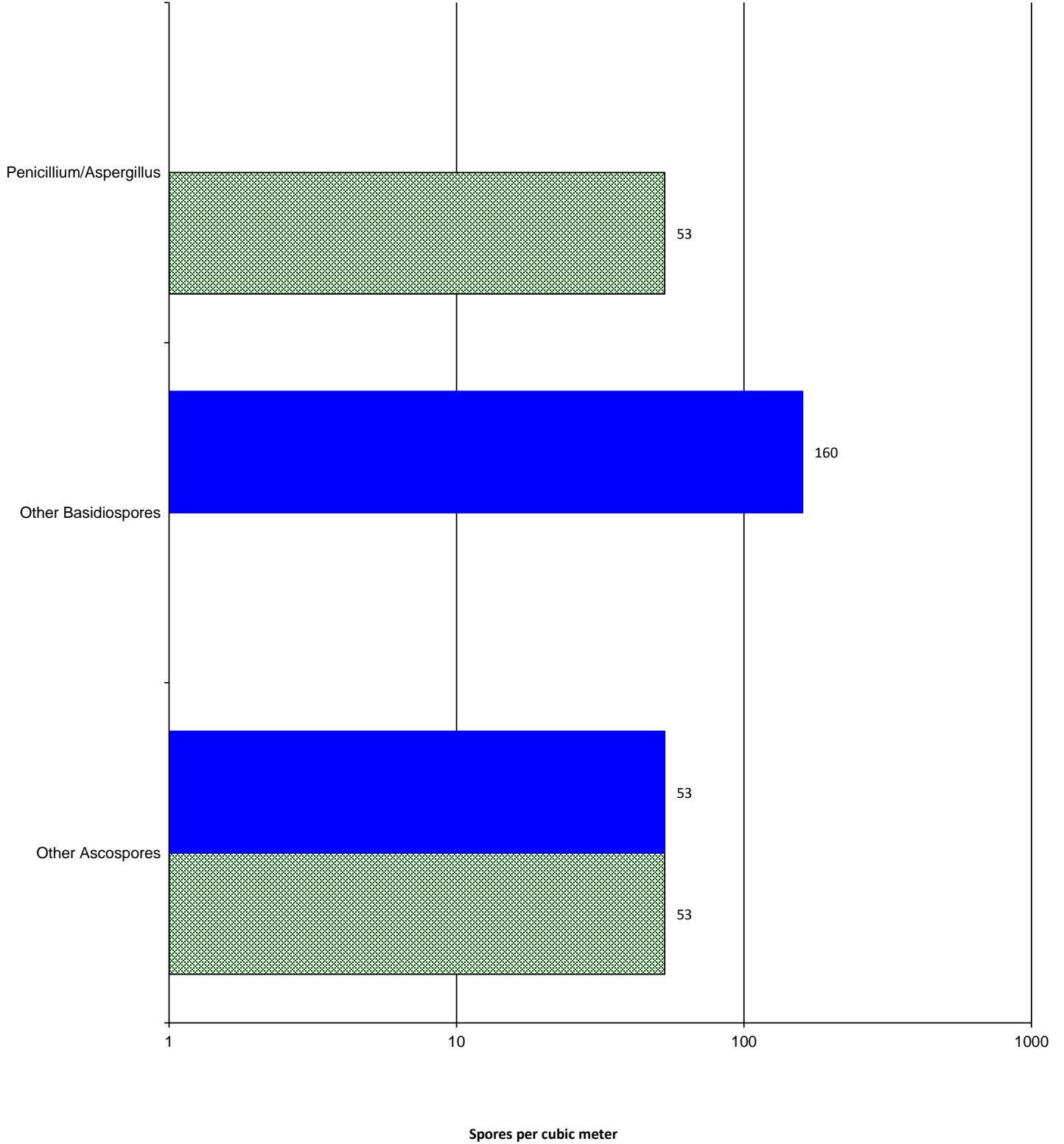
 B107
 Ambient







Chain of Custody # 1367137

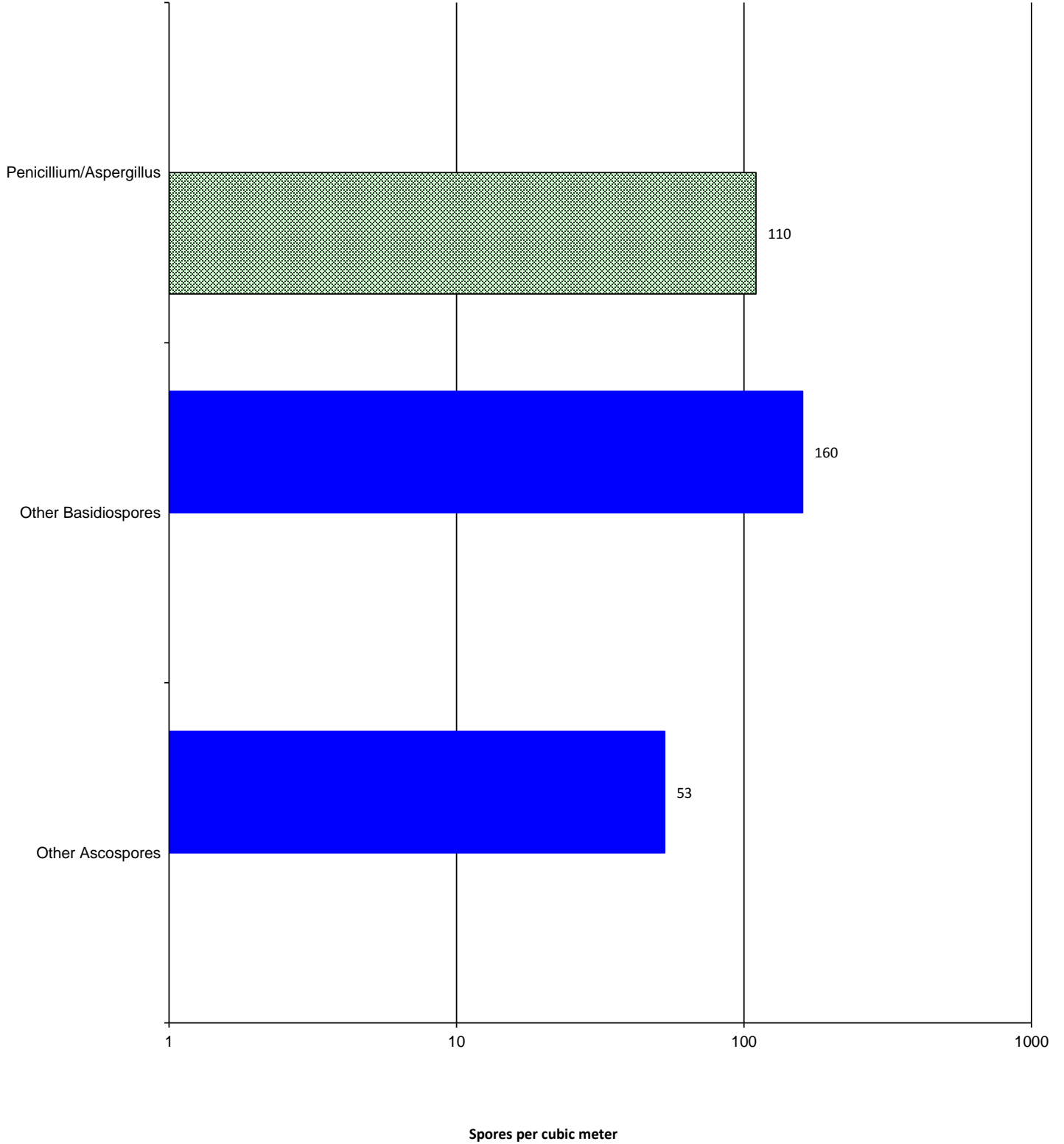
 B111
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

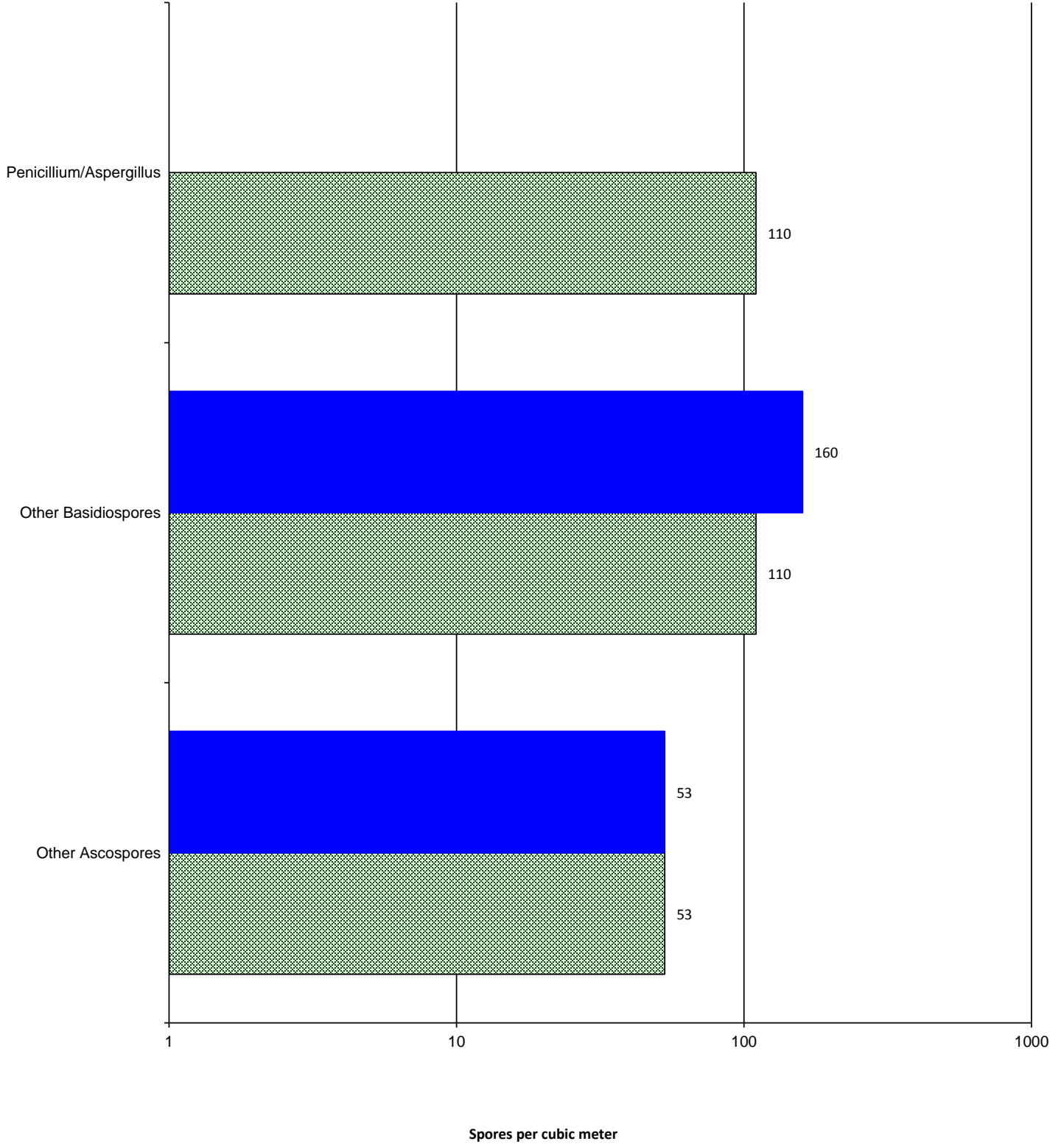
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

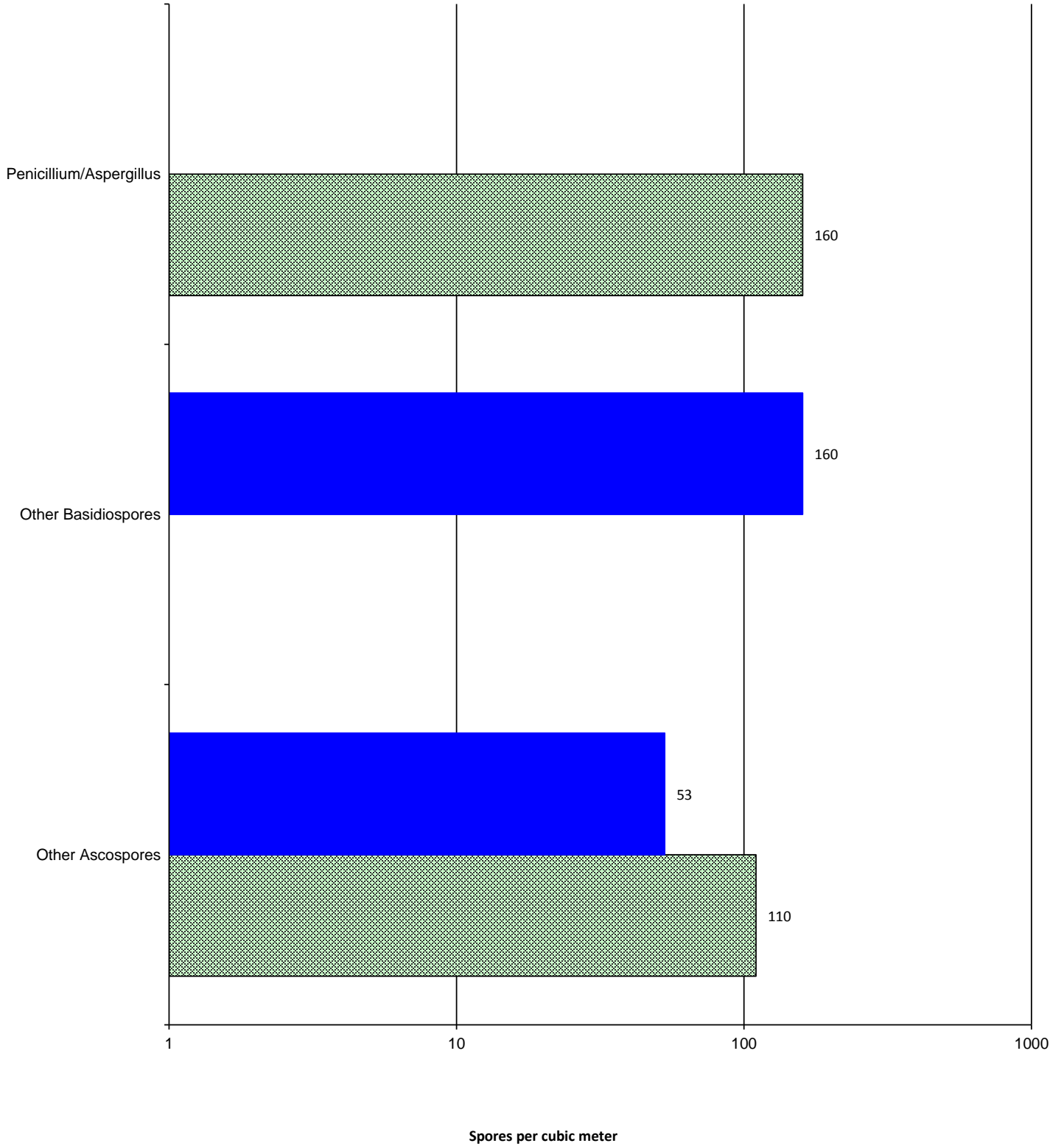
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

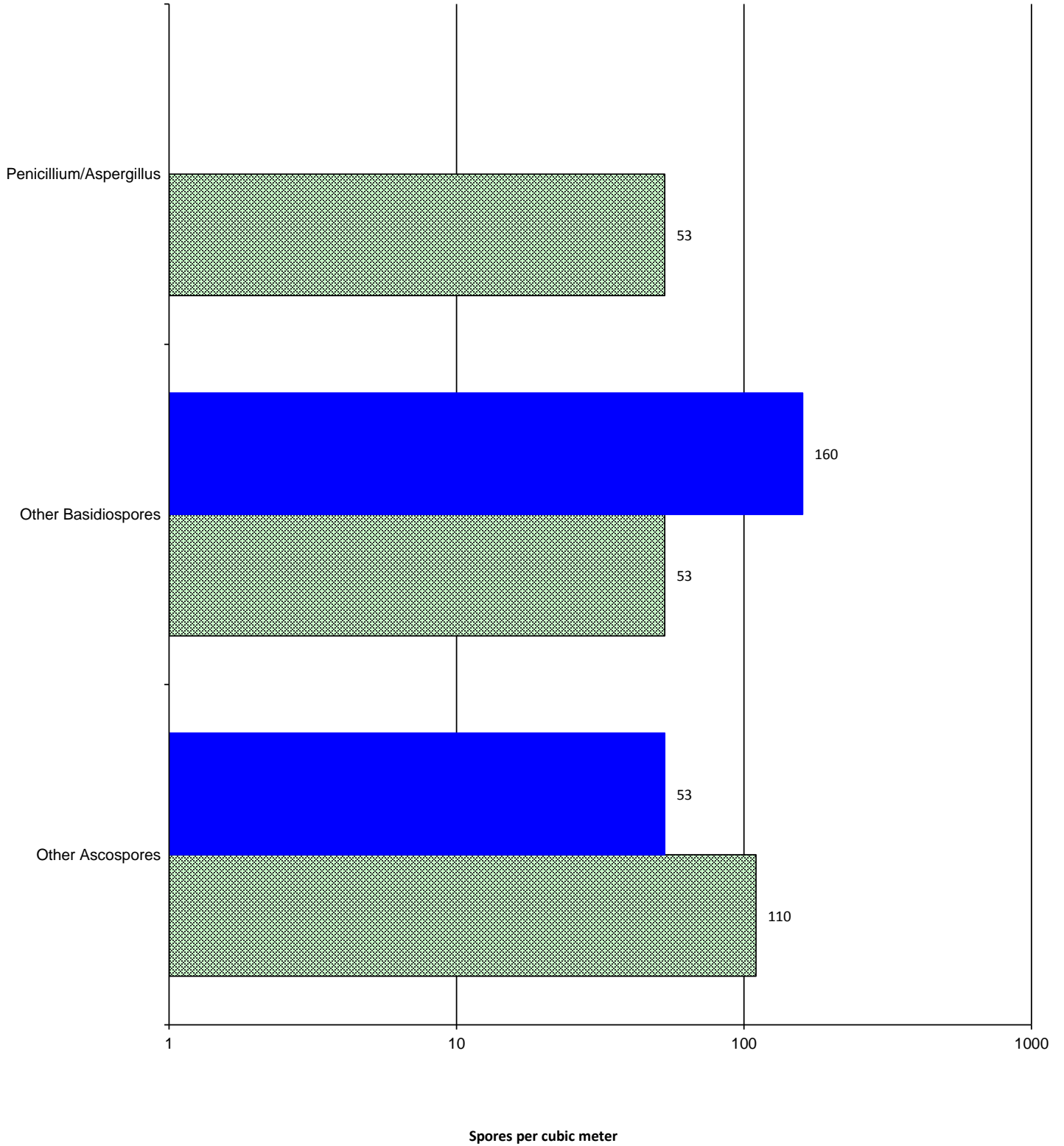
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

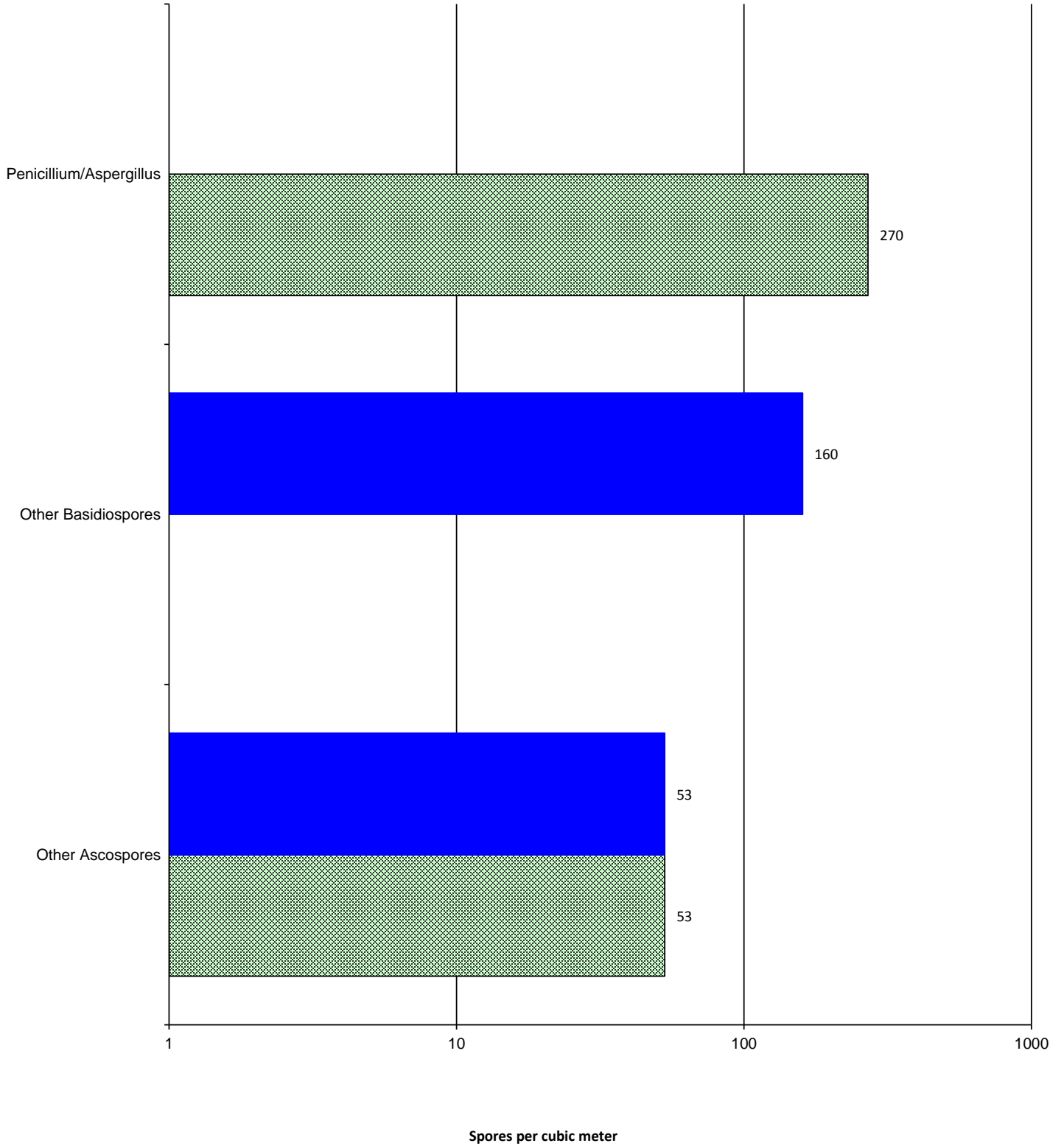
C105
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

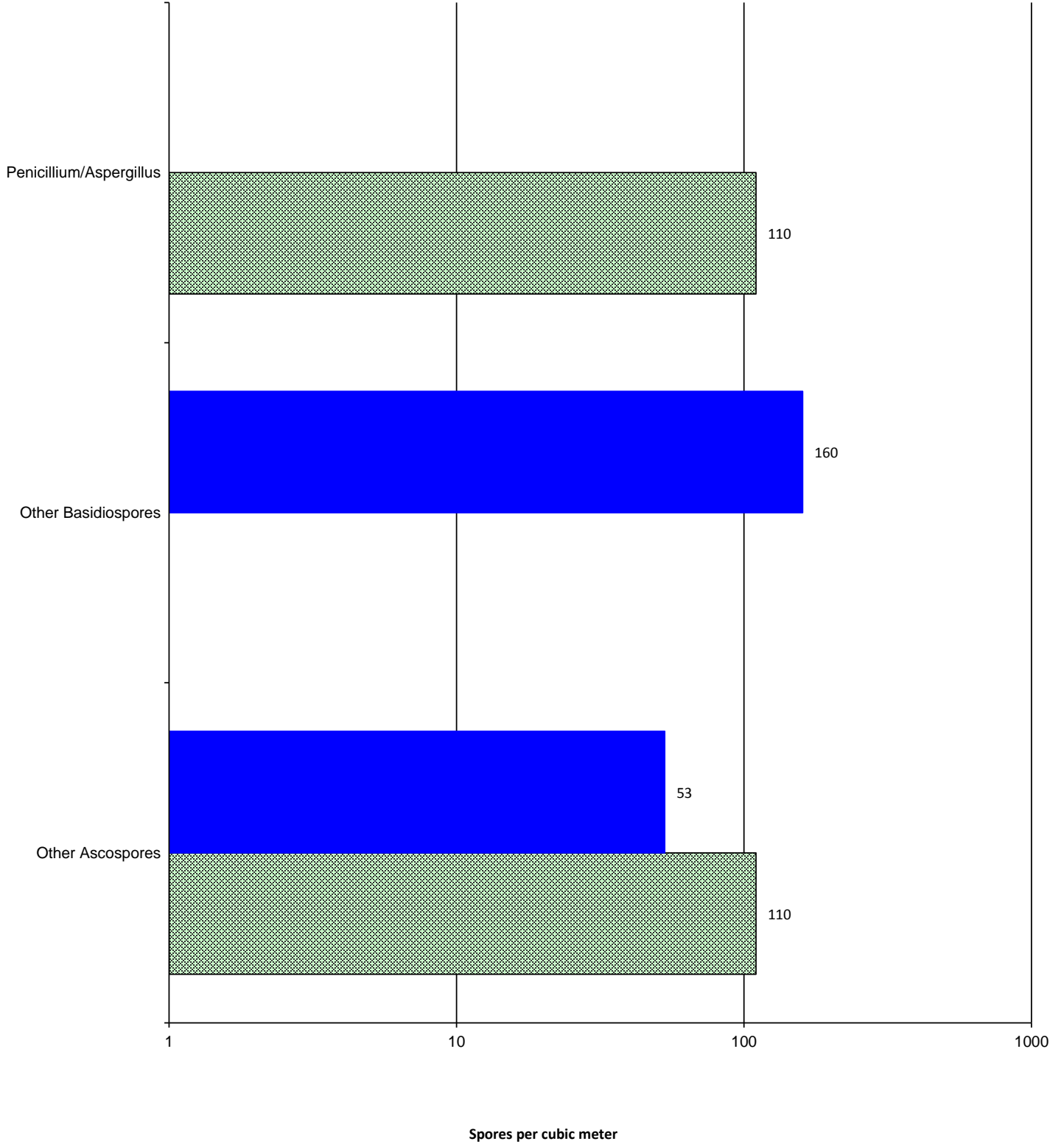
C109
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

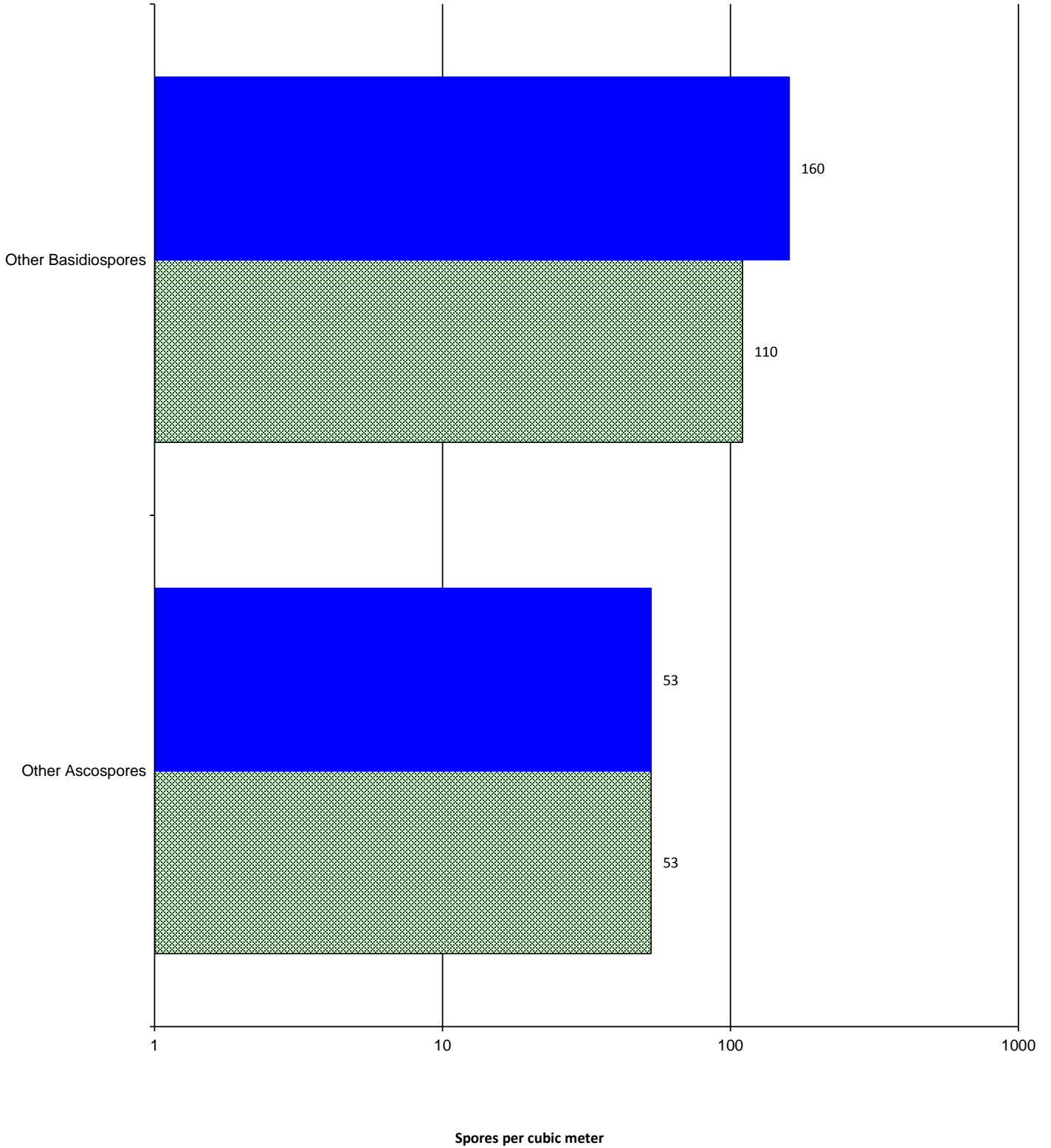
C112
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

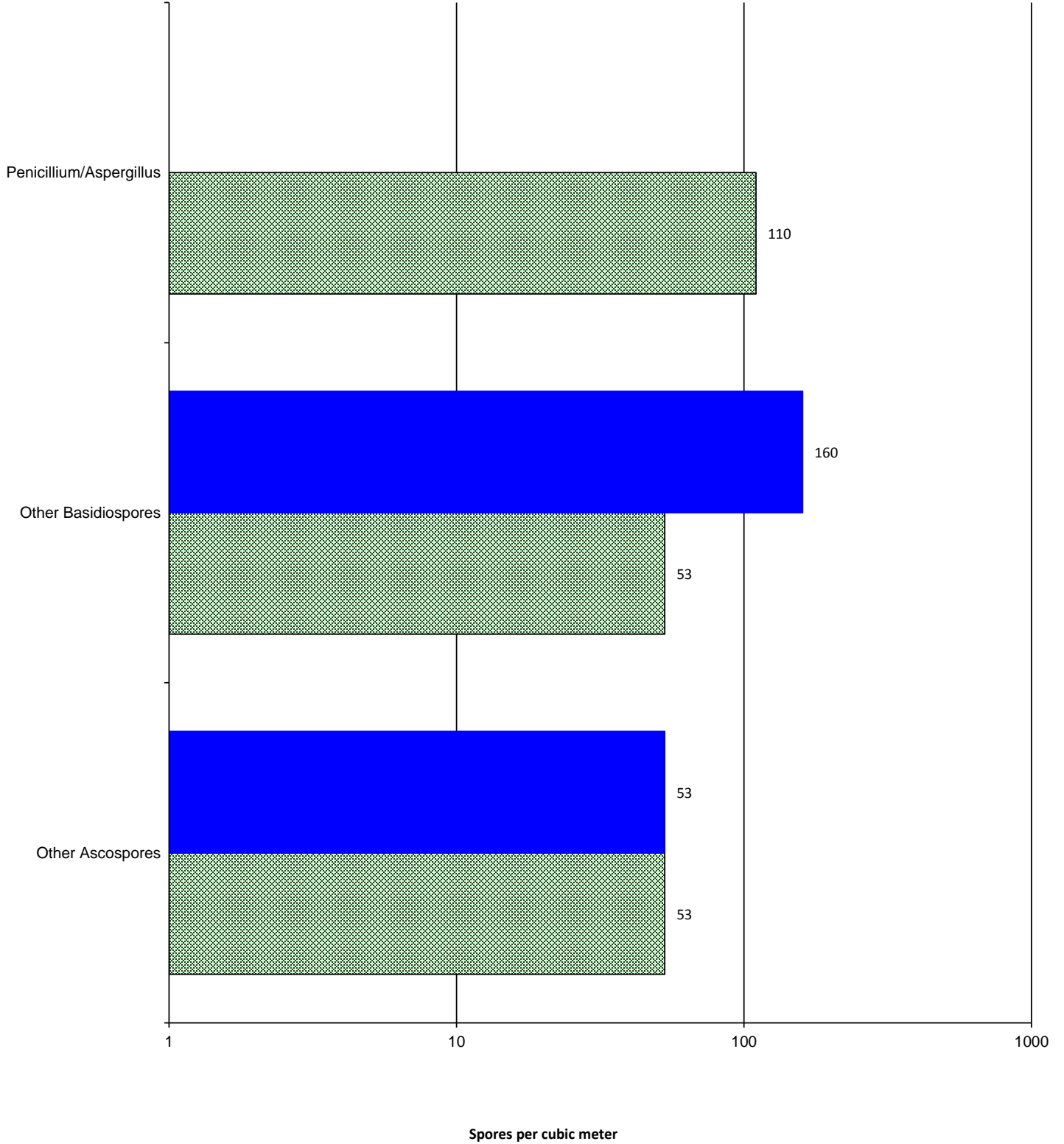
C204
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

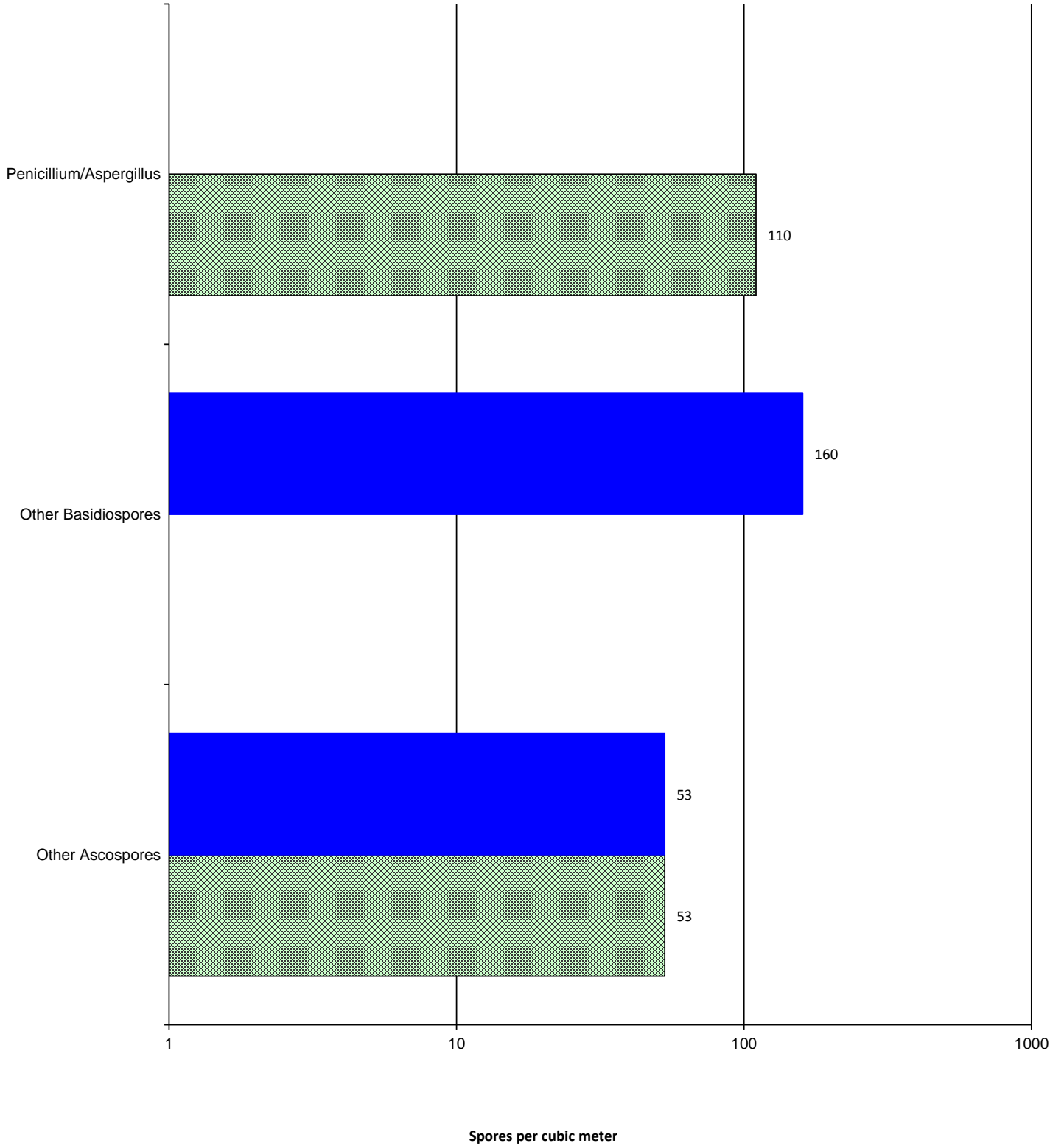
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

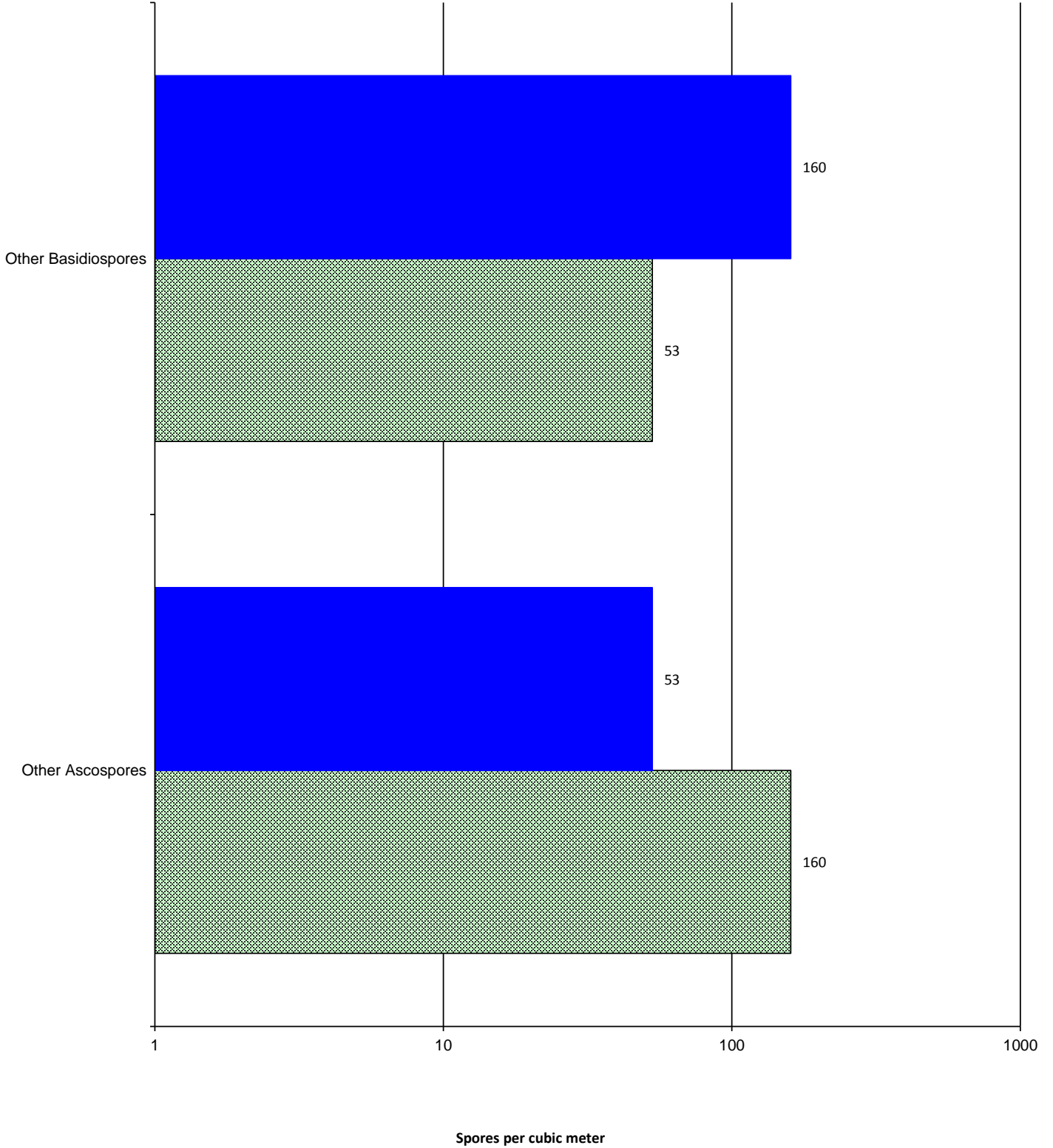
C209
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

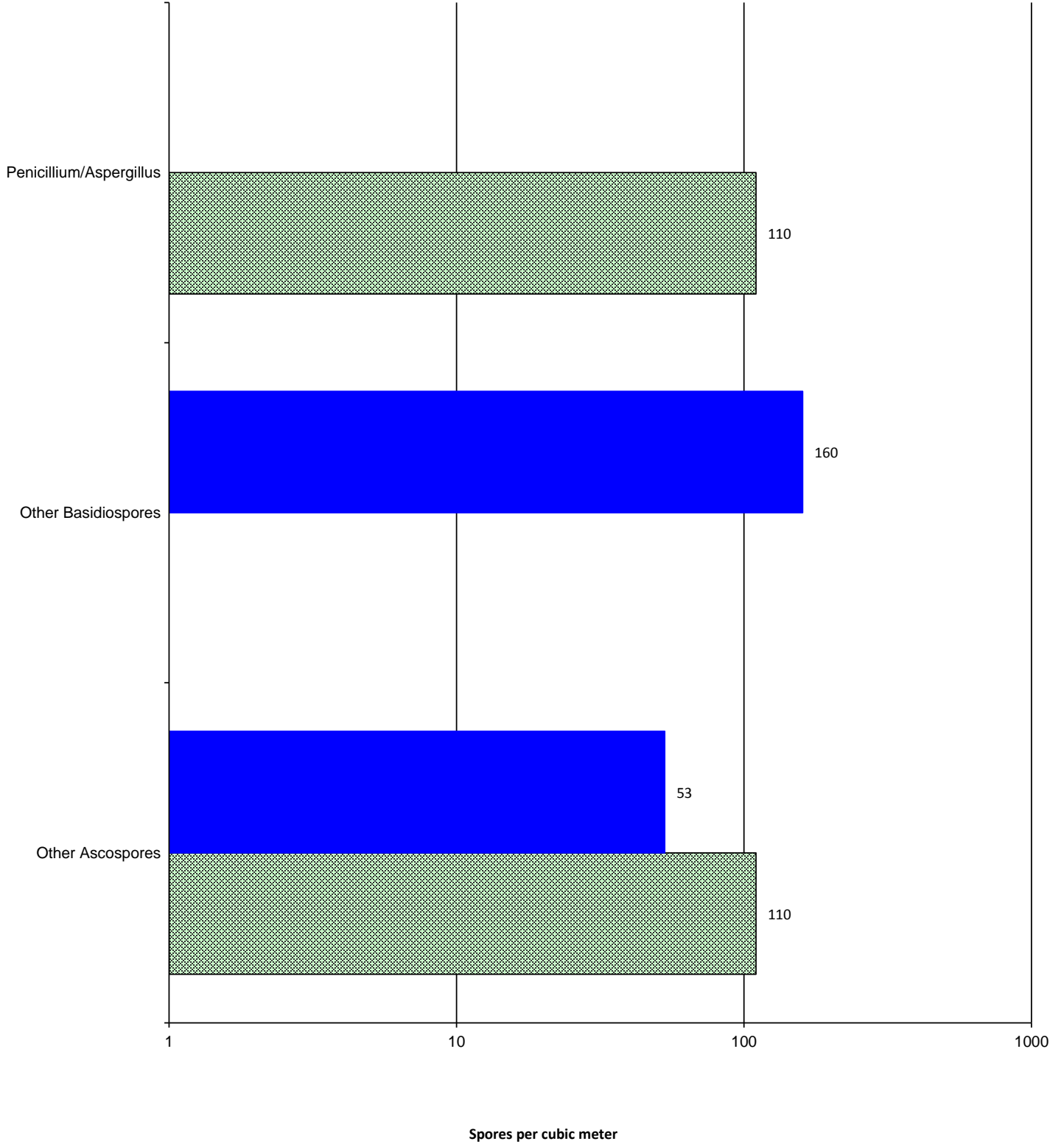
C211
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

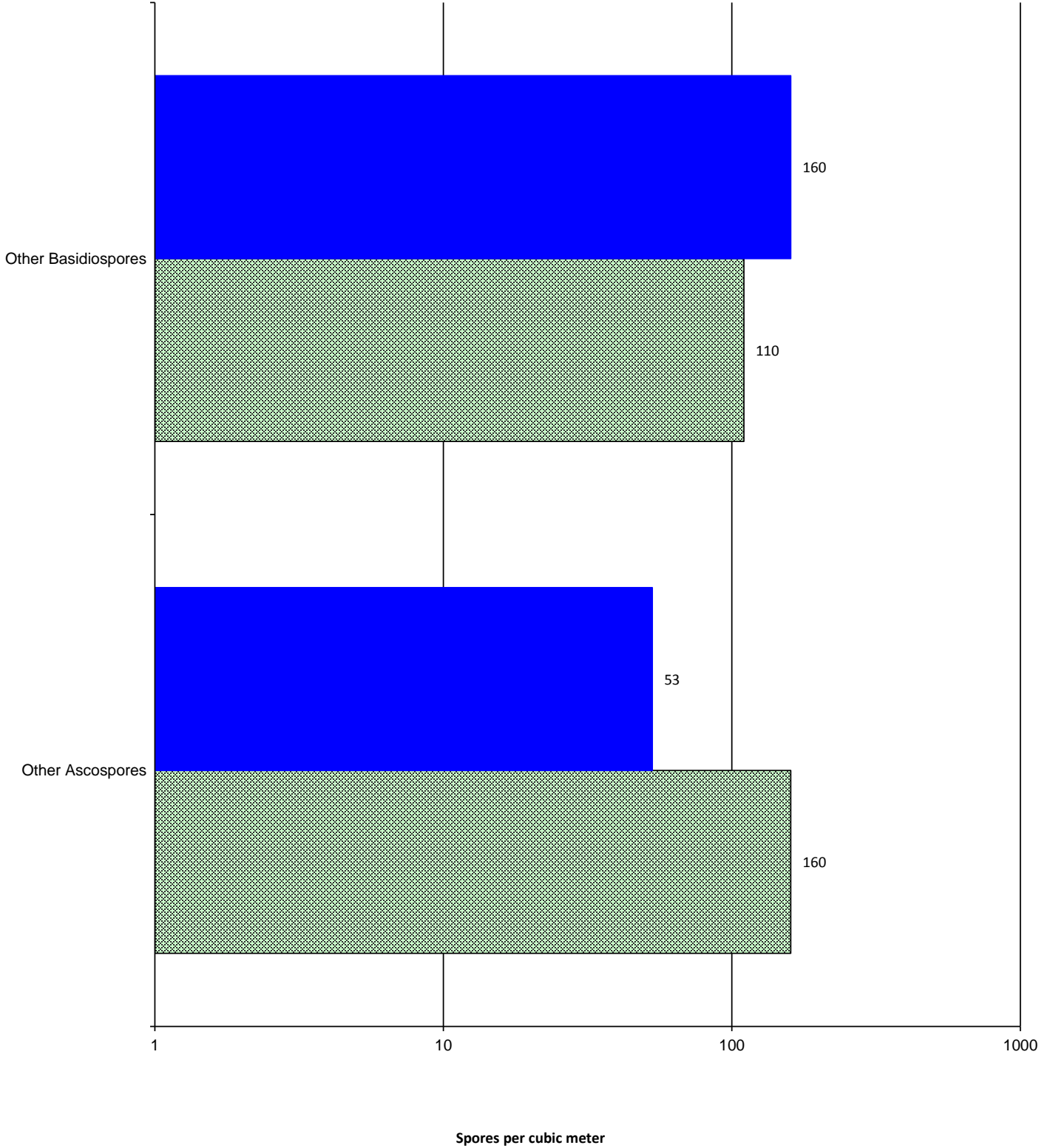
D101
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

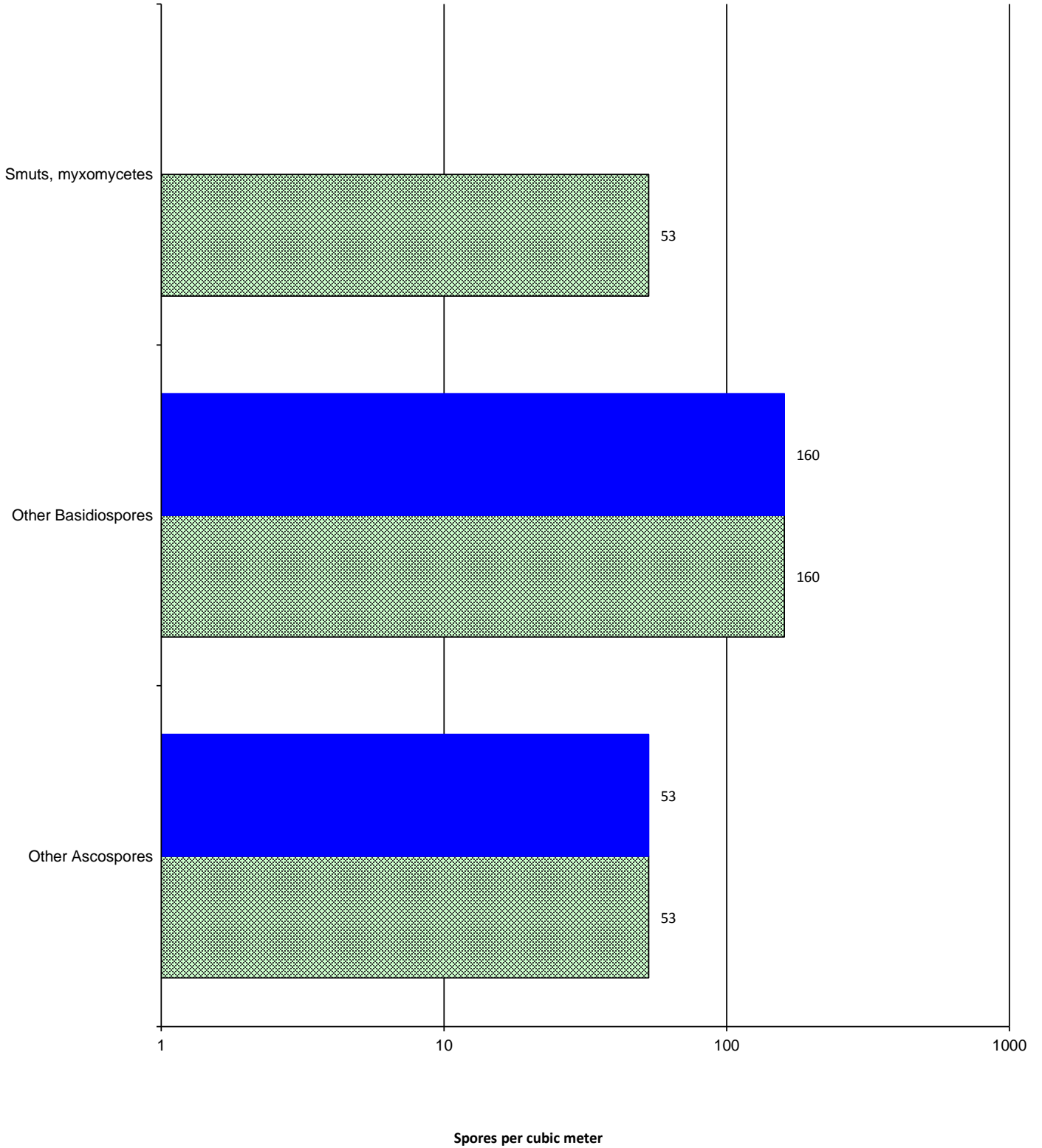
D102
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

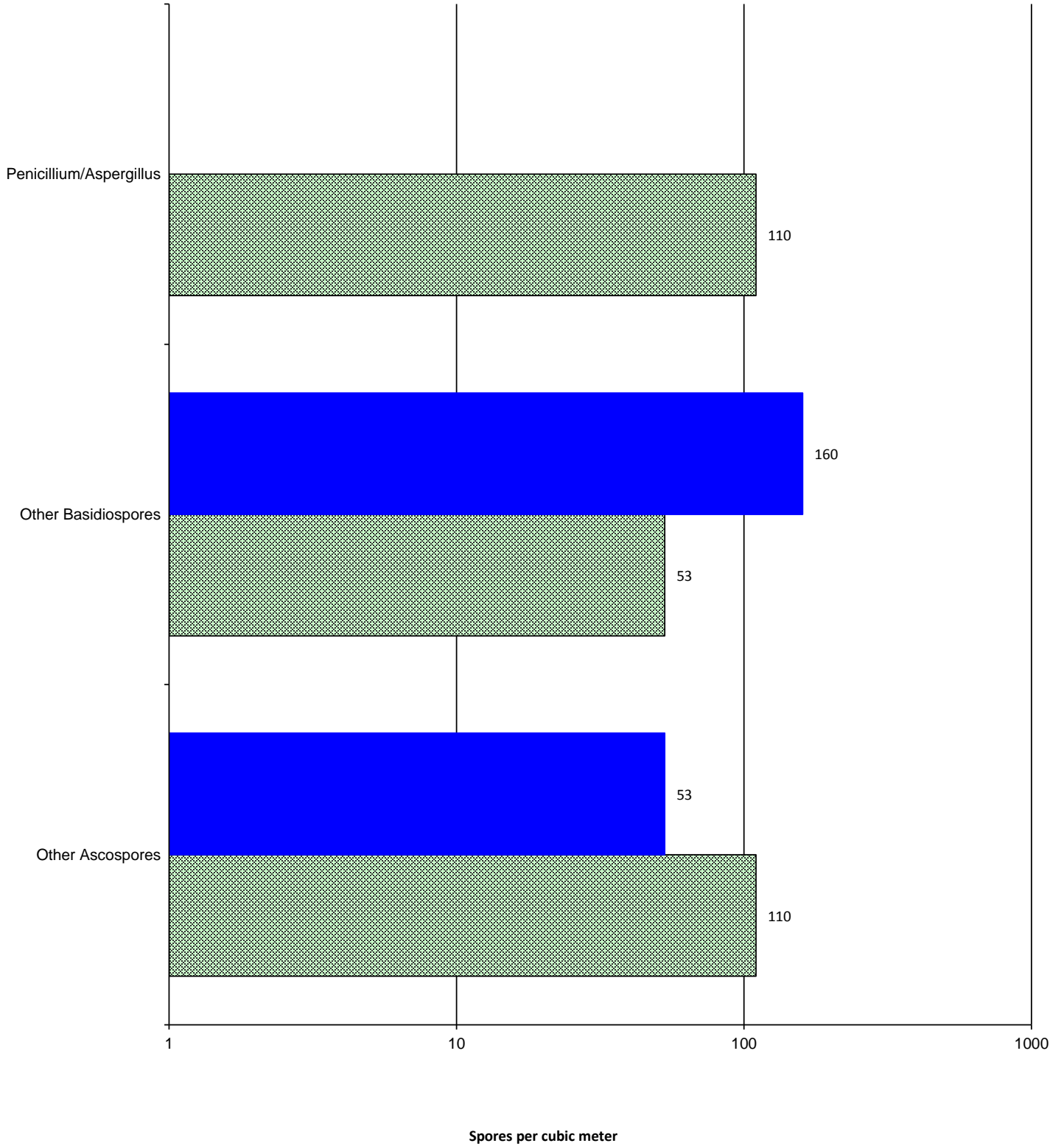
Student Services-A
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

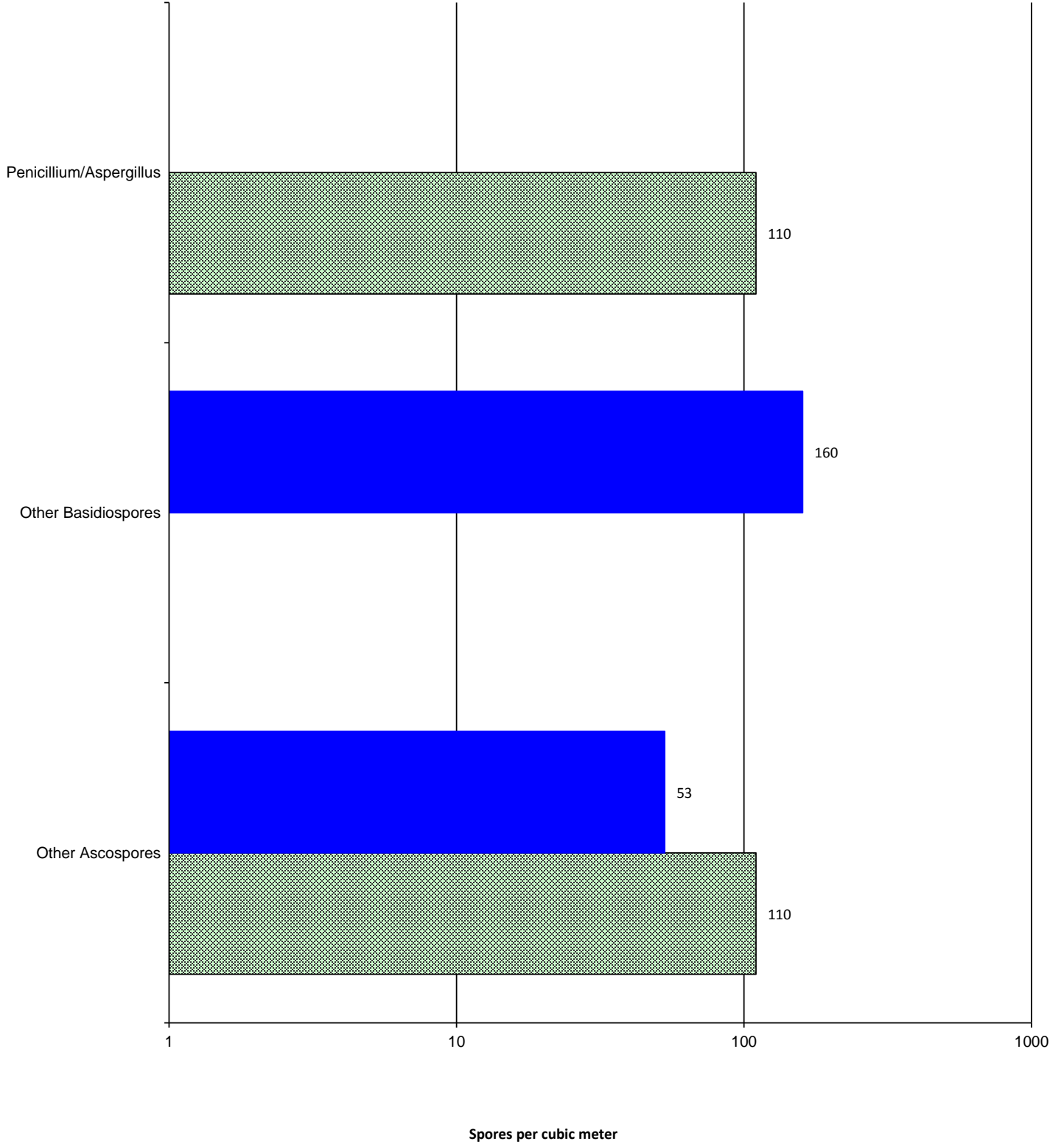
Student Services-B
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

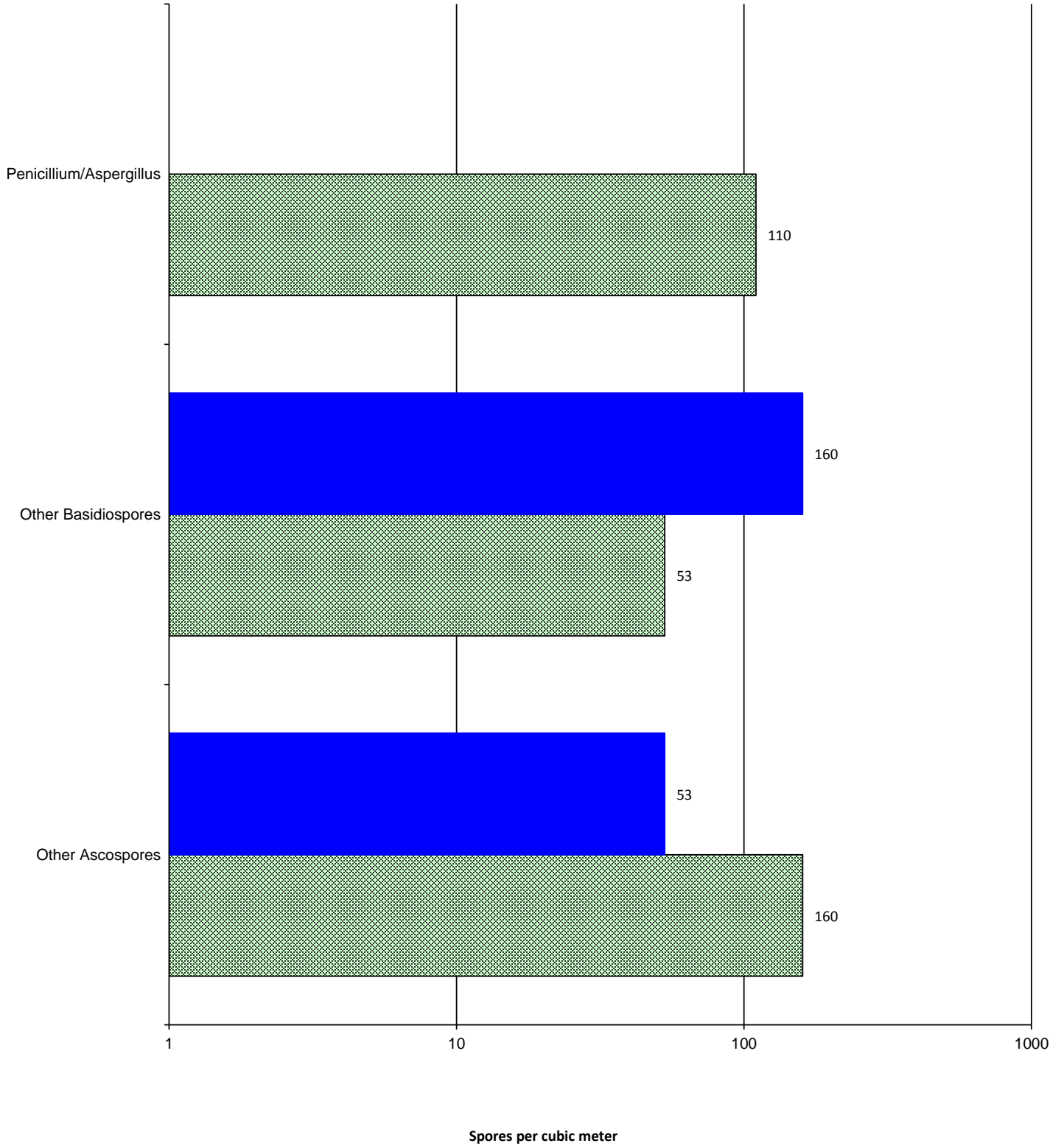
Student Services-C
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

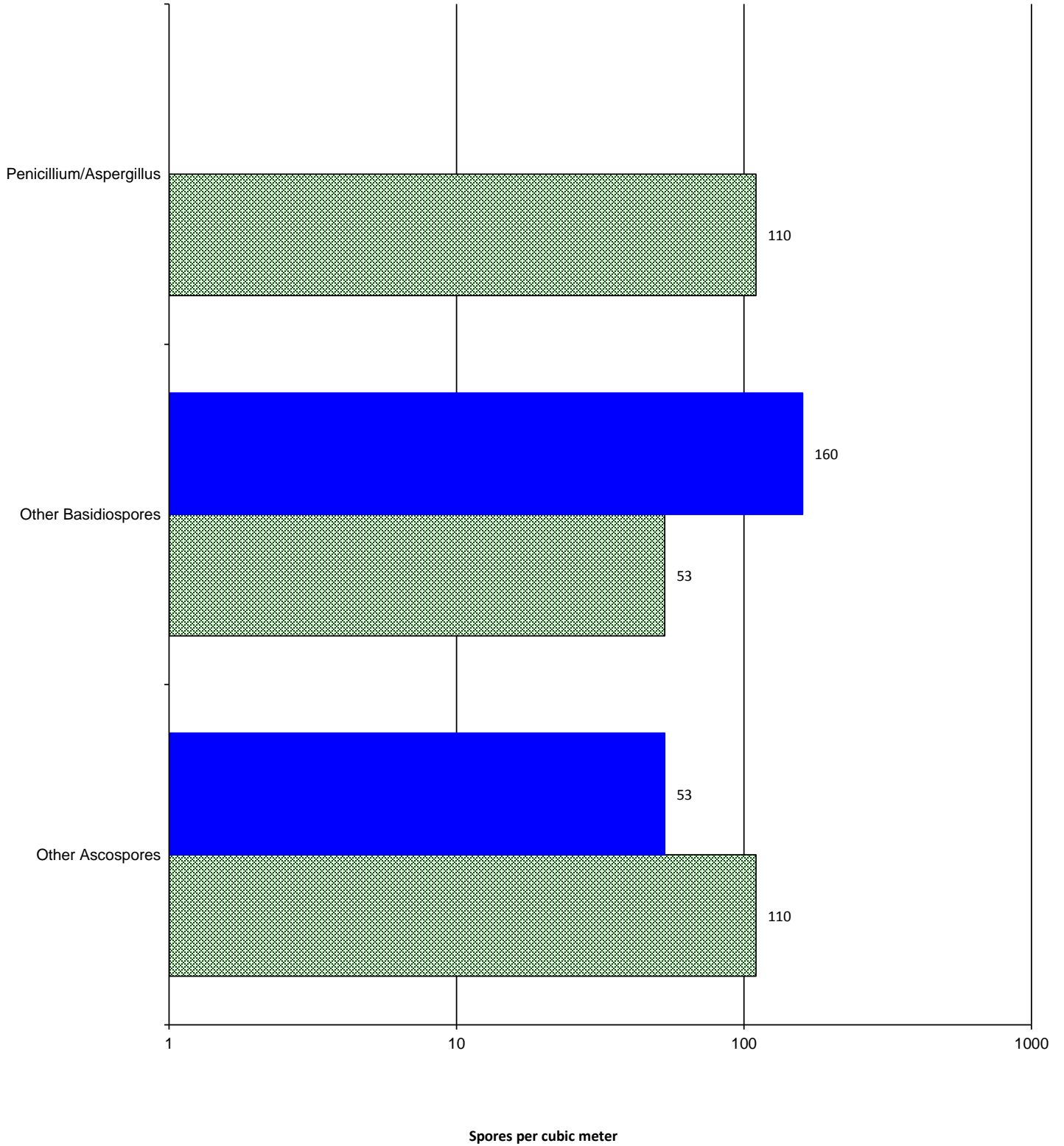
Student Services-D
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

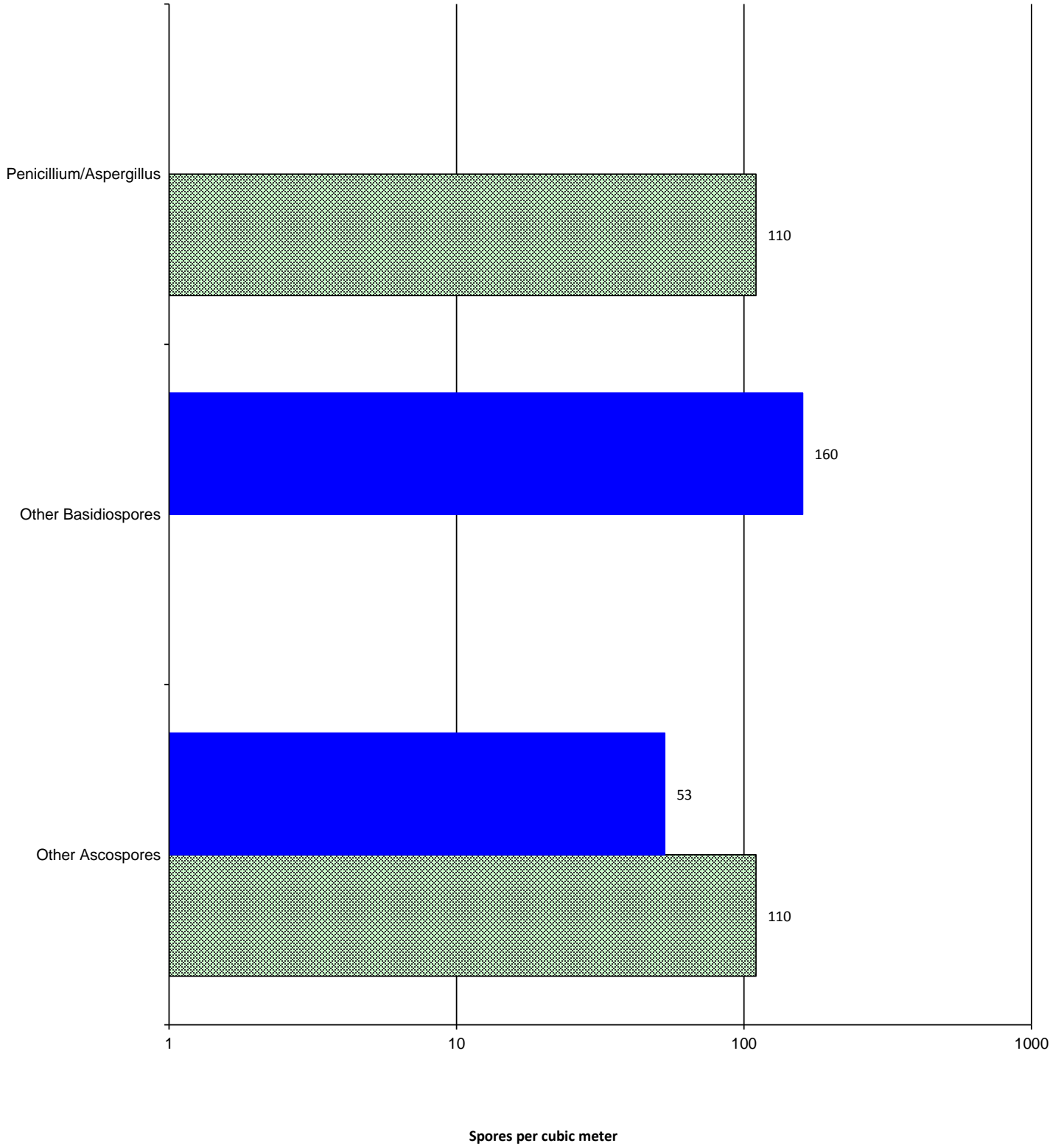
Student Services-E
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

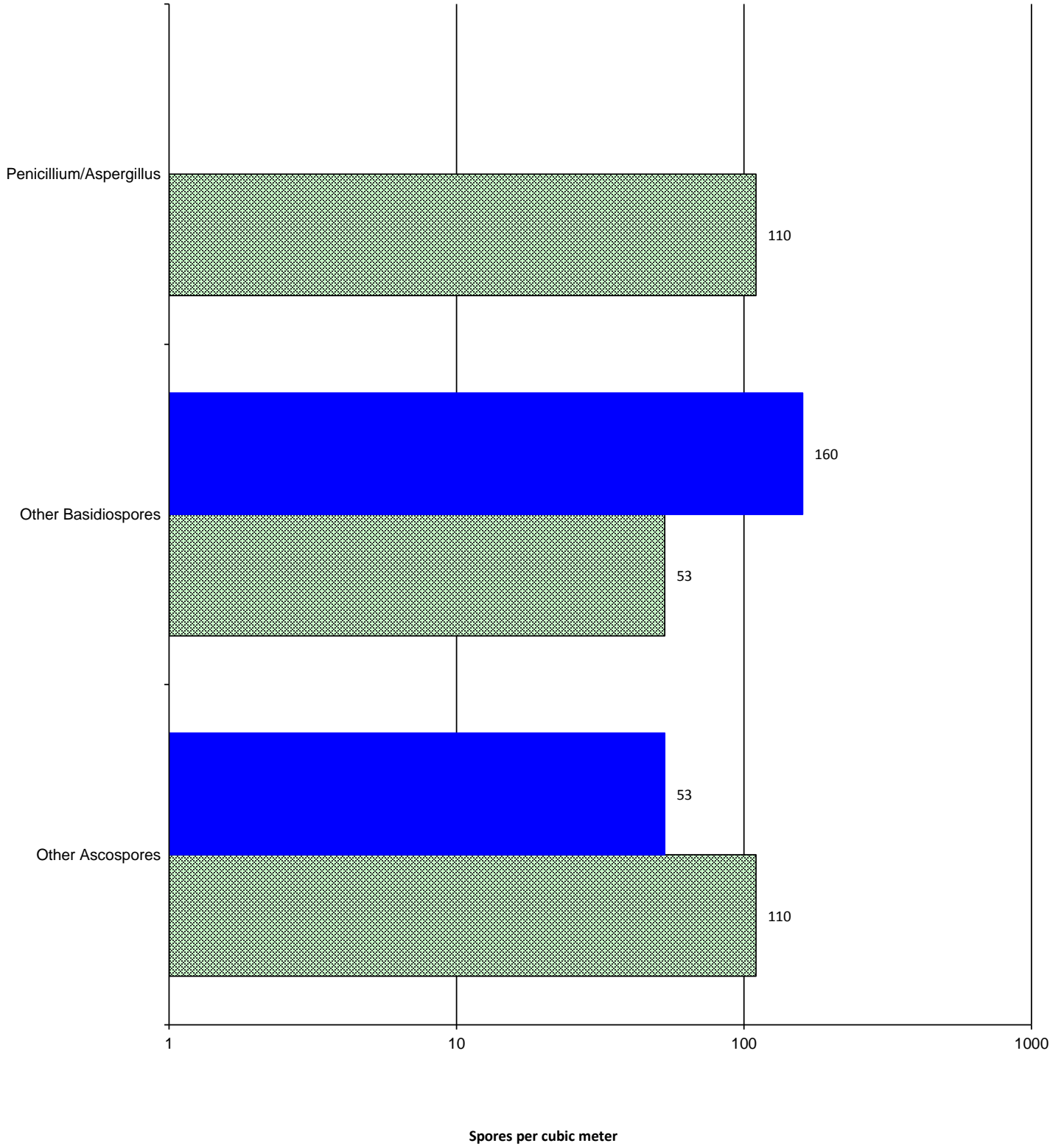
Student Services-F
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Chain of Custody # 1367137

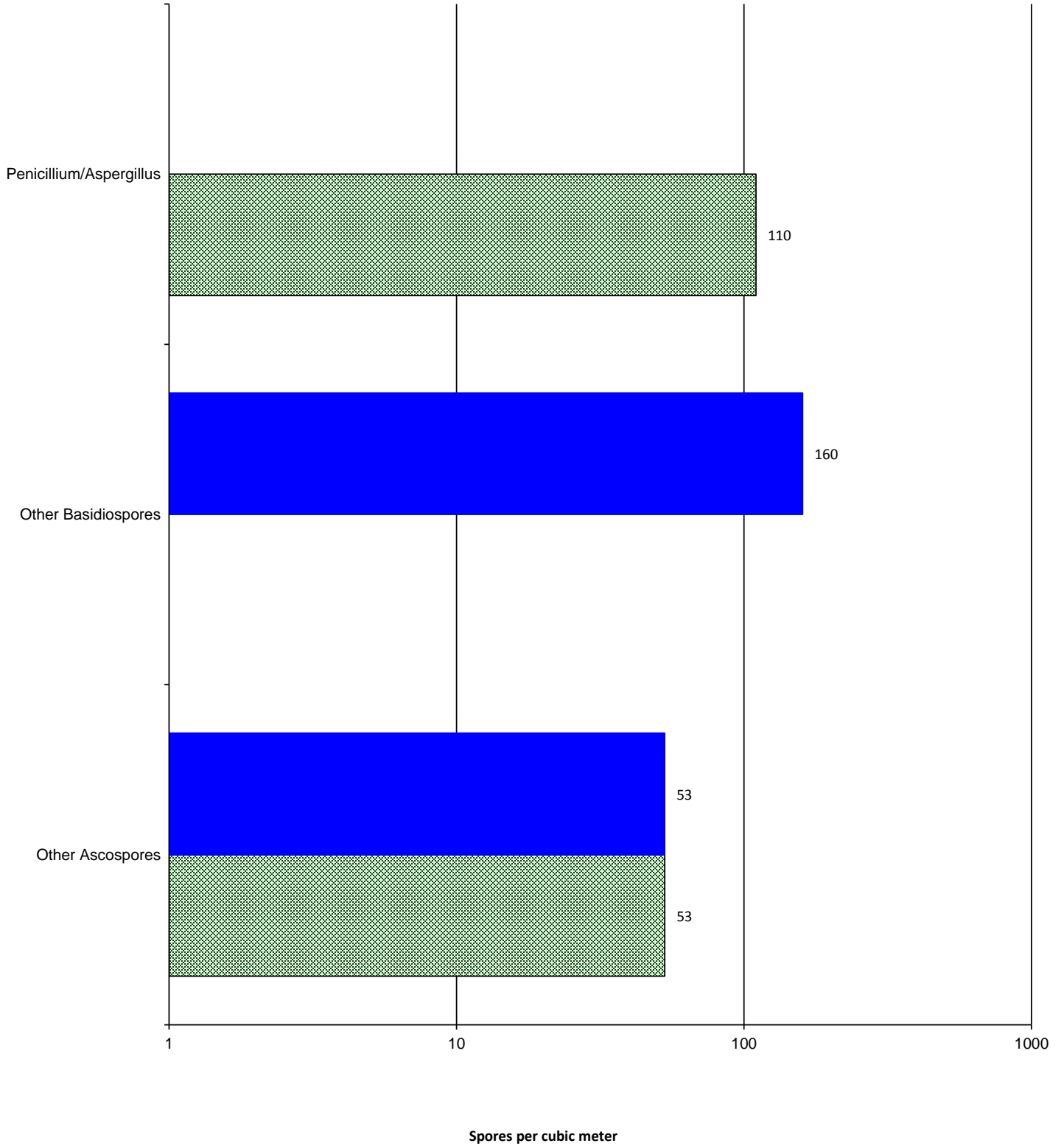
Jrotc Break Rm
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

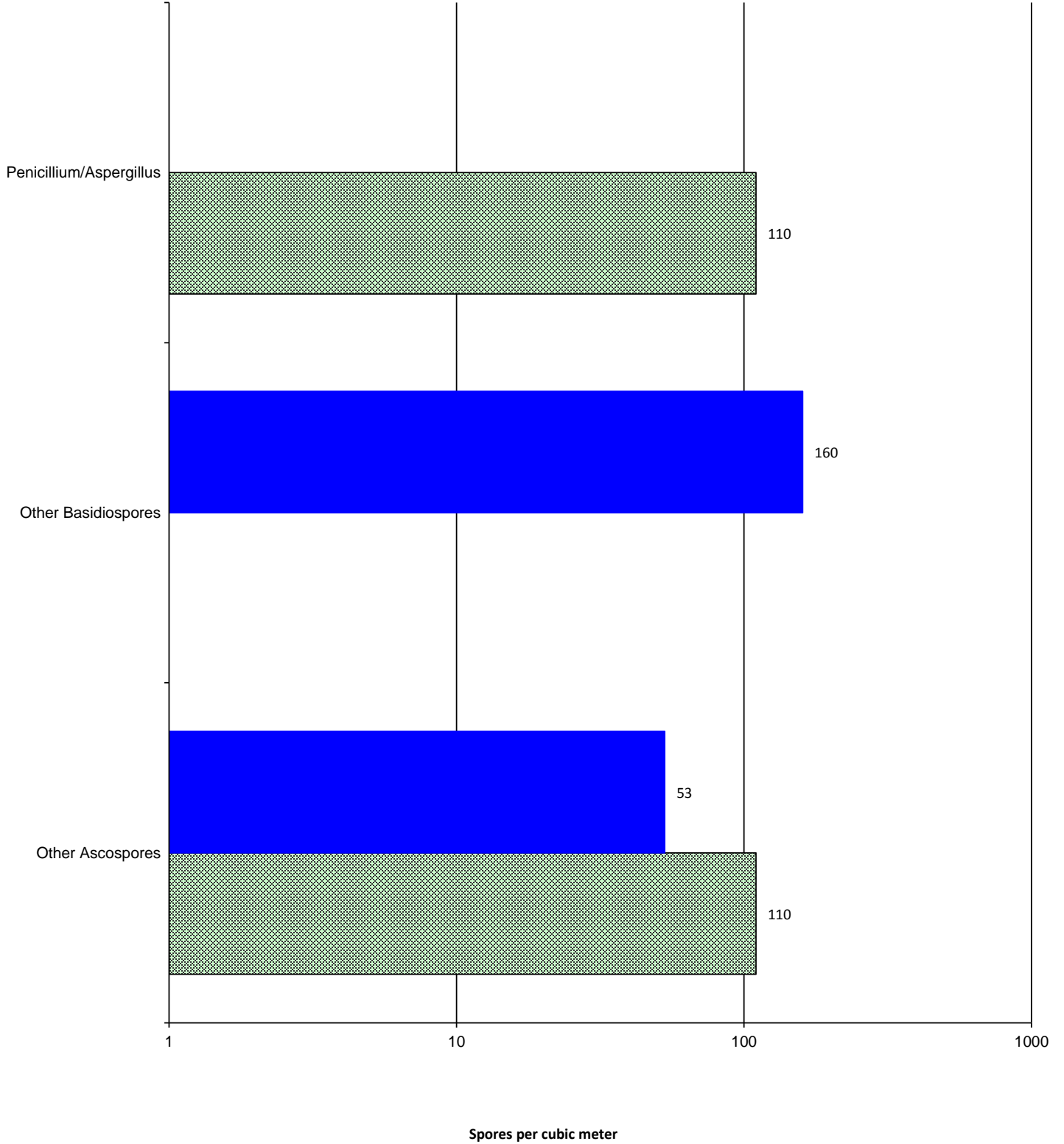
Jrotc Office
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

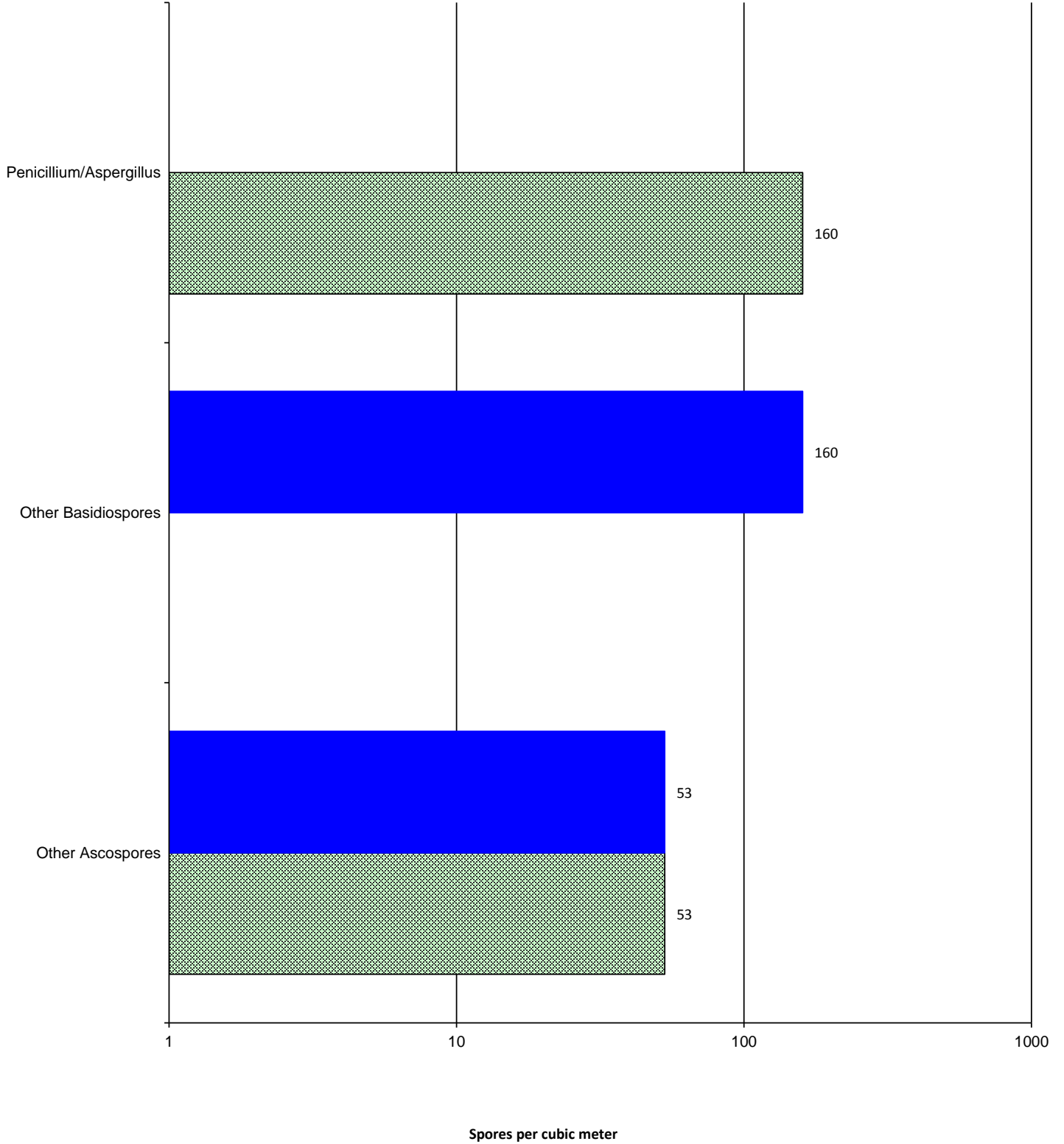
▨ Tv Studio
■ Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

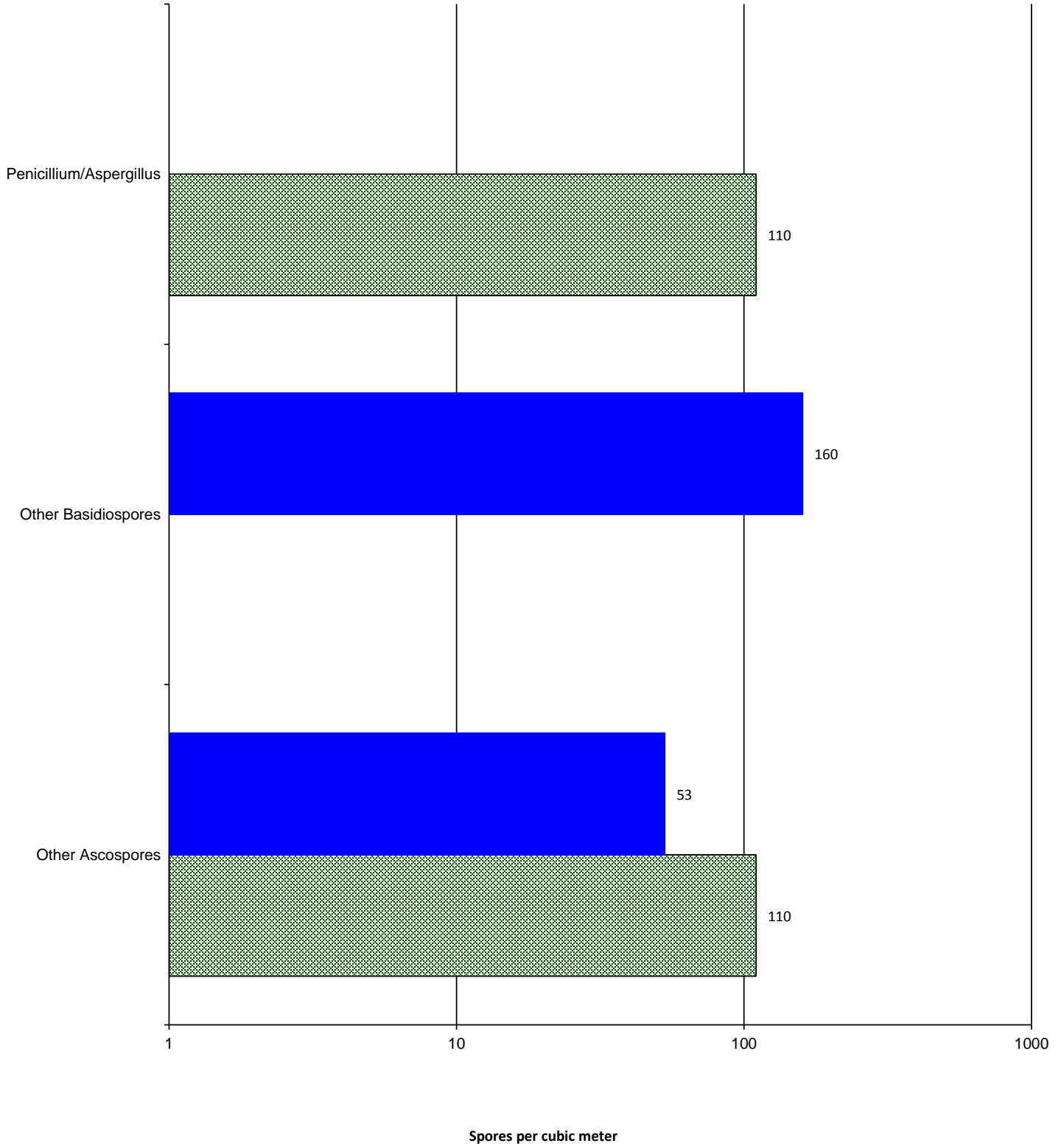
Library
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

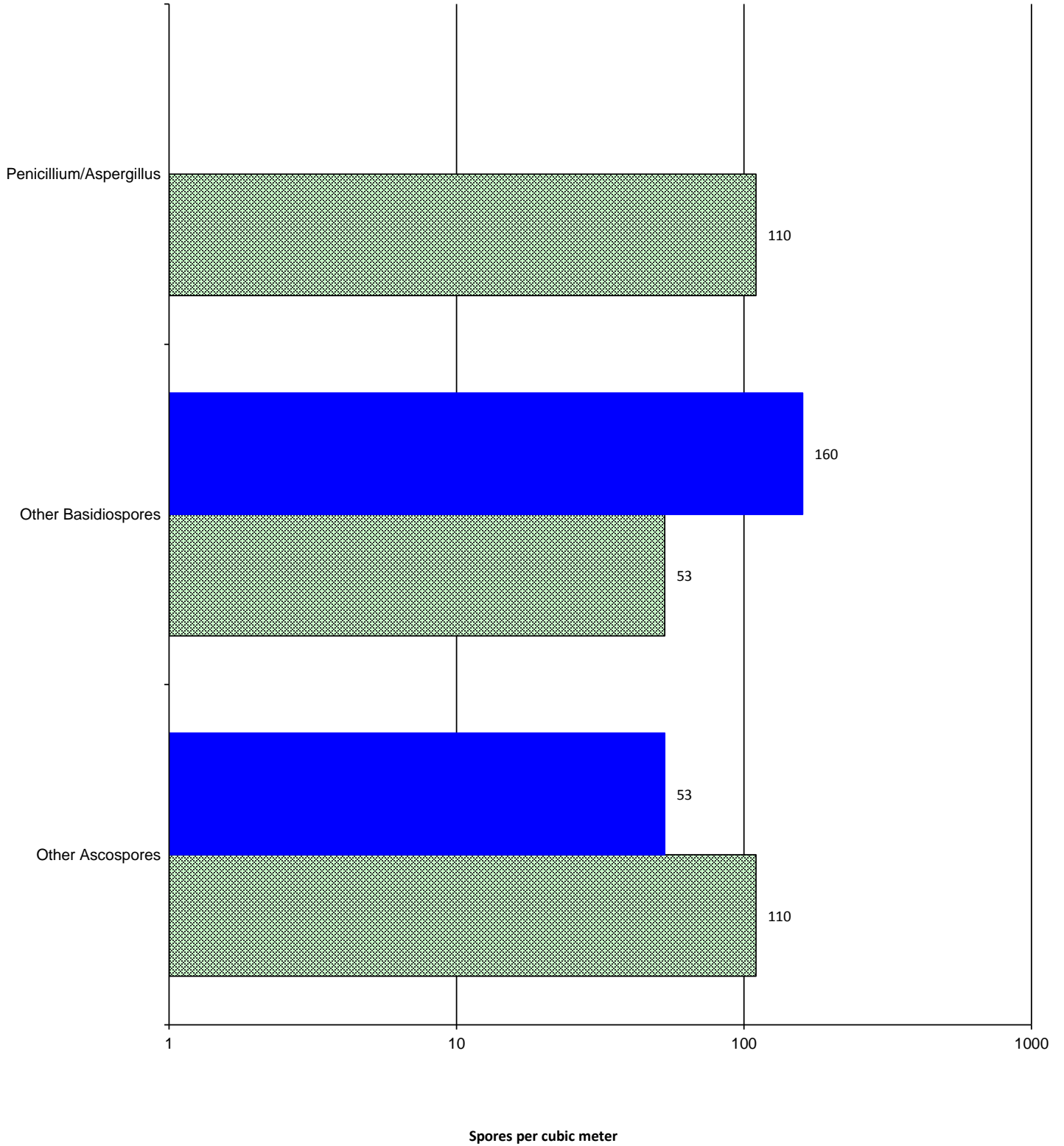
 Dance Studio
 Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

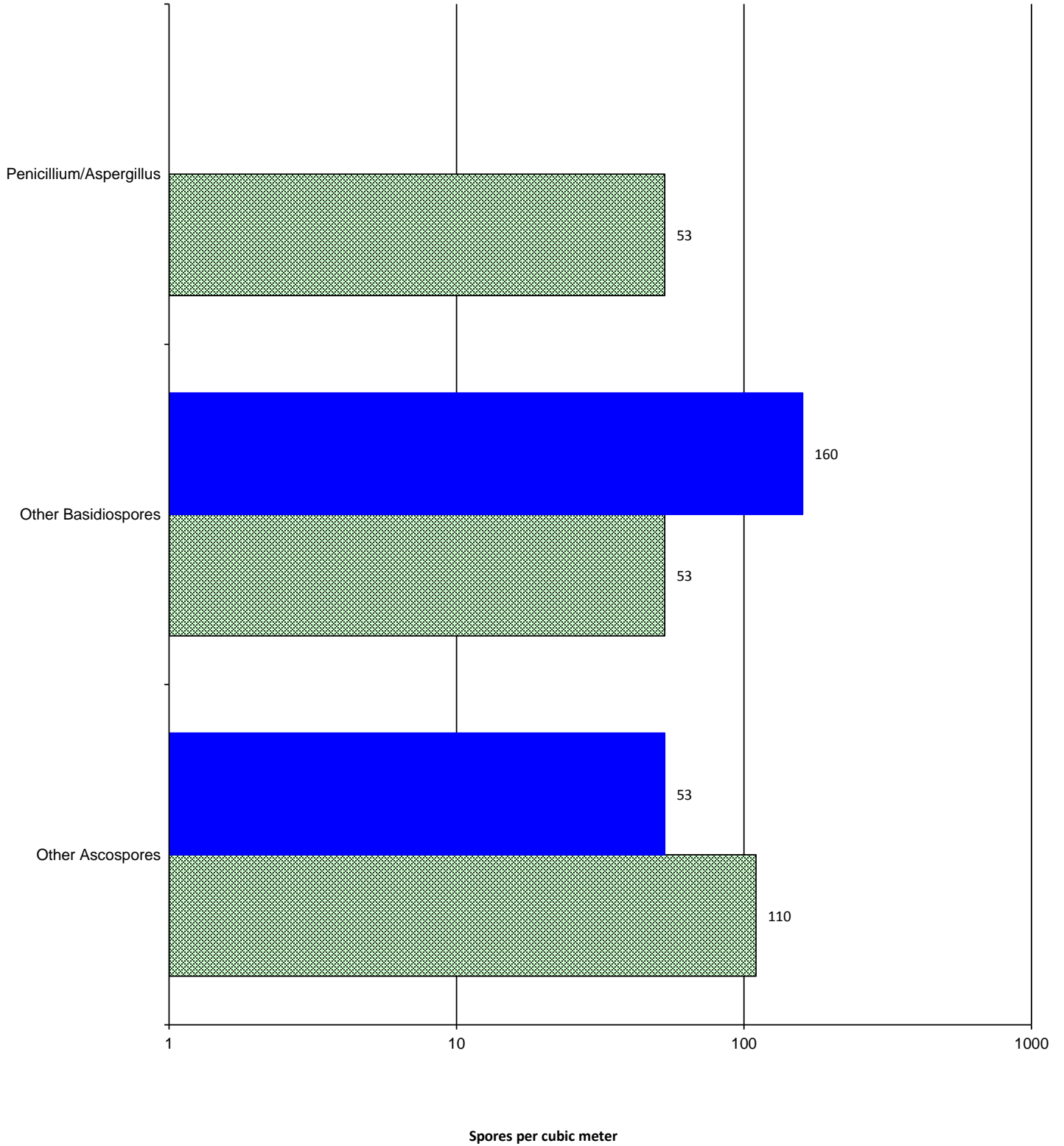
2Nd FI Faculty Rm
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

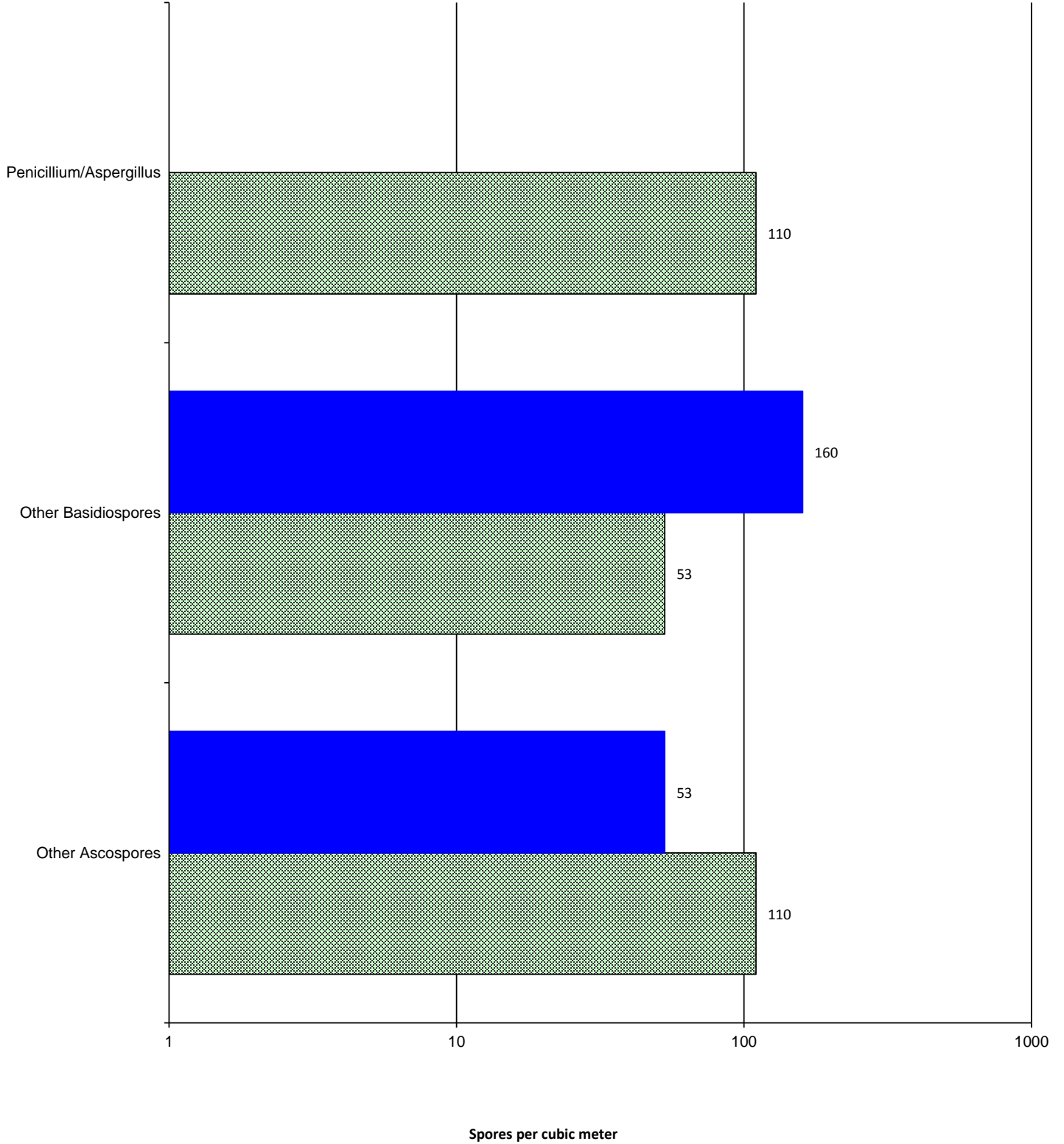
Auditorium Middle
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

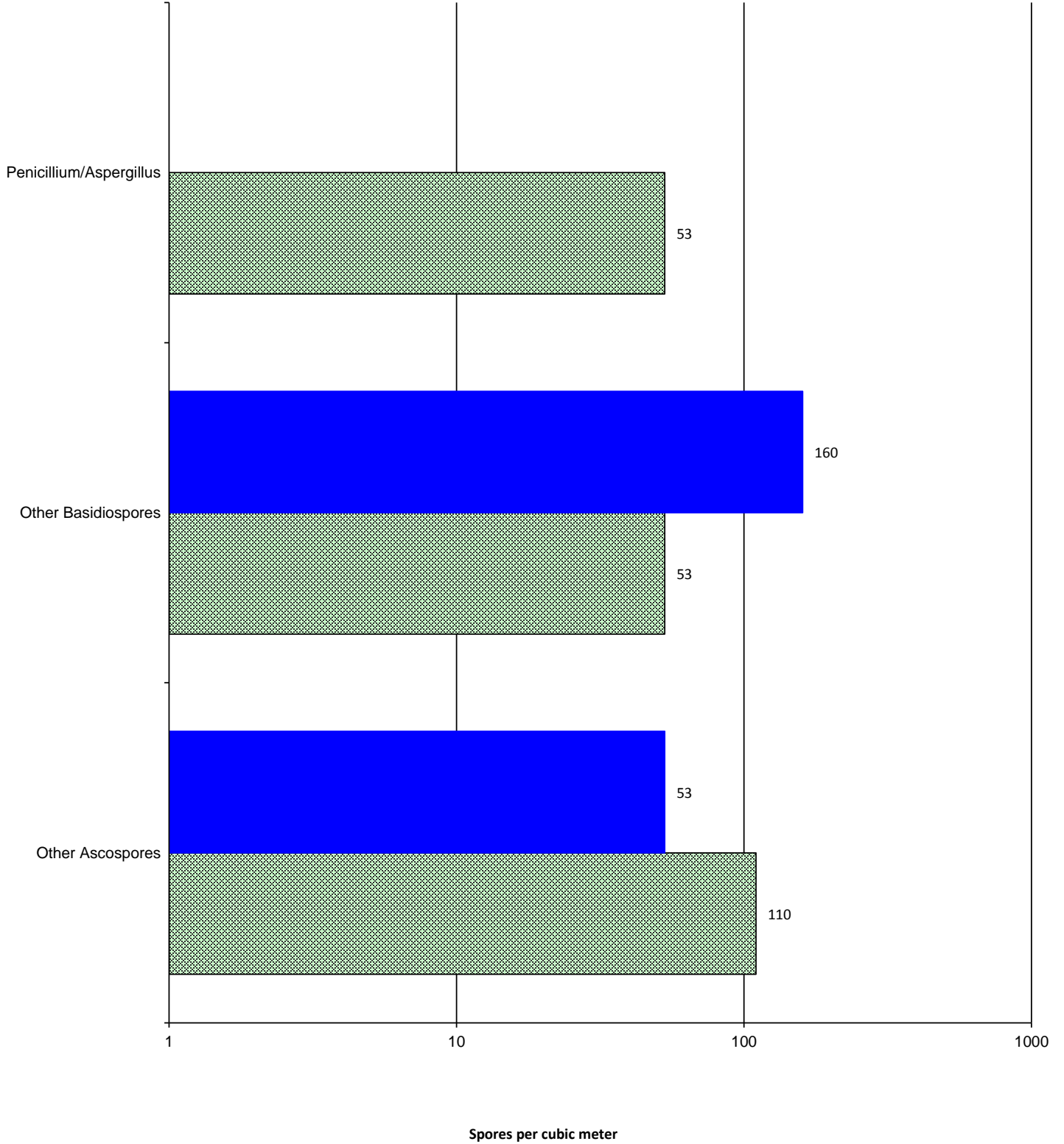
Stage
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

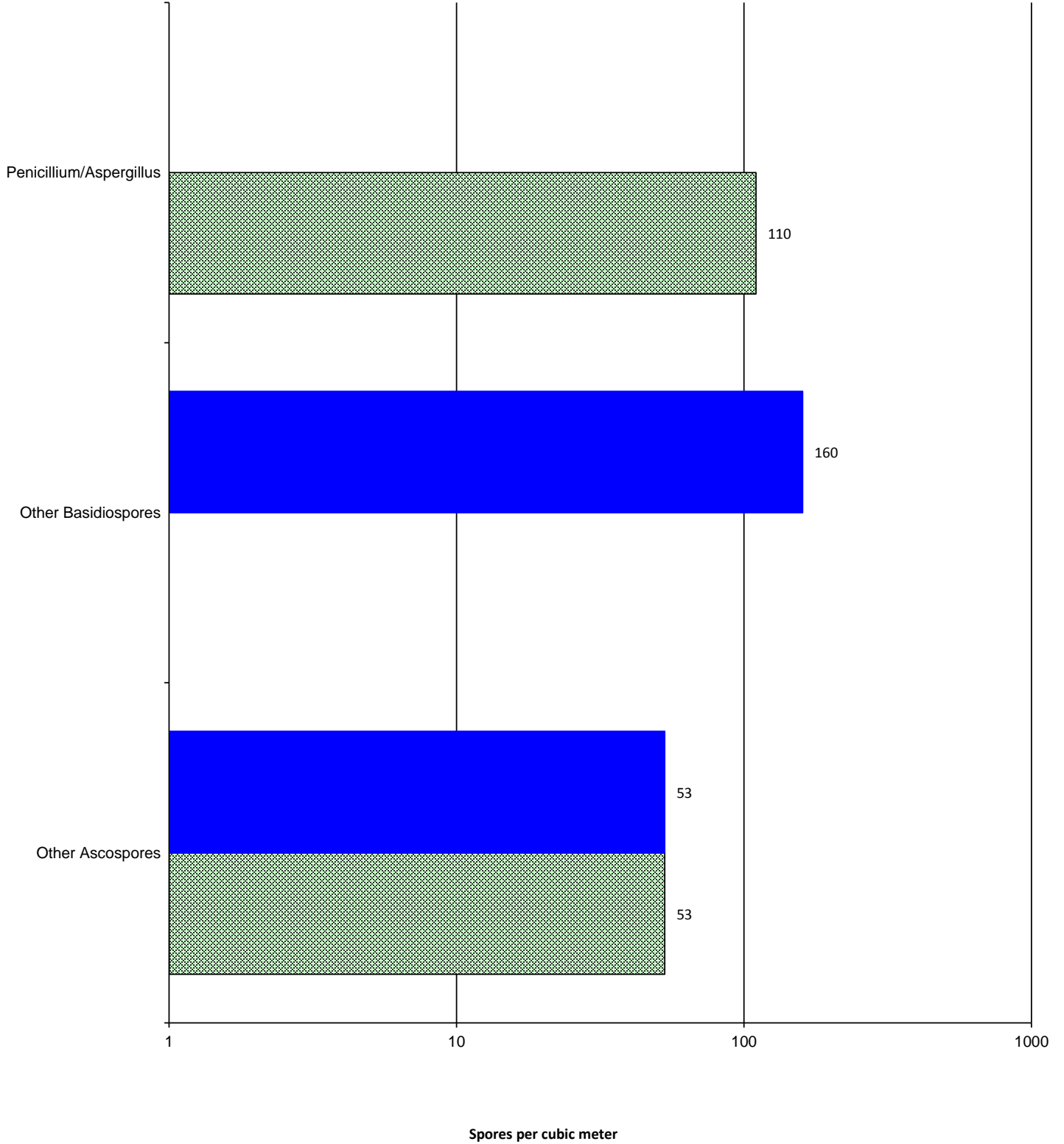
■ Nurse
■ Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

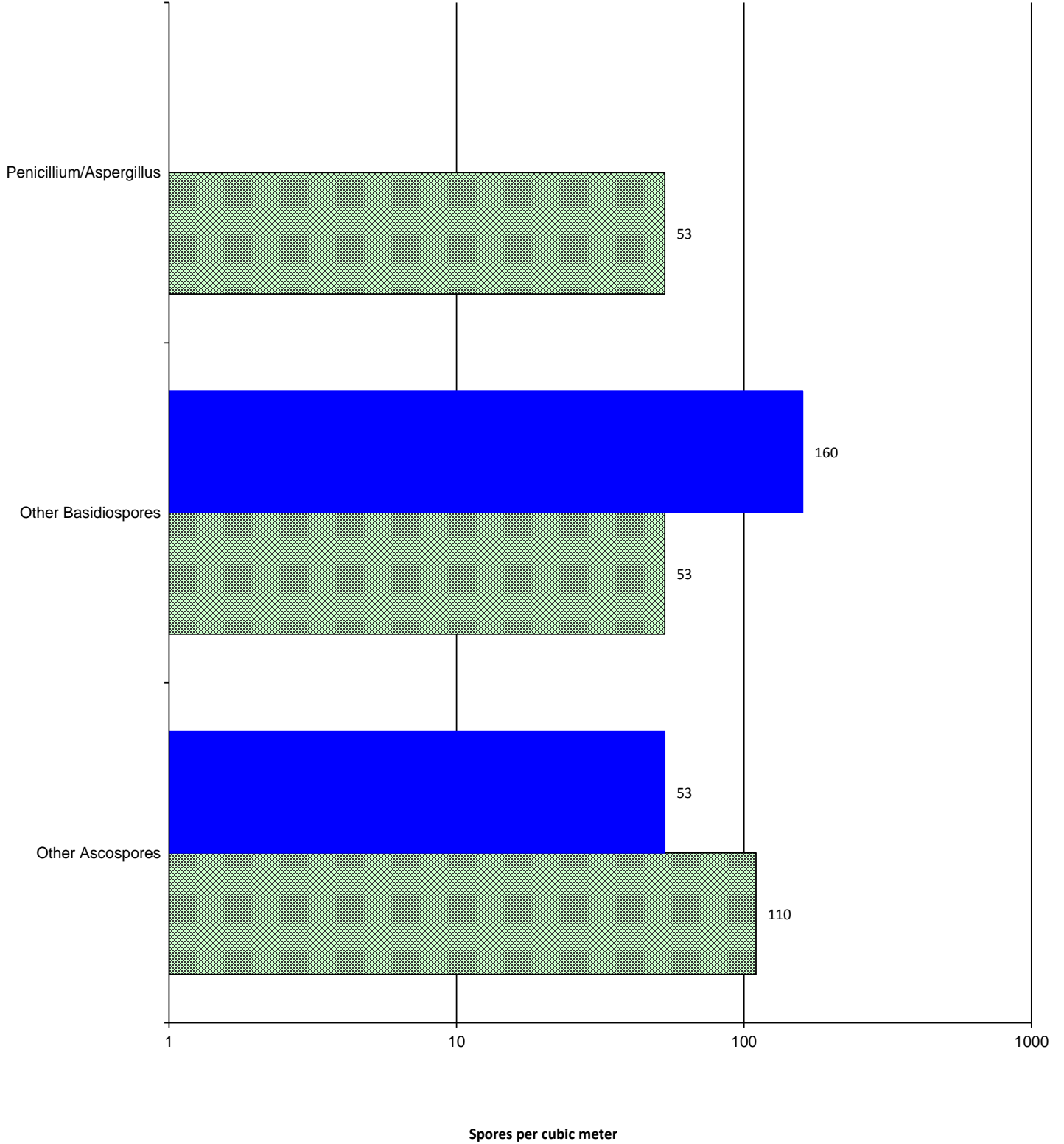
Music
Ambient





Chain of Custody # 1367137

Main Office
Ambient



Identification	Outdoor Habitat	Indoor Habitat	Possible Allergic Potential Not an opinion or interpretation	Comments
Ascospores	Common everywhere. Constitutes a large part of the airspora outside. Can reach very high numbers in the air outside during the spring and summer. Can increase in numbers during and after rainfalls.	Very few of this group grow inside. The notable exception is Chaetomium, Ascotricha and Peziza.	Little known for most of this group of fungi. Dependent on the type (see Chaetomium and Ascotricha).	
Basidiospores	Commonly found everywhere, especially in the late summer and fall. These spores are from Mushrooms.	Mushrooms are not normally found growing indoors, but can grow on wet lumber, especially in crawlspaces. Sometimes mushrooms can be seen growing in flower pots indoors.	Some allergenicity reported. Type I (hay fever, asthma) and Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis).	Among the group of Mushrooms (Basidiomycetes) are dry rot fungi Serpula and Poria that are particularly destructive to buildings.
Penicillium/Aspergillus	Common everywhere. Normally found in the air in small amounts in outdoor air. Grows on nearly everything.	Wetted wallboard, wood, food, leather, etc. Able to grow on many substrates indoors.	Type I (hay fever and asthma) allergies and Type III (hypersensitivity pneumonitis) allergies.	This is a combination group of Penicillium and Aspergillus and is used when only the spores are seen. The spores are so similar that they cannot be reliably separated into their respective genera.
Smuts, myxomycetes	Commonly found everywhere, especially on logs, grasses and weeds.	Smuts don't normally grow indoors, but can occasionally be found on things brought from outside and stored in the house. Myxomycetes can occasionally grow indoors, but need lots of water to be established.	Type I (hay fever and asthma) allergies.	Smuts and myxomycetes are a combined group of organisms because their spores look so similar and cannot be reliably distinguished from each other.